

# SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

CUSTOMER	
CUSTOMER PART NO.	
AMPIRE PART NO.	AM-1024768QBTZQW-40H-A
APPROVED BY	
DATE	

**☑** Preliminary Specification

□ Formal Specification

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APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	ORGANIZED BY
Patrick	Lawlite	Kokai

This Specification is subject to change without notice.

## RECORD OF REVISION

<b>Revision Date</b>	Page	Contents	Editor
2023/07/05	-	New Release	Kokai
2023/10/19		Rename to AM-1024768QBTZQW-40H-A	Kokai
	9	Delete Note (5)~(8)	
	10	Modify the Power sequence diagram	
	15	Correct PIN3 GND Description	
	20,21	Update Outline dimension Drawing	
	22	Add Package	

#### 1. FEATURES

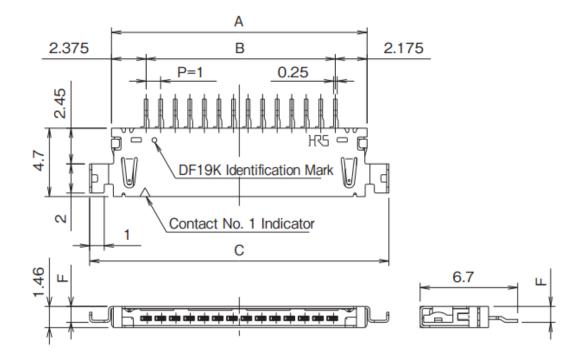
The TFT is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with a back light system. The matrix uses a-Si Thin Film Transistor as a switching device. This TFT LCD has a 15 inch diagonally measured active display area with XGA resolution (1,024 horizontal by 768 vertical pixels array)..

- (1) 15.0 inch configuration
- (2) One channel LVDS interface
- (3) 16.2M color by 8 bit R.G.B signal input
- (4) RoHS Compliance

Date: 2023/10/19

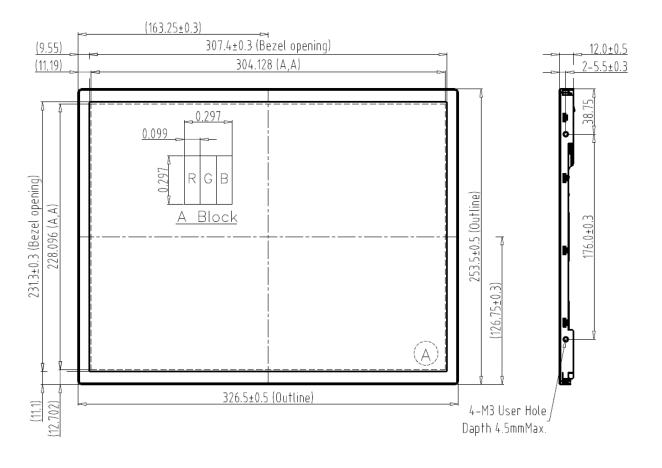
- (5) High Durability Anti-Glare Automotive polarizer.
- (6) LVDS Connector: Hirose: DF19K-20P-1H(52)

Right Angle Pin Header (SMT) (Offset Mounted Type) of DF19 Series



## 2. PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications	Unit	Note
LCD size	15.0" (Diagonal)	inch	
Active area	304.13 (H) ×228.10 (V)	mm	
Number of pixels	1024(H) ×768(V)	pixels	
Pixel pitch	0.297(H) × 0.297(V)	mm	
Pixel arrangement	RGB Vertical stripe		
Display colors	16.2M	colors	
Display mode	Normally Black		



#### 3. ABSOLUTE MAX. RATINGS

ltem	Symbol	Val	ues	UNIT	Note
nem	Gyillboi	Min.	Max.	ONT	Note
Logic Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	3.6	V	
Operating Temperature	Тора	-30	85	°C	(1)(2)(3)(4)
Storage Temperature	Тѕтс	-30	85	°C	

Note (1) All the parameters specified in the table are absolute maximum rating values that may cause faulty operation or unrecoverable damage, if exceeded. It is recommended to follow the typical value.

Note (2) All the contents of electro-optical specifications and display fineness are guaranteed under Normal Conditions. All the display fineness should be inspected under normal conditions. Normal conditions are defined as follow: Temperature:  $25^{\circ}$ C, Humidity:  $55\pm 10\%$ RH.

Note (3) Unpredictable results may occur when it was used in extreme conditions. T<sub>a</sub>= Ambient Temperature, T<sub>gs</sub>= Glass Surface Temperature. All the display fineness should be inspected under normal conditions.

Note (4) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be lower than  $47^{\circ}$ C, and no condensation of water. Besides, protect the module from static electricity

#### 4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### **4.1** Signal Electrical Characteristics

#### 4.2.1 Signal Electrical Characteristics For LVDS Receiver

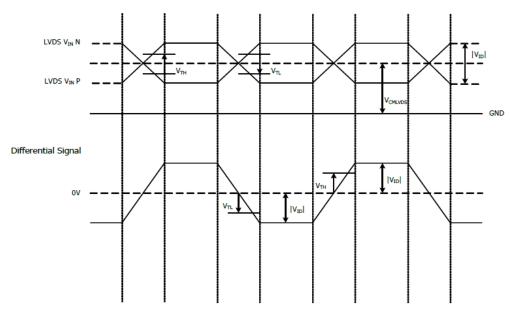
The built-in LVDS receiver is compatible with (ANSI/TIA/TIA-644) standard.

**Table 7 LVDS Receiver Electrical Characteristics** 

ltem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	UNIT	Note
Differential Input High Threshold	Vth	-	ı	(+150)	mV	V <sub>CM</sub> =1.2V
Differential Input Low Threshold	Vtl	(-150)	-	-	mV	V <sub>CM</sub> =1.2V
Magnitude Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	(150)	-	(600)	mV	
Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	-	(1.2)	-	V	
Input Leakage Current	/	(-10)	-	(10)	uA	

Note (1) Input signals shall be low or Hi-resistance state when VCC is off.

Note (2) All electrical characteristics for LVDS signal are defined and shall be measured at the interface connector of LCD.



**Figure 8 Voltage Definitions** 

**Table 8 LVDS AC Electrical Characteristics** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock Period	TLVCP	-	(T)	-	ns
Clock High Time	TLVCH	-	(4T/7)	-	ns
Clock Low Time	TLVCL	-	(3T/7)	-	ns

Note : T=1/Fclk

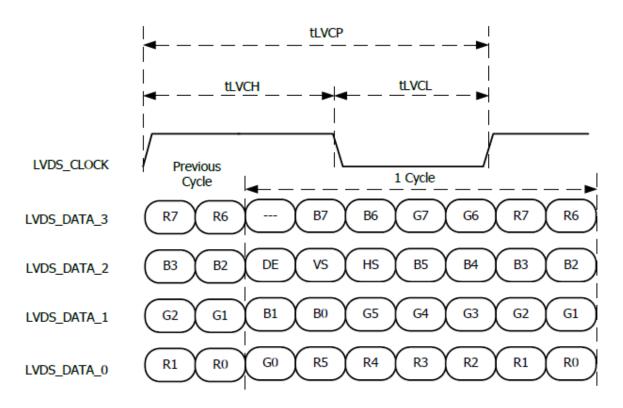


Figure 9 Data Mapping

#### 4.2.2 LVDS Receiver Internal Circuit

Figure 11 shows the internal block diagram of the LVDS receiver. This LCD module equips termination resistors for LVDS link.

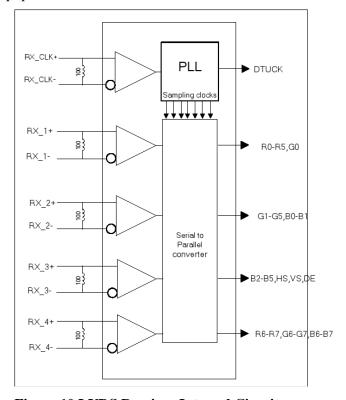


Figure 10 LVDS Receiver Internal Circuit

## **4.3 Interface Timings**

**Table 9 Interface Timings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
LVDS Clock Frequency	Fclk	(50)	(65)	(80)	MHz	
H Total Time	HT	(1224)	(1,344)	(1720)	Clocks	
H Active Time	НА		1,024			
V Total Time	VT	(783)	(806)	(968)	Lines	
V Active Time	VA					
Frame Rate	FV	(55)	(60)	(65)	Hz	

Note (1) Synchronization Method: DE only

Note (2) H Blank area and V Blank area can not be changed at every frame.

#### 4.4 Input Power Specifications

**Table 3 Input Power Specifications** 

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
System Powe	r Supply						0
LCD Drive Vol	tage (Logic)	V <sub>cc</sub>	(3.0)	(3.3)	(3.6)	V	(1), (2)
VCC Current	Black Pattern	Icc	-	-	(0.394)	Α	<b>P</b>
VCC Power Consumption	Black Pattern	P <sub>cc</sub>	-	-	(1.3)	W	(1),(2),(3)
Rush Current		I <sub>Rush</sub>	-	- 4	(1.5)	Α	(1), (4)
Allowable Logi Drive Ripple V		V <sub>VCC-RP</sub>	-	-	(200)	mV	(1)

- Note (1) All of the specifications are guaranteed under normal conditions. Normal conditions are defined as follow: Temperature: 25°C, Humidity: 55± 10%RH.
- Note (2) All of the absolute maximum ratings specified in the table, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or unrecoverable damage. It is recommended to follow the typical value.
- Note (3) The specified  $V_{CC}$  current and power consumption are measured under the  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , Fv = 60 Hz condition and Black Pattern.
- Note (4) The figures below is the measuring condition of  $V_{\rm CC}$ . Rush current can be measured when  $T_{\rm RUSH}$  is 0.5 ms.

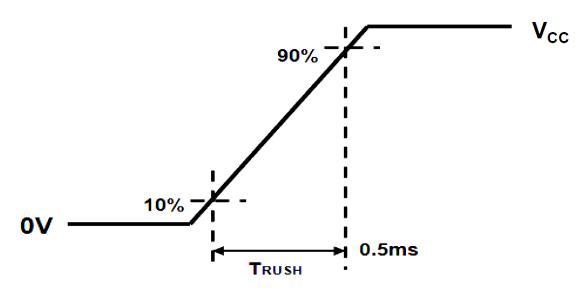
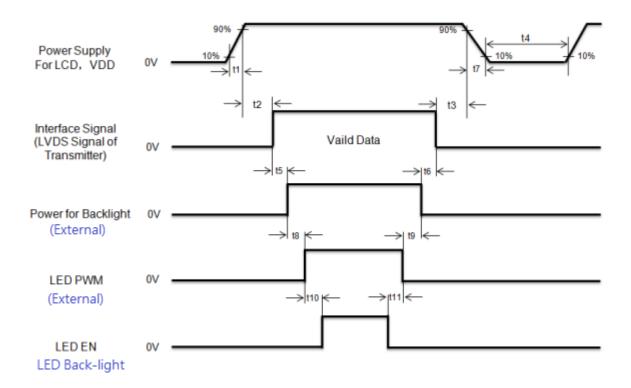


Figure 11  $V_{\text{cc}}$  Rising Time

Note (5) The life time is determined as the sum of the lighting time till the luminance of LCD at the typical LED current reducing to 50% of the minimum value under normal operating condition.

#### **4.5 Power ON/OFF Sequence**

Interface signals are also shown in the chart. Signals from any system shall be Hi-resistance state or low level when Vcc voltage is off.



**Figure 12 Power Sequence** 

**Table 11 Power Sequencing Requirements** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VCC Rise Time	T1	(0.5)	-	(10)	ms
VCC Good to Signal Valid	T2	(0)	-	(50)	ms
Signal Disable to Power Down	Т3	(0)	-	(1,000)	ms
Power Off	T4	(1,000)	-	-	ms
Signal Valid to VLED On	T5	(300)	-	-	ms
VLED Off to Signal Disable	Т6	(200)	-	-	ms
VCC Fall Time	T7	(0.5)	-	(10)	ms
VLED On to LED PWM On	T8	(10)	-	-	ms
LED PWM Off to VLED Off	Т9	(10)	-	-	ms
LED PWM On LED EN On	T10	(10)	-	-	ms
LED EN Off to LED PWM Off	T11	(10)	-	-	ms

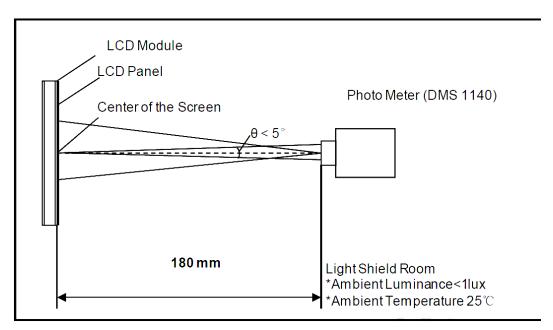
### 5. OPTICAL SPECIFICATION

## 5.1 Optical specification

ltom	Symbol	Condition		Values		Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	$\theta$ L		80	85				
Viowing angle	$\theta R$	(CD > 40)	80	85		dograa	(4)(2)(2)(4)(0)	
Viewing angle	$\theta  U$	(CR≧10)	80	85		degree	(1)(2)(3)(4)(8)	
	$\thetaD$		80	85				
Response time	TF+ TR				25	msec	(1)(2)(5)(9)	
Response time	IF+ IK				25	msec	(1)(2)(5)(8)	
Contrast ratio	CR		450	800			(1)(2)(4)(8)	
	WX		0.263	0.313	0.363			
	WY		0.279	0.329	0.379			
	RX		0.586	0.636	0.686			
Calan ah namatiaitu	RY	Normal	0.296	0.346	0.396		(4)(2)(2)(0)	
Color chromaticity	GX	<i>θ</i> =Φ=0°	0.272	0.322	0.372		(1)(2)(3)(8)	
	GY		0.572	0.622	0.672			
	BX		0.103	0.153	0.203			
	BY		0.013	0.063	0.113			
Luminance	L		1200	1500		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note4	
Luminance uniformity	YU		75	80		%	Note5	

#### Note (1) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature ( $25^{\circ}$ C) for 30 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature changing during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 30 minutes in a windless room.

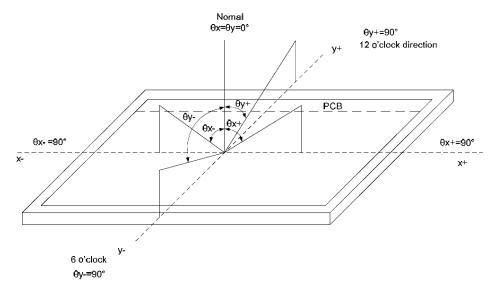


**Figure 4 Measurement Setup** 

Note (2) The LED input parameter setting as:

IF: 720mA @VF 27.0V

Note (3) Definition of Viewing Angle



**Figure 5 Definition of Viewing Angle** 

Note (4) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR)

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression:

Contrast Ratio (CR) = The luminance of White pattern/ The luminance of Black pattern Note (5) Definition of Response Time ( $T_R$ ,  $T_F$ )

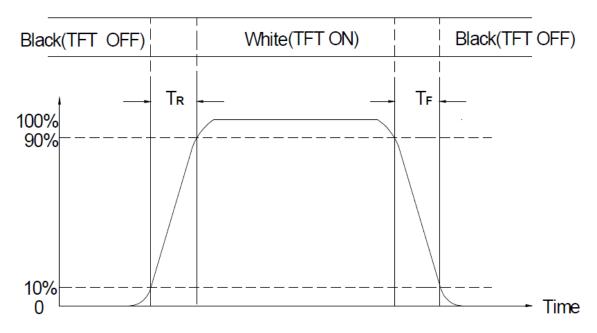


Figure 6 Definition of Response Time

Note (6) Definition of Luminance of White

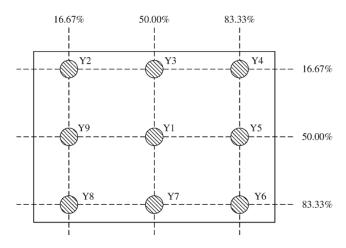
Measure the luminance of White pattern (Ref.: Active Area)

Display Luminance=L1 (center point)

H—Active Area Width, V—Active Area Height, L—Luminance

Note (7) Definition of Luminance Uniformity (Ref.: Active Area) Measure the luminance of White pattern at 9 points.

Luminance Uniformity= Min.(L1, L2, ... LX) / Max.(L1, L2, ... LX) H—Active Area Width, V—Active Area Height, L—Luminance

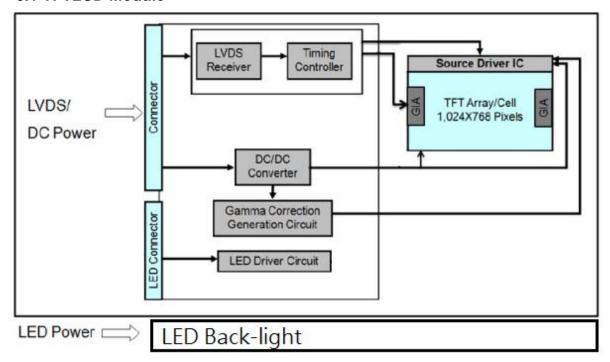


**Figure 7 Measurement Locations of 9 Points** 

Note (8) All optical data are based on IVO given system & nominal parameter & testing machine in this document.

#### 6. BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### **6.1 TFTLCD Module**



#### 6.2 Pixel format

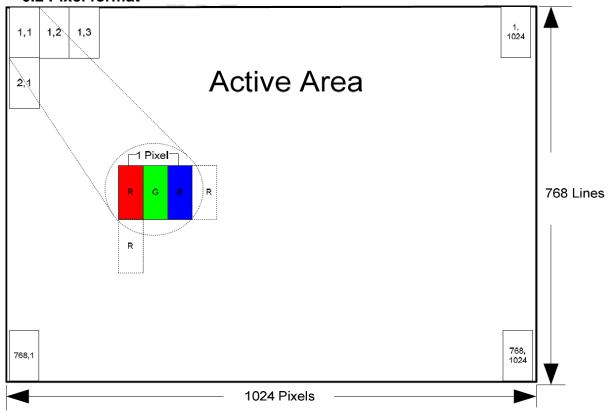


Figure 2 Pixel Mapping

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## 7.INTERFACE

Date: 2023/10/19

## 7.1 Electrical Interface Connection

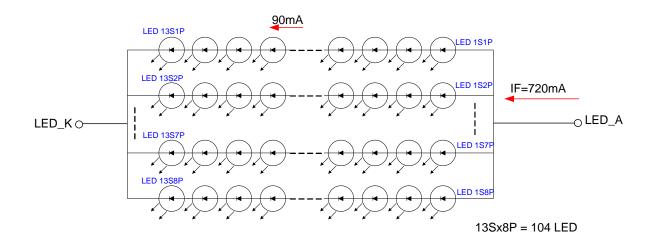
CN1(Input signal): DF19K-20P-1H(52)

Right Angle Pin Header (SMT) (Offset Mounted Type) of DF19 Series

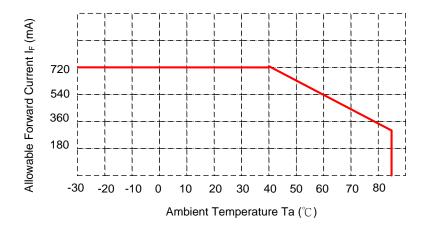
Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VDD	3.3V Power	
2	VDD	3.3V Power	
3	GND	Ground	
4	GND(BIST)	Lo: Connect to Ground for normal operating. Hi: LCD Panel Self Test Enable(3.3V Typ),	
5	INO-	LVDS Data Signal - IN0-	
6	IN0+	LVDS Data Signal+ IN0+	
7	GND	Ground	
8	IN1-	LVDS Data Signal –IN1-	
9	IN1+	LVDS Data Signal+ IN1+	
10	GND	Ground	
11	IN2-	LVDS Data Signal –IN2-	
12	IN2+	LVDS Data Signal+ IN2+	
13	GND	Ground	
14	CLK-	LVDS Clock Signal - CLK-	
15	CLK+	LVDS Clock Signal+ CLK+	
16	GND	Ground	
17	IN3-	LVDS Data Signal - IN3-	
18	IN3+	LVDS Data Signal+ IN3+	
19	GND	Ground	
20	NC	No connection	

## 8. LED Driving Conditions

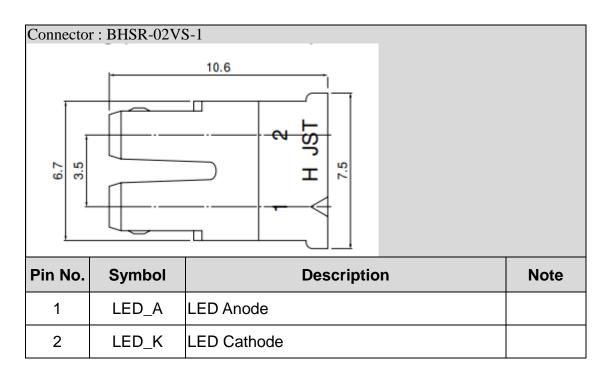
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	CONDITION
LED Backlight Voltage	$V_{F}$		39		V	For reference
LED Backlight Current	I <sub>F</sub>	-	720		mA	Ta=25°C
LED Power Consumption			28.08		W	
LED Life Time			70K	-	Hr	Note (1)



Note(1) The constant current source is needed for white LED back-light driving. When LCM is operated at 60  $^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature, the IAK of the LED back-light should be adjusted to 540 mA max



## **CN3(LED interface):**



## 9. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
<b>High Temperature Operation</b>	85±3°C , Dry t=240 hrs	
Low Temperature Operation	-30±3°C , Dry t=240 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	85±3°C , Dry t=240 hrs	1,2
Low Temperature Storage	-30±3°C , Dry t=240 hrs	1,2
Storage at High Temperature and Humidity	50°C, 85% RH , 240 hrs	1,2
Thermal Shock Test	-20°C (30min) ~ 70°C (30min) 100 cycles	1,2
Vibration Test (Packing)	Sweep frequency: 10 ~ 55 ~ 10 Hz/1min Amplitude: 0.75mm Test direction: X.Y.Z/3 axis Duration: 30min/each axis	2

- Note(1) Condensation of water is not permitted on the module.
- Note(2) The module should be inspired after 1 hour storage in normal conditions ( $15\sim35^{\circ}$ C,  $45\sim65\%$ RH).
- Note(3) The module shouldn't be tested over one condition, and all the tests are independent.
- Note(4) All reliability tests should be done without the protective film.

#### Definitions of life end point:

- Current drain should be smaller than the specific value.
- Function of the module should be maintained.
- Appearance and display quality should not have degraded noticeably.
- Contrast ratio should be greater than 50% of initial value.

#### 10. HANDLING & CAUTIONS

#### 10.1 Cautions when taking out the module

Pick the pouch only, when taking out module from a shipping package.

#### 10.2 Cautions for handling the module

- 10.2.1 As the electrostatic discharges may break the LCD module, handle the LCD module with care. Peel a protection sheet off from the LCD panel surface as slowly as possible.
- 10.2.2 As the LCD panel and backlight element are made from fragile glass material, impulse and pressure to the LCD module should be avoided.
- 10.2.3 As the surface of the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched, use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning.
- 10.2.4 Do not pull the interface connector in or out while the LCD module is operating.
- 10.2.5 Put the module display side down on a flat horizontal plane.
- 10.2.6 Handle connectors and cables with care.

#### 10.3 Cautions for the operation

- 10.3.1 When the module is operating, do not lose MCLK, DE signals. If any one of these signals were lost, the LCD panel would be damaged.
- 10.3.2 Obey the supply voltage sequence. If wrong sequence were applied, the module would be damaged.

#### 10.4 Cautions for the atmosphere

- 10.4.1 Dewdrop atmosphere should be avoided.
- 10.4.2 Do not store and/or operate the LCD module in a high temperature and/or humidity atmosphere. Storage in an electro-conductive polymer-packing pouch and under relatively low temperature atmosphere is recommended.

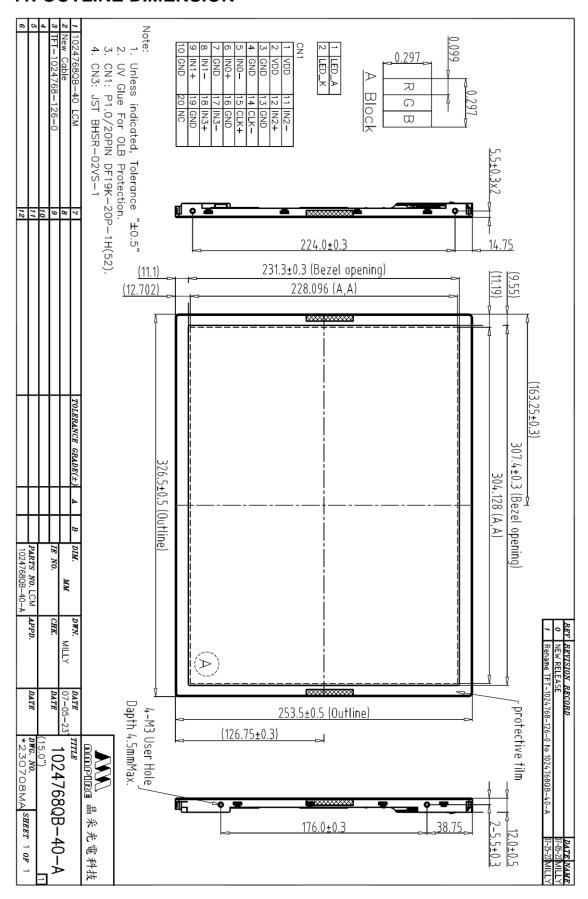
#### 10.5 Cautions for the module characteristics

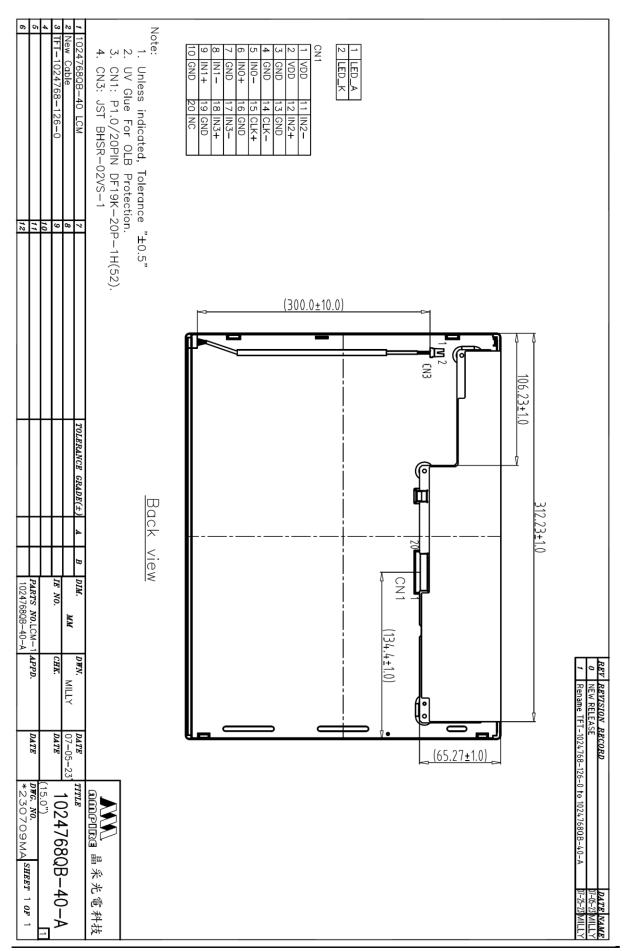
- 10.5.1 Do not apply fixed pattern data signal to the LCD module at product
- 10.5.2 Applying fixed pattern for a long time may cause image sticking.

#### 10.6 Other cautions

- 10.6.1 Do not disassemble and/or re-assemble LCD module.
- 10.6.2 Do not re-adjust variable resistor or switch etc.
- 10.6.3 When returning the module for repair or etc, please pack the module not to be broken. We recommend using the original shipping packages.
- 10.6.4 AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.
- 10.6.5 Do not keep the LCD at the same display pattern continually. The residual image will happen and it will damage the LCD. Please use screen saver.

## 11. OUTLINE DIMENSION





12 Package TBD