



FOR MESSRS : \_\_\_\_\_

DATE : Feb. 01<sup>st</sup> ,2023

## CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATIONS

### TX17D02VM2CPA

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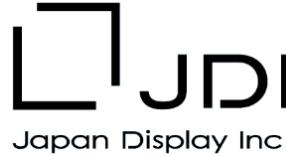
ACCEPTED BY : \_\_\_\_\_

PROPOSED BY : Oblick Tsai

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## 2. RECO RD OF REVISION

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY											
May 01,'12	All pages	<p>Company name changed: KAOHSIUNG HITACHI ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD. ↓ JDI Taiwan Inc. Kaohsiung Branch</p> <p>7B64PS-2704- TX17D02VM2CPA-2 Page 4-1/1</p> <p>7B64PS-2711- TX17D02VM2CPA-2 Page 11-2/2</p>											
	7B64PS-2704- TX17D02VM2CPA-2 Page 4-1/1	4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Revised : Note2.											
	7B64PS-2711- TX17D02VM2CPA-2 Page 11-2/2	11.5 SAFETY AND ATTENTIONS Added : Item 4)											
Jun. 08,'12	7B64PS-2703- TX17D02VM2CPA-3 Page 3-1/1	<p>3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES Revised : Power Consumption : 0.48 W for LCD → 0.64 W for LCD</p>											
	7B64PS-2705- TX17D02VM2CPA-3 Page 5-1/2	<p>5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS Revised :</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th> <th>Typ.</th> <th>Max.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power Supply Current</td> <td>145</td> <td>174</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>↓</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th> <th>Typ.</th> <th>Max.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power Supply Current</td> <td>193</td> <td>231</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Item	Typ.	Max.	Power Supply Current	145	174	Item	Typ.	Max.	Power Supply Current	193
Item	Typ.	Max.											
Power Supply Current	145	174											
Item	Typ.	Max.											
Power Supply Current	193	231											
<p>14. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK Added :</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>REV.No</th> <th>ITEM</th> <th>REMARKS</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>DC/DC converter changed</td> <td>PCN 0850</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Revised :</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>TX17D02VM2CPA 1051T (5D) KOE MADE IN TAIWAN</p> </div> <span style="margin: 0 10px;">→</span> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>TX17D02VM2CPA 1051T (5E) KOE MADE IN TAIWAN</p> </div> </div>	REV.No	ITEM	REMARKS	-	-	-	A	DC/DC converter changed	PCN 0850				
REV.No	ITEM	REMARKS											
-	-	-											
A	DC/DC converter changed	PCN 0850											
Jan. 07,'13	7B64PS-2711- TX17D01VM2CPA-4 Page 11-1/2~2/2	<p>11.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Changed: X-axis: 270~830Ω → 320~980Ω Note1: Test force 120 gf → 150 gf</p> <p>11.4 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS Changed: Transmittance: 80%→77%</p>											
JDI Taiwan Inc. Kaohsiung Branch		<p>SHEET NO.</p> <p>7B64PS 2702-TX17D02VM2CPA-8</p> <p>PAGE 2-1/2</p>											

DATE	SHEET No.	SUMMARY																
Dec.8,'16	7B64PS-2711- TX17D01VM2CPA-5 Page 11-1/2~2/2	<p>11.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Revised :</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th><th colspan="2">Specification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Circuit resistance</td><td>X-axis</td><td>320~980Ω</td></tr> <tr> <td>Y-axis</td><td>250~690Ω</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">↓</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Item</th><th colspan="2">Specification</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2">Circuit resistance</td><td>X-axis</td><td>300~1100Ω</td></tr> <tr> <td>Y-axis</td><td>100~800Ω</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>11.3 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS Revised : Surface Hardness JIS K 5400 → JIS K5600-5-4</p>	Item	Specification		Circuit resistance	X-axis	320~980Ω	Y-axis	250~690Ω	Item	Specification		Circuit resistance	X-axis	300~1100Ω	Y-axis	100~800Ω
Item	Specification																	
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Aug.29,'17	7B64PS-2714- TX17D01VM2CPA-6 Page 14-1/1	<p>14. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK Added :</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>REV.No</th><th>ITEM</th><th>REMARKS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>B</td><td>LCD source changed</td><td>PCN 0976</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Revised :</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>TX17D02VM2CPA 1051T (5E) KOE MADE IN TAIWAN</p> </div> <div style="margin: 0 10px;">→</div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>TX17D02VM2CPA 7094T (5G) KOE MADE IN TAIWAN</p> </div> </div>	REV.No	ITEM	REMARKS	B	LCD source changed	PCN 0976										
REV.No	ITEM	REMARKS																
B	LCD source changed	PCN 0976																
Jun.10,'19	7B64PS-2714- TX17D01VM2CPA-7 Page 14-1/1	<p>14. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK Added :</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>REV.No</th><th>ITEM</th><th>REMARKS</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C</td><td>Color filter changed</td><td>PCN 0998</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	REV.No	ITEM	REMARKS	C	Color filter changed	PCN 0998										
REV.No	ITEM	REMARKS																
C	Color filter changed	PCN 0998																
Feb.01,'23	7B64PS-2701- TX17D01VM2CPA-8 Page 1-1/1	Company logo changed : <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.</p> </div>																
	7B64PS-2714- TX17D01VM2CPA-8 Page 14-1/1	<div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Japan Display Inc.</p> </div>																
	All page	Company name changed: From "KAOHSIUNG OPTO-ELECTRONICS INC." to "JDI Taiwan Inc. Kaohsiung Branch"																
JDI Taiwan Inc. Kaohsiung Branch		SHEET NO. 7B64PS 2702-TX17D02VM2CPA-8 PAGE 2-2/2																

### 3. GENERAL DATA

#### 3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 6.5" VGA of 4:3 format amorphous silicon TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R (red), G (green), B (blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

Part Name	TX17D02VM2CPA
Module Dimensions	153.0(W) mm x 118.0(H) mm x 10.2(D) mm typ.
LCD Active Area	132.48(W) mm x 99.36(H) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.207(W) mm x 0.207(H) mm
Resolution	640 x 3(RGB)(W) x 480(H) dots
Color Pixel Arrangement	R, G, B Vertical stripe
LCD Type	Transmissive Color TFT; Normally White
Display Type	Active Matrix
Number of Colors	262k Colors
Backlight	LED (Lifetime: 70 Khr)
Weight	240g typ.
Interface	LVDS; 20 pins
Power Supply Voltage	3.3V for LCD; 12V for Backlight
Power Consumption	0.64W for LCD; 4.08W for backlight
Viewing Direction	12 O'clock (without image inversion and least brightness change) 6 O'clock (contrast peak located at)
Touch Panel	Resistive type; Film on Glass; 4-wire type; Antiglare surface

## 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.3	5.0	V	-
Input Voltage of Logic	$V_I$	-0.2	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V	Note 1
Operating Temperature	$T_{OP}$	-20	70	°C	Note 2
Storage Temperature	$T_{ST}$	-30	80	°C	Note 2
Backlight Input Voltage	$V_{LED}$	-	15	V	-

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as CLK and pixel data pairs.

Note 2: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:

- Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25°C.
- Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

## 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

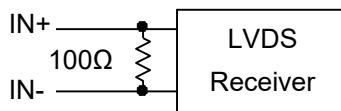
$T_a = 25^\circ C$ , VSS = 0V

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	$V_I$	VIH	-	-	+100	mV	Note 1
		VIL	-100	-	-		
Power Supply Current	$I_{DD}$	$V_{DD}-V_{SS} = 3.3V$	-	193	231	mA	Note 2,3
Vsync Frequency	$f_v$	-	-	60	66	Hz	Note 4
Hsync Frequency	$f_H$	-	29.72	31.5	34.2	KHz	
DCLK Frequency	$f_{CLK}$	-	22.29	25.2	34.2	MHz	

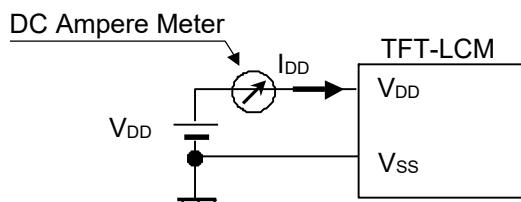
Note 1:  $V_{CM}=+1.2V$

$V_{CM}$  is common mode voltage of LVDS transmitter/receiver.

The input terminal of LVDS transmitter is terminated with  $100\Omega$ .



Note 2: An all black check pattern is used when measuring  $I_{DD}$ ,  $f_v$  is set to 60Hz.



Note 3: 1.0A fuse is applied in the module for  $I_{DD}$ . For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 2.5A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

Note 4: For LVDS transmitter input.

## 5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25^\circ C$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
LED Input Voltage	$V_{LED}$	-	11.7	12	12.3	V	Note1
LED Forward Current (Dim Control)	$I_{LED}$	0V; 0% duty	320	340	360	mA	Note 2
3.3VDC; 100% duty		24	30	36			
LED lifetime	-	340 mA	-	70K	-	hrs	Note 3

Note 1: As Fig. 5.1 shown, LED current is constant, 340 mA, controlled by the LED driver when applying 12V  $V_{LED}$ .

Note 2: Dimming function can be obtained by applying DC voltage or PWM signal from the display interface CN1. The recommended PWM signal is 1K ~ 10K Hz with 3.3V amplitude.

Note 3: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 340 mA at  $25^\circ C$ .

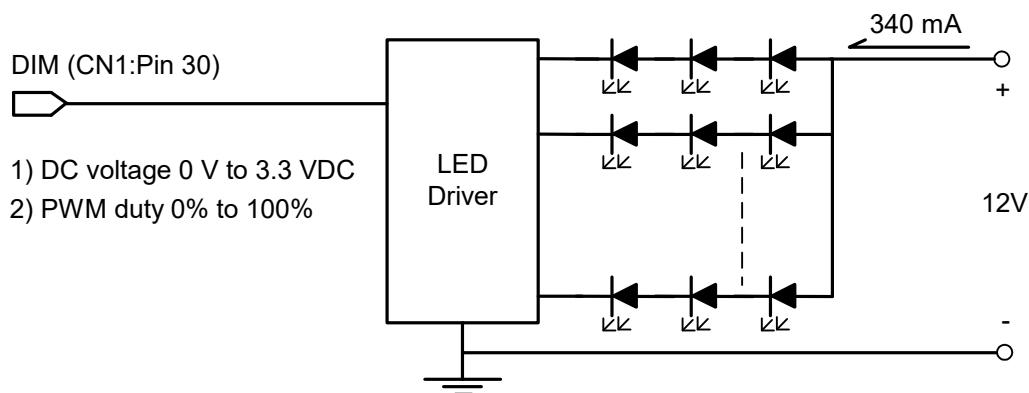


Fig 5.1

## 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25 °C.
- In the dark room around 500~1000 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.

$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60 \text{ Hz}$ ,  $\text{VDD} = 3.3\text{V}$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks	
Brightness of White	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$ , $\text{ILED} = 340 \text{ mA}$	380	480	-	$\text{cd/m}^2$	Note 1	
Brightness Uniformity	-		70	-	-	%	Note 2	
Contrast Ratio	CR		300	600	-	-	Note 3	
Response Time (Rising + Falling)	$T_r + T_f$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	30	-	ms	Note 4	
NTSC Ratio	-	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	-	50	-	%	-	
Viewing Angle	$\theta_x$	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \text{CR} \geq 10$	70	80	-	Degree	Note 5	
	$\theta_x'$	$\phi = 180^{\circ}, \text{CR} \geq 10$	70	80	-			
	$\theta_y$	$\phi = 90^{\circ}, \text{CR} \geq 10$	50	60	-			
	$\theta_y'$	$\phi = 270^{\circ}, \text{CR} \geq 10$	70	80	-			
Color Chromati city	Red	$\phi = 0^{\circ}, \theta = 0^{\circ}$	0.52	0.57	0.62	-	Note 6	
			0.30	0.35	0.40			
	Green		0.29	0.34	0.39			
			0.50	0.55	0.60			
	Blue		0.09	0.14	0.19			
			0.06	0.11	0.16			
	White		0.25	0.30	0.35			
			0.26	0.31	0.36			

Note 1: The brightness is measured from center point of the panel, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

$$\text{Brightness uniformity} = \frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}} \times 100\%$$

, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.

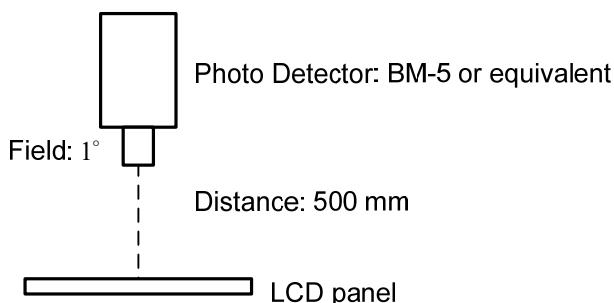


Fig. 6.1

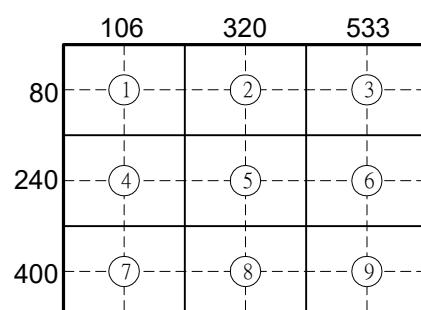


Fig. 6.2

Note 3: The Contrast ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

$$CR = \frac{\text{Brightness of White}}{\text{Brightness of Black}}$$

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 90% brightness to 10% brightness when the data is from white to black. Oppositely, falling time is the period from 10% brightness rising to 90% brightness.

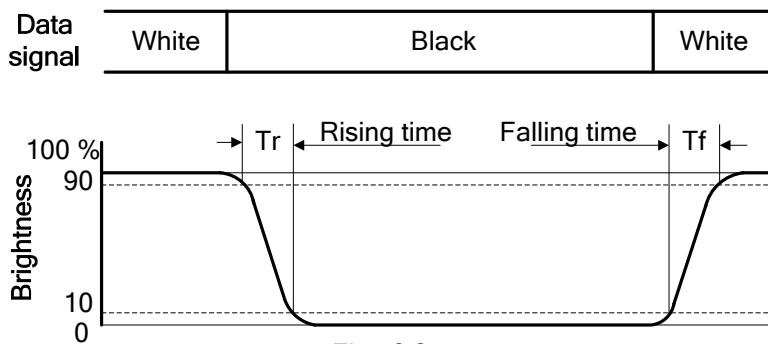


Fig . 6.3

Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle  $\phi$  is used to represent viewing directions, for instance,  $\phi = 270^\circ$  means 6 o'clock, and  $\phi = 0^\circ$  means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle  $\theta$  is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The viewing direction of this display is 12 o'clock, which means that a photograph with gray scale would not be reversed in color and the brightness change would be less from this direction. However, the best contrast peak would be located at 6 o'clock.

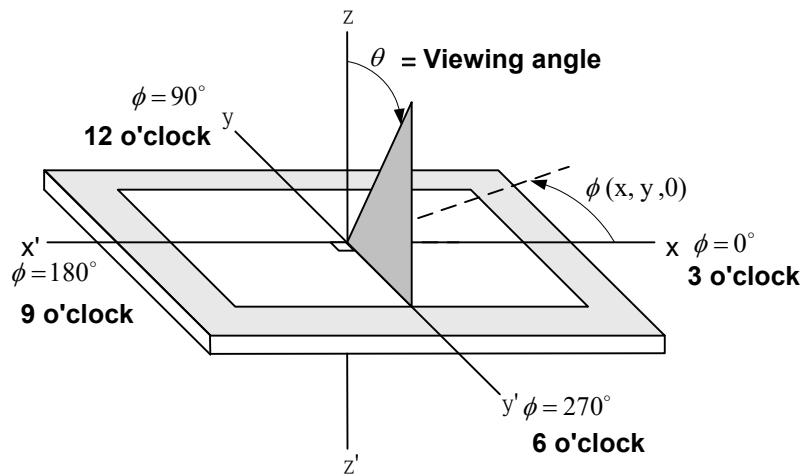
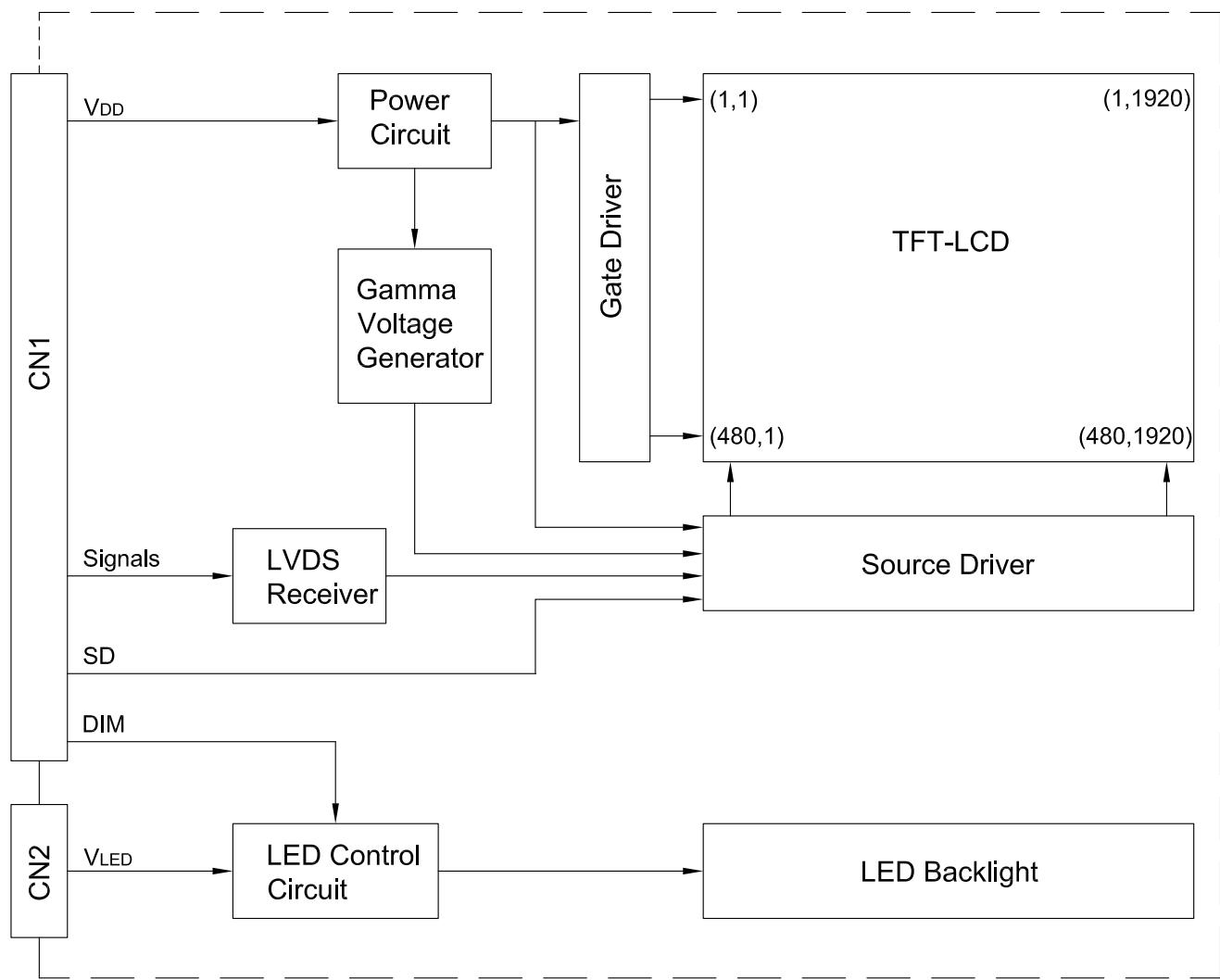


Fig. 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

## 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note: Signals are CLK, and pixel data pairs.

## 8. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test Item	Condition	
High Temperature	1) Operating 2) 70 °C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Operating 2) -20 °C	240 hrs
High Temperature	1) Storage 2) 80 °C	240 hrs
Low Temperature	1) Storage 2) -30 °C	240 hrs
Heat Cycle	1) Operating 2) -20 °C ~ 70 °C 3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs	240 hrs
Thermal Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) -35 °C ↔ 85 °C 3) 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr	240 hrs
High Temperature & Humidity	1) Operating 2) 40 °C & 85%RH 3) Without condensation (Note4)	240 hrs
Vibration	1) Non-Operating 2) 20~200 Hz 3) 2G 4) X, Y, and Z directions	1 hr for each direction
Mechanical Shock	1) Non-Operating 2) 10 ms 3) 50G 4) ±X, ±Y and ±Z directions	Once for each direction
ESD	1) Operating 2) Tip: 200 pF, 250 Ω 3) Air discharge for glass: ± 8KV 4) Contact discharge for metal frame: ± 8KV	1) Glass: 9 points 2) Metal frame: 8 points (Note3)

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.

Note 3: All pins of LCD interface (CN1) have been tested by ±100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.

Note 4: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40 °C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.

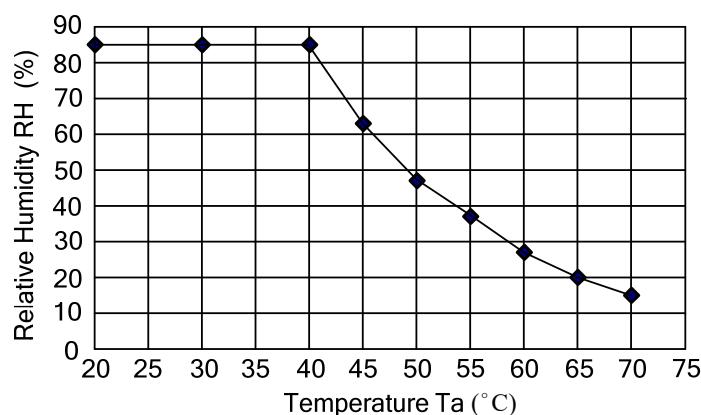


Fig. 8.1

## 9. LCD INTERFACE

### 9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector (CN1) is FI-SEB20P-HF13E-E1500 made by JAE and pin assignment is as below:

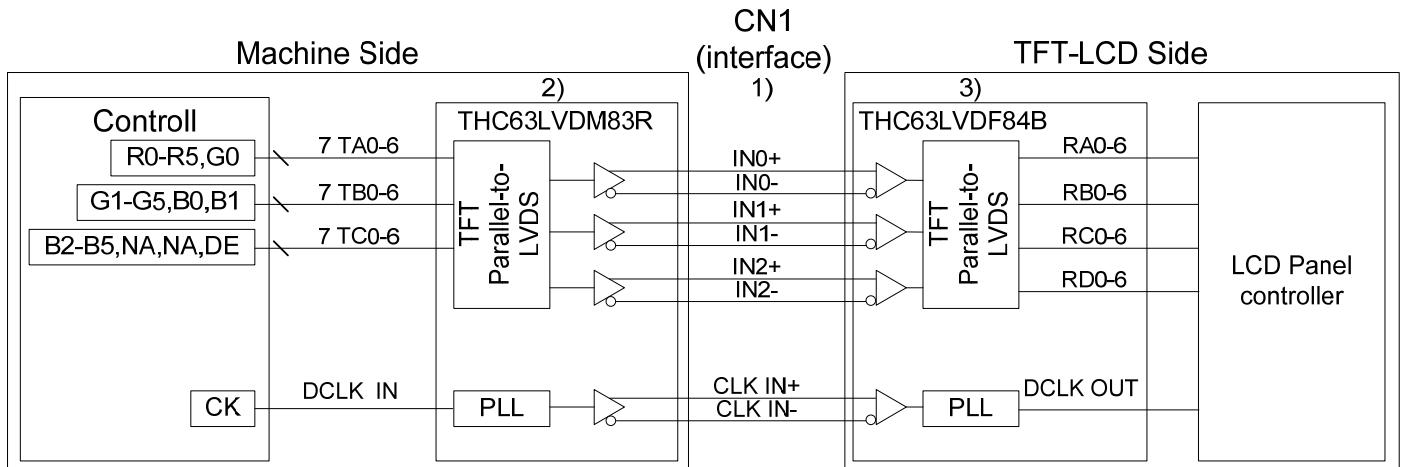
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply for Logic
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	
3	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
4	V <sub>SS</sub>	
5	IN0-	R0~R5, G0
6	IN0+	
7	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
8	IN1-	G1~G5, B0~B1
9	IN1+	
10	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
11	IN2-	B2~B5, DE
12	IN2+	
13	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
14	CLK IN-	Pixel Clock
15	CLK IN+	
16	V <sub>SS</sub>	GND
17	NC	No Connection
18	NC	
19	SD	Normal Scan: Low or Open Reverse Scan: High
20	DIM	Normal Brightness: 0V or 0% PWM Duty Brightness Control: 0V to 3.3 VDC or 0% to 100% PWM Duty

Note 1: IN n- and IN n+ (n=0, 1, 2), CLK IN- and CLK IN+ should be wired by twist-pairs or side-by-side FPC patterns, respectively.

The backlight connector (CN2) is SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1-TB (LF)(SN) made by JST, and pin assignment is as below:

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal
1	V <sub>LED</sub>	12VDC
2	GND	Ground

## 9.2 LVDS INTERFACE

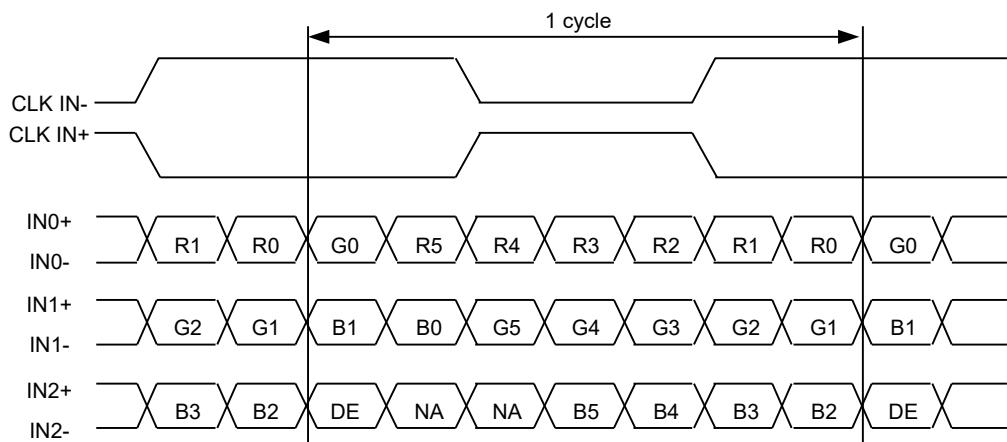


Note 1: LVDS cable impedance should be 100 ohms per signal line when each 2-lines (+, -) is used in differential mode.

Note 2: The recommended transmitter, THC63LVDM83R, is made by Thine or equivalent, which is not contained in the module.

Note 3: The receiver built-in the module is THC63LVDF84B made by Thine.

## 9.3 LVDS DATA FORMAT



DE: Display Enable

NA: Not Available

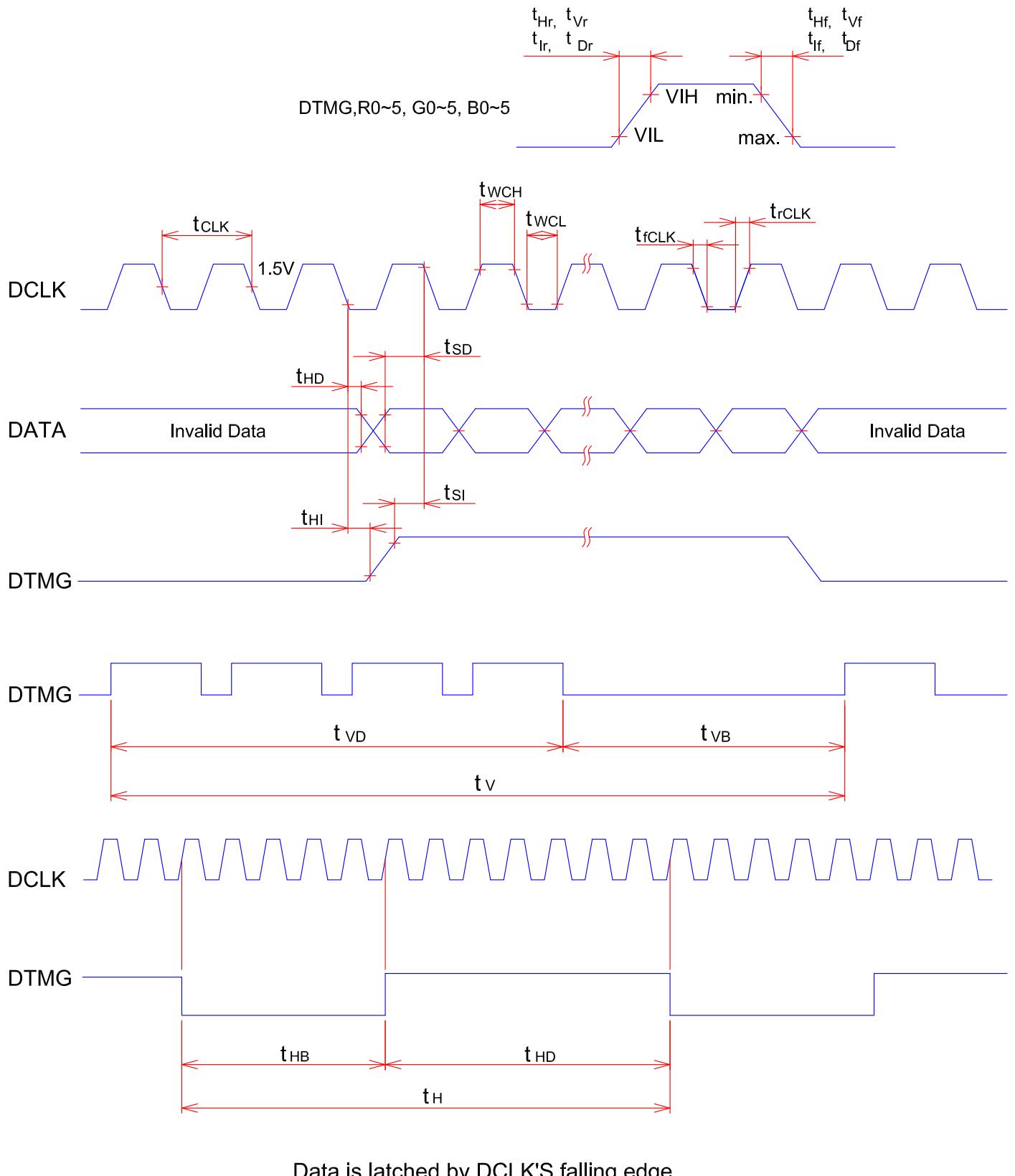
## 9.4 INTERFACE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency (Vsync) = 60 Hz to define. If 60 Hz is not the aim to set, less than 66 Hz for Vsync is recommended to apply for better performance by other parameter combination as the definitions in section 5.1.

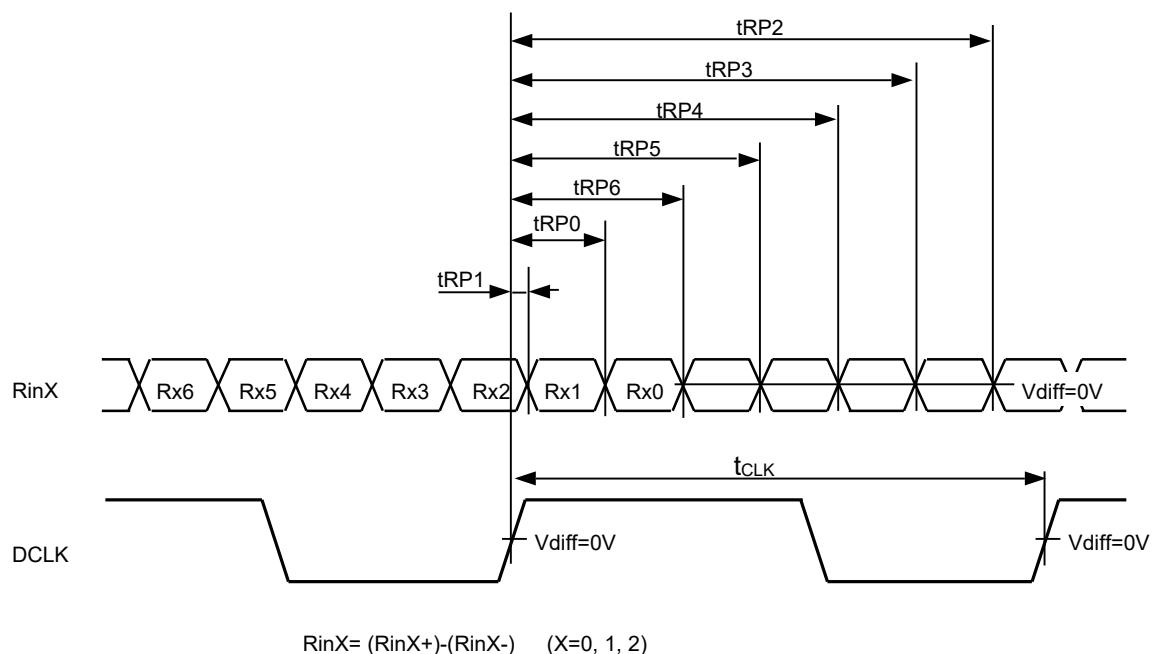
Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DCLK	Cycle frequency	$1/t_{CLK}$	22.29	25.2	34.2	MHz
	Low level width	$t_{WCL}$	10	-	-	ns
	High level width	$t_{WCH}$	10	-	-	
	Rise / Fall time	$t_{rCLK}, t_{fCLK}$	-	-	12	
	Duty	D	0.4	0.5	0.6	-
DTMG	Set up time	$t_{SI}$	8	-	-	ns
	Hold time	$t_{HI}$	8	-	-	
	Rise / Fall time	$t_{r,f}$	-	-	12	ns
	Horizontal cycle	$t_H$	750	800	1000	$t_{CLK}$
	Horizontal valid data width	$t_{HD}$	640	640	640	
	Horizontal porch width	$t_{HB}$	110	160	360	
	Vertical cycle	$t_V$	495	525	570	$t_H$
	Vertical valid data width	$t_{VD}$	480	480	480	
	Vertical porch width	$t_{VB}$	15	45	110	
Data	Set up time	$t_{SD}$	8	-	-	ns
	Hold time	$t_{HD}$	8	-	-	
	Rise / Fall time	$t_{Dr, Df}$	-	-	12	ns

## 9.5 TIMING CHART

DTMG (Data Enable) is the signal to determine valid data, and the timing of DTMG can be determined from Hsync and Vsync as below. For this display, only DTMG and DCLK are the essential signals. Hsync and Vsync are not necessary to connect to display interface after DTMG has been generated and input.



## 9.6 LVDS RECEIVER TIMING

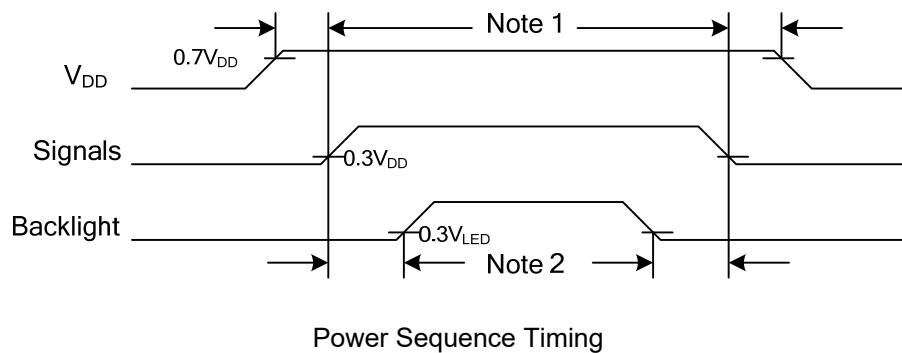


Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DCLK	Frequency	1/ t <sub>CLK</sub>	22.29	25.2	34.2
RinX (X=0,1,2)	0 data position	tRP0	1/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	1/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	1/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49
	1st data position	tRP1	-0.49	0	+0.49
	2nd data position	tRP2	6/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	6/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	6/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49
	3rd data position	tRP3	5/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	5/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	5/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49
	4th data position	tRP4	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	4/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49
	5th data position	tRP5	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	3/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49
	6th data position	tRP6	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> -0.49	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub>	2/7* t <sub>CLK</sub> +0.49

## 9.7 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

	COLOR & Gray Scale	Data Signal																	
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (62)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (61)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	Red (1)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue (61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue (0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

## 9.8 POWER SEQUENCE

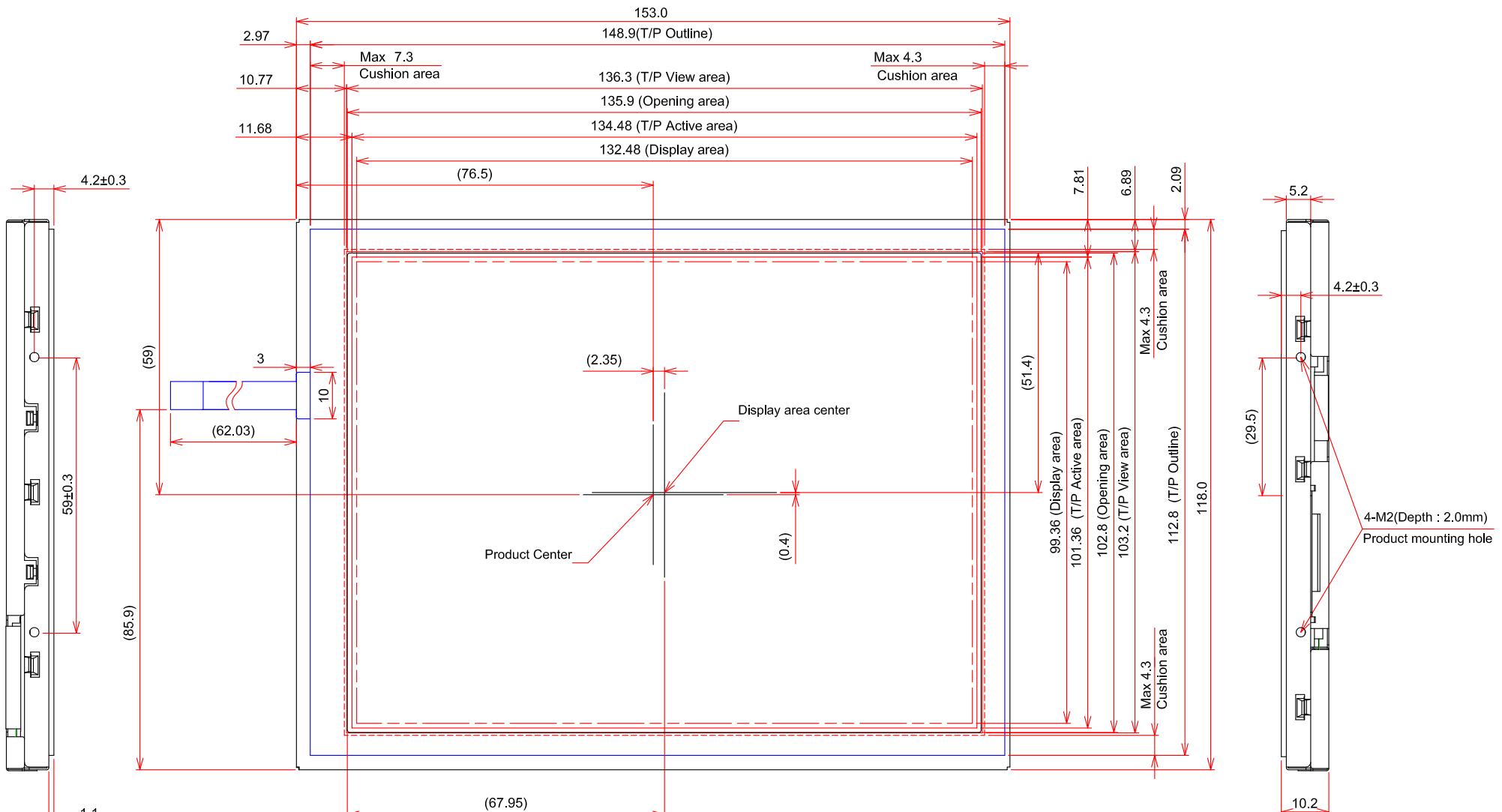


Note 1: In order to avoid any damages,  $V_{DD}$  has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power off where  $V_{DD}$  has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second. Hot plugging might cause display damage due to incorrect power sequence, please pay attention on interface connecting before power on.

Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.

# 10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

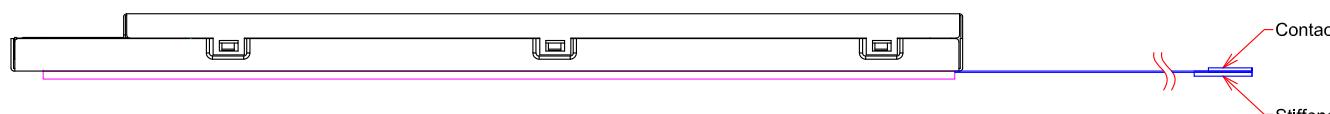
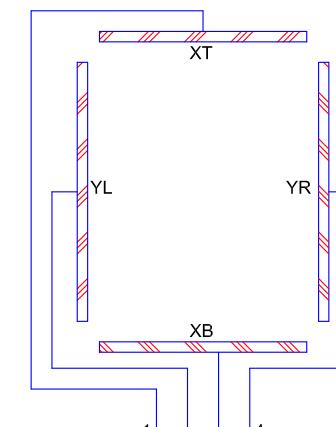
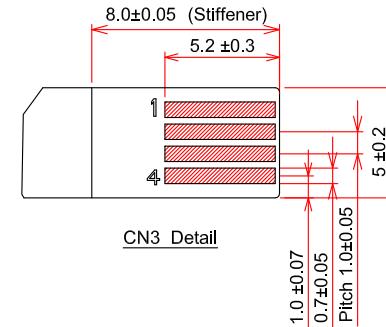
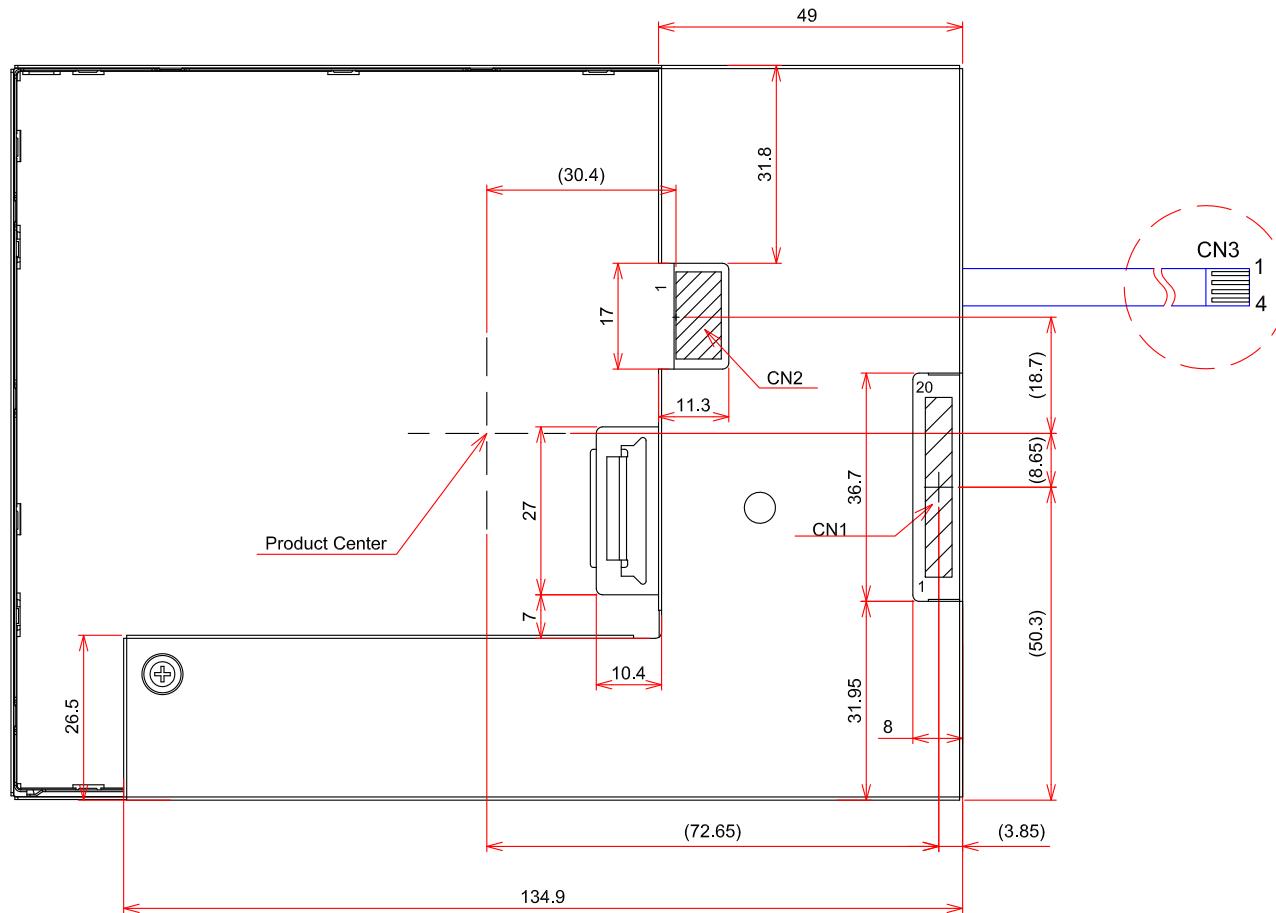
## 10.1 FRONT VIEW



Scale : NTS  
Unit : mm

Note 1: General tolerance  $\pm 0.5$

## 10.2 REAR VIEW



Note 1: General tolerance ±0.5

Scale : NTS  
Unit : mm

## 11. TOUCH PANEL

The type of touch panel used on this display is resistive, analog, 4-wire and film on glass, and more characteristics are shown as below:

### 11.1 OPERATING CONDITIONS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Operating Voltage	DC 5V	DC 7V Max.
Operating Current	20mA	-

### 11.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Circuit resistance	X- axis	300~1100 $\Omega$
	Y-axis	100~800 $\Omega$
Insulation Resistance	X-Y	>20M $\Omega$
Linearity	X	$\leq \pm 1.5\%$
	Y	$\leq \pm 1.5\%$
Chattering	$\leq 10\text{ms}$	-

Note 1: The test conditions and equipments of linearity are as below:

- Material of pen: poly-acetal resin
- End shape: R 0.8 mm
- Test force: 150 gf
- Pitch: 10 mm
- Test area is shown in Fig. 11.1

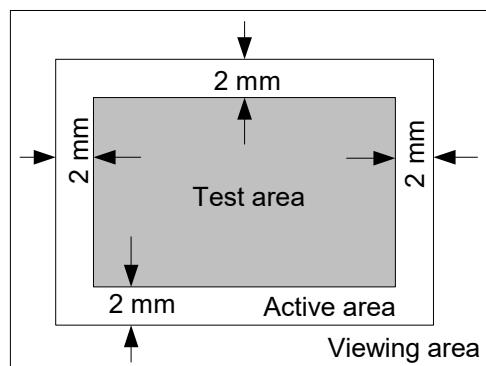


Fig. 11.1

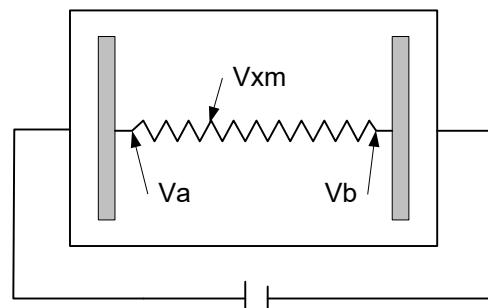


Fig. 11.2

As shown in Fig. 11.2, applying voltage meter to measure  $V_a$ ,  $V_b$  and  $V_{xm}$ , where  $V_a$  is the maximum voltage in the active area;  $V_b$  is the minimum voltage in the active area;  $V_{xm}$  is the measured voltage of point x selected by random. Afterwards, the linearity can be calculated by following equation:

$$\text{Linearity} = \frac{|V_{xi} - V_{xm}|}{V_a - V_b} \times 100\%,$$

where  $V_{xi}$  is the idea voltage of point x.

The method to measure the linearity of Y-axis is the same as above.

### 11.3 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Specification		Remarks
Activation force	Finger	20gf ~ 80gf	End shape: R8.0 mm
	Pen	20gf ~ 80gf	End shape: R0.8 mm
Surface Hardness	3H		JIS K5600-5-4

### 11.4 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Transmittance	>77%	-

### 11.5 SAFETY AND ATTENTIONS

- 1) Do not put heavy shock or stress on the touch panel.
- 2) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the touch panel by gently wiping. Moreover, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the touch panel's surface.
- 3) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean the display's surface.
- 4) UV protection is recommended to avoid the possibility of performance degrading when touch panel is likely applied under UV environment for a long period of time.

## 12. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle  $\theta$  shown in Fig. 12.1. The inspection should be performed within 45° when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within 5° when display is power on.

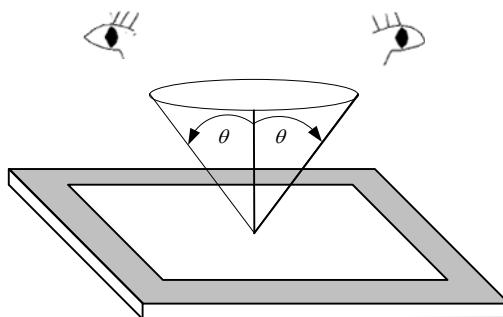


Fig. 12.1

### 12.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 3 areas as shown in Fig.12.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area, which extended 1 mm out from LCD active area; C zone is the area between B zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

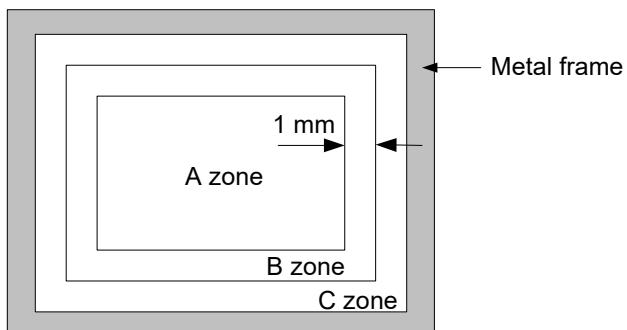


Fig. 12.2

## 12.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 12.3 and Fig. 12.4.

Item	Criteria				Applied zone	
Scratches	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Maximum number	Minimum space	A, B	
	Ignored	$W \leq 0.02$	Ignored	-		
	$L \leq 40$	$0.02 < W \leq 0.04$	10	-		
	$L \leq 20$	$W \leq 0.04$	10	-		
Dent	Serious one is not allowed				A	
Wrinkles in polarizer	Serious one is not allowed				A	
Bubbles on polarizer	Average diameter (mm)		Maximum number		A	
	$D \leq 0.3$		Ignored			
	$0.3 < D \leq 0.5$		12			
	$0.5 < D$		3			
1) Stains 2) Foreign Materials 3) Dark Spot	Filamentous (Line shape)				A, B	
	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Maximum number			
	$L \leq 2.0$	$W \leq 0.03$	Ignored			
	$L \leq 3.0$	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	10			
	$L \leq 2.5$	$0.05 < W \leq 0.1$	1			
	Round (Dot shape)					
	Average diameter (mm)		Maximum number	Minimum Space		
	$D < 0.2$		Ignored	-		
	$0.2 \leq D < 0.3$		10	10 mm		
	$0.3 \leq D < 0.4$		5	30 mm		
Dot-Defect (Note 1)	$0.4 \leq D$		None	-	A, B	
	In total		Filamentous + Round=10			
	Those wiped out easily are acceptable					
	Bright dot-defect	Type	Maximum number		A	
		1 dot	4			
		2 adjacent dot	1			
		3 adjacent dot or above	Not allowed			
		In total	5			
	Dark dot-defect	1 dot	5			
		2 adjacent dot	2			
		3 adjacent dot or above	Not allowed			
		In total	5			
		In total	10			

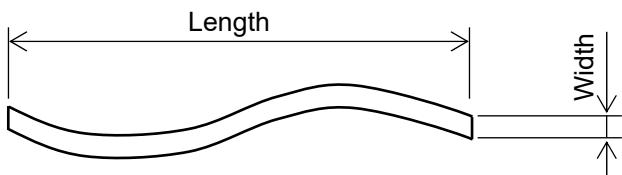


Fig 12.3



Fig 12.4

Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- The defect area of the dot must be bigger than half of a dot.
- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, the dot's brightness must be over 30% brighter than others.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, the dot's brightness must be under 70% darker than others.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 12.5.

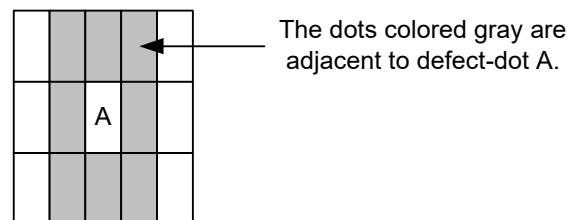


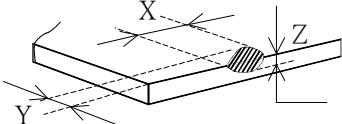
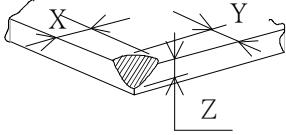
Fig. 12.5

## 12.3 TOUCH PANEL APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined by the amount of unexpected material in different zones of touch panel.

Item	Criteria			Applied zone	
Scratches	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Maximum number	A, B	
	$W > 0.1$	$L \geq 10$	Not allowed		
	$0.10 > W \geq 0.05$	$L < 10$	4 pcs max.		
	$0.05 \geq W$	$L < 10$	Ignored		
Foreign Materials	Filamentous (Line shape)			A, B	
	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Maximum number		
	$W > 0.10$	-	Dust (circular)		
	$0.10 \geq W > 0.05$	$3 < L$	Not allowed		
	$0.05 \geq W$	$L \leq 3$	Ignored	A, B	
	Round (Dot shape)				
	Average diameter (mm)	Maximum number			
	$D > 0.3$	Not allowed		B	
	$0.3 \geq D > 0.2$	3 pcs max.			
	$D \leq 0.2$	Ignored			

The limitation of glass flaw occurred on touch panel is defined in the table as below.

Item	Specifications
Edge flaw	 <p><math>X \leq 5.0</math> mm  <math>Y \leq 1.0</math> mm  <math>Z \leq</math> Thickness</p>
Corner flaw	 <p><math>X \leq 3.0</math> mm  <math>Y \leq 3.0</math> mm  <math>Z \leq</math> Thickness</p>
Progressive flaw	 <p>Not allowed</p>

## 13. PRECAUTIONS

### 13.1 PRECAUTIONS of TOUCH PANEL

- 1) Please refer to Fig. 13.1 for housing the display with touch panel into applications. The Fig. 13.1 shows some points as below:
  - The cushion needs to be designed between housing and touch panel in order to avoid unexpected pressure to cause any wrong reactions, and the cushion should be located in the cushion area.
  - The housing should not cover the active area of touch panel as the figure shown.

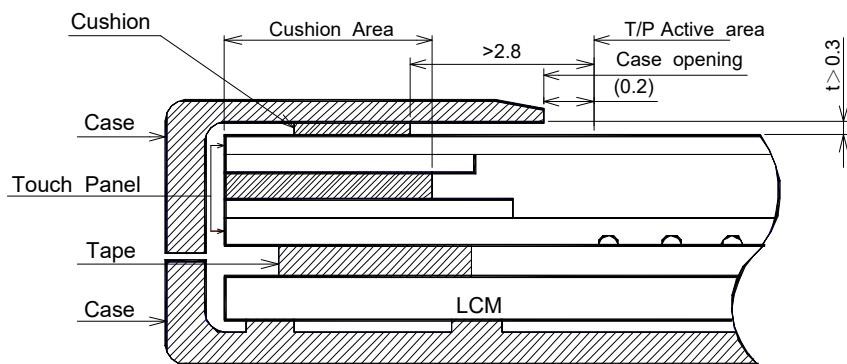


Fig. 13.1

### 13.2 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

### 13.3 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition, please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by using sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not stack the displays as this may damage the surface. In order to avoid any injuries, please avoid touching the edge of the glass or metal frame and wore gloves during handling.
- 3) Touching the polarizer or terminal pins with bare hand should be avoided to prevent staining and poor electrical contact.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanent damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than  $1.96 \times 10^4$  Pa. If the area of applied pressure is less than  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

### 13.4 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at 25°C. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than ± 100 mV.

### 13.5 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long term storage temperature is between 10°C ~35°C and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from JDI, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

## 14. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.14.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

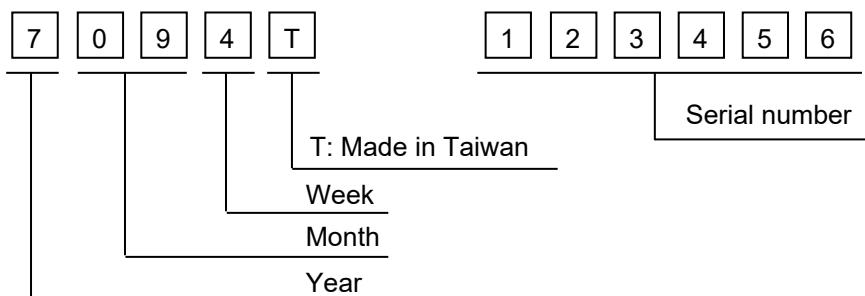


Fig. 14.1

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

Year	Lot Mark
2017	7
2018	8
2019	9
2020	0
2021	1

Month	Lot Mark	Month	Lot Mark
Jan.	01	Jul.	07
Feb.	02	Aug.	08
Mar.	03	Sep.	09
Apr.	04	Oct.	10
May	05	Nov.	11
Jun.	06	Dec.	12

Week	Lot Mark
1~7 days	1
8~14 days	2
15~21 days	3
22~28 days	4
29~31 days	5

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

REV.No	ITEM	REMARKS
-	-	-
A	DC/DC Converter changed	PCN 0850
B	LCD source changed	PCN 0976
C	Color filter changed	PCN 0998

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 14.2.

Label example:



Fig. 14.2