



晶采光電科技股份有限公司
AMPIRE CO., LTD.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

| | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| CUSTOMER | |
| CUSTOMER PART NO. | |
| AMPIRE PART NO. | AM-1024768ATZQW-30 |
| APPROVED BY | |
| DATE | |

☐Approved For Specifications

☐Approved For Specifications & Sample

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RECORD OF REVISION

| Revision Date | Page | Contents | Editor |
|---------------|------|-------------|---------|
| 2018/03/01 | -- | New Release | Raymond |

1.0 General Descriptions

1.1 Introduction

AM-1024768ATZQW-30 is a 15.0" TFT Liquid Crystal Display IAV module with LED Backlight units and 20 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1024 x 768 XGA mode and can display 16.2M/262k colors.

The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 15.0" XGA LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

1.2 Features

- XGA (1024 x 768 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS Interface with 1pixel/clock
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Wide operating temperature.
- RoHS compliance

1.3 Application

- TFT LCD Monitor
- Factory Application
- Amusement
- Vehicle

1.4 General specifications

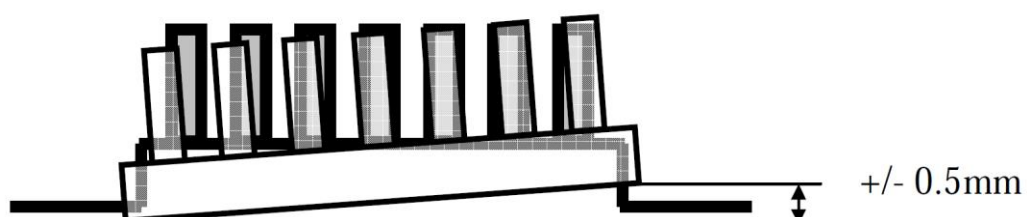
| Items | Specifications | Unit | Note |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Active Area | 304.1 (H) x 228.1(V) (15.0" diagonal) | mm | |
| Bezel Opening Area | 307.4(H) x 231.3(V) | mm | |
| Driver Element | a-Si TFT active matrix | - | |
| Pixel Number | 1024 x R.G.B x 768 | Pixel | |
| Pixel Pitch | 0.297(H) x 0.297(W) | mm | |
| Pixel Arrangement | RGB vertical Stripe | | |
| Display Colors | 16.2M / 262K | Color | |
| Display Mode | Normally Black | - | |
| Surface Treatment | Hard Coating (3H), Anti-Glare | - | |

1.5 Mechanical specifications

| Item | | Min. | Typ. | Max | Unit | Note |
|-------------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|------|--------|
| Module Size | Horizontal(H) | 326 | 326.5 | 327 | mm | (1) |
| | Vertical(V) | 253 | 253.5 | 254 | mm | (1)(2) |
| | Depth(D) | 8.6 | 9.1 | 9.6 | mm | |
| Bezel Area | Horizontal | 307.1 | 307.4 | 307.7 | mm | |
| | Vertical | 231 | 231.3 | 231.6 | mm | |
| Active Area | Horizontal | - | 304.1 | - | mm | |
| | Vertical | - | - | - | mm | |

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) The depth is without connector.



2.0 Absolute Maximum Ratings

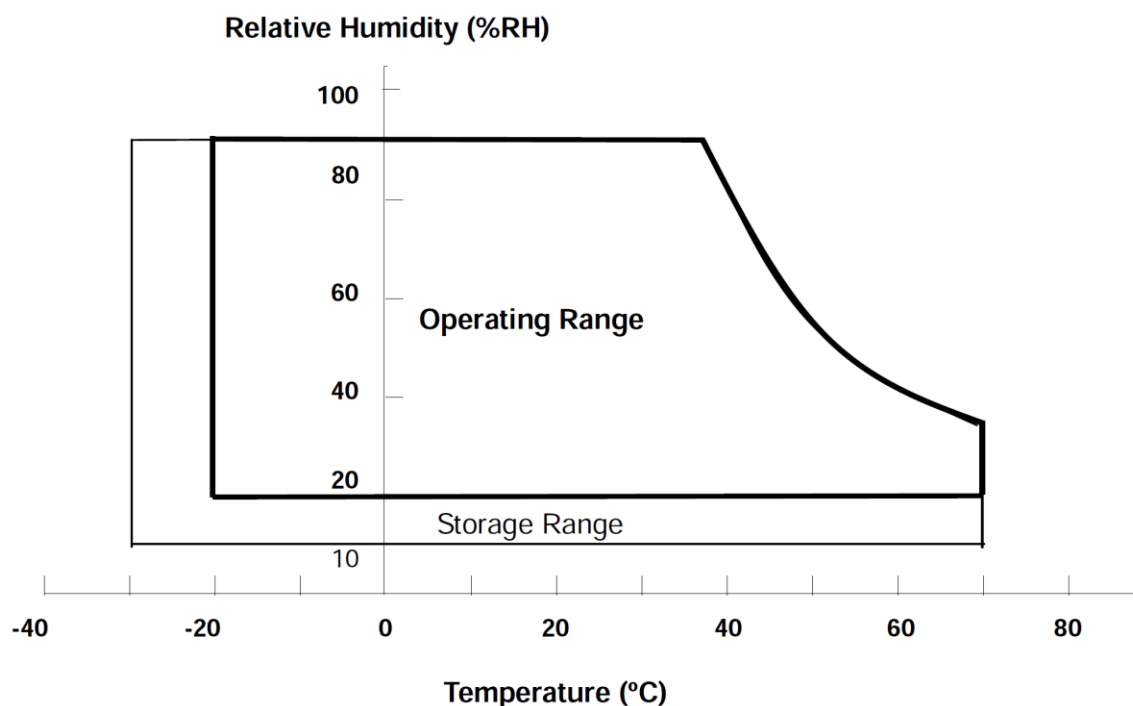
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

| Item | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|------|-----------|
| Operating Ambient Temperature | T _{OP} | -20 | +70 | °C | (1)(2)(3) |
| Storage Temperature | T _{ST} | -30 | +70 | °C | (1)(2)(3) |

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

(2) 90 %RH Max. (Ta < 40°C).

(3) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39°C Max.



2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

| Item | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Note |
|----------------------|-----------------|------|-----|------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | -0.3 | 4 | V | (1) |

| Item | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit | Note |
|-------------------|----------------|------|-----|------|--------|
| Converter Voltage | V _i | -0.3 | 18 | V | (1)(2) |
| Enable Voltage | EN | - | 5.5 | V | |

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

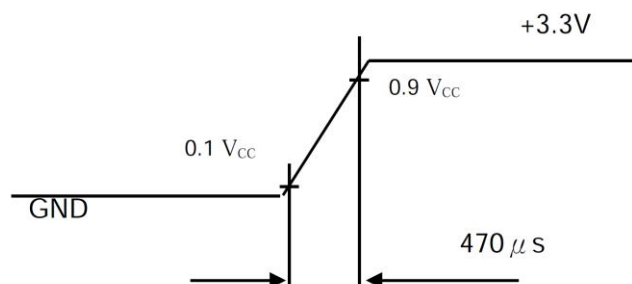
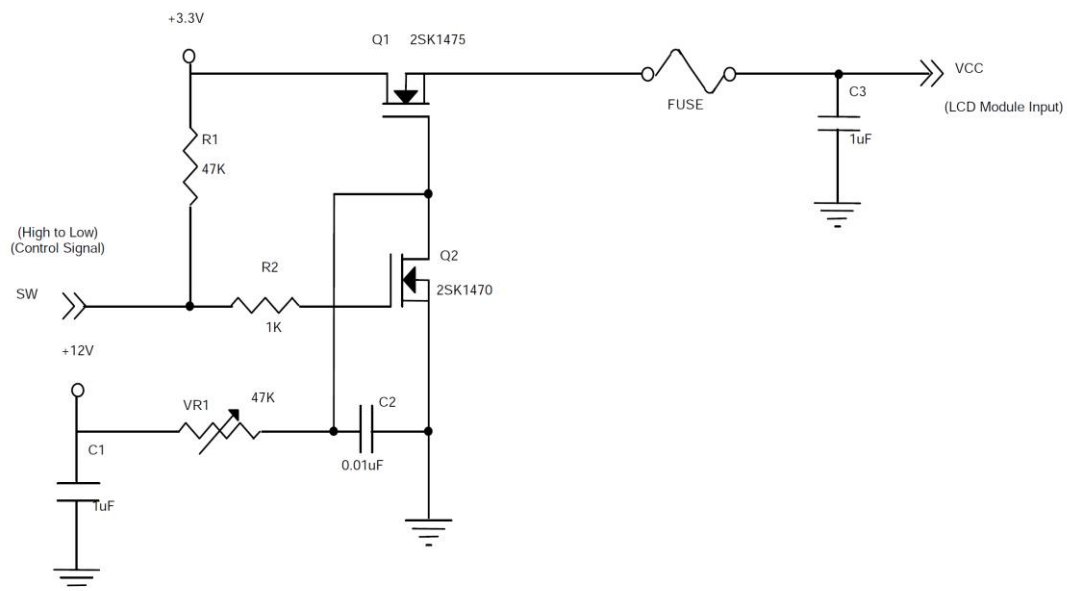
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

| Item | Symbol | Value | | | Unit | Note |
|--|------------|----------|------|-----|-------|------|
| | | Min. | Typ. | Max | | |
| Power Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V | - |
| Ripple Voltage | V_{RIP} | - | - | 100 | mVp-p | (2) |
| Rush Current | I_{RUSH} | - | - | 2.0 | A | (3)a |
| Power Supply Current | White | I_{CC} | 800 | 960 | mA | (3)b |
| | Black | | 670 | 800 | mA | |
| LVDS differential input voltage | V_{id} | 200 | - | 600 | mV | |
| LVDS common input voltage | V_{ic} | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | V | |
| Differential Input Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold | "H" level | V_{IH} | - | 100 | mV | |
| | "L" level | V_{IL} | -100 | - | mV | |
| Terminating Resistor | R_T | - | 100 | - | ohm | |

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



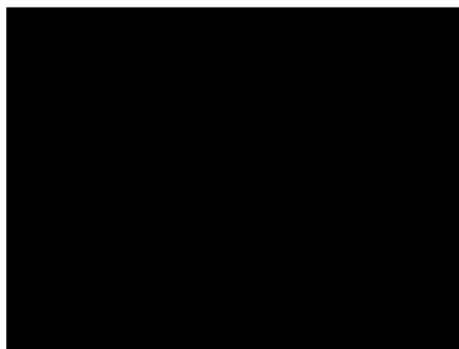
Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at $V_{DD}=3.3V$, $T_a = 25 \pm 2 \text{ }^{\circ}C$, DC Current and $f_v = 60 \text{ Hz}$, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area

b. Black Pattern

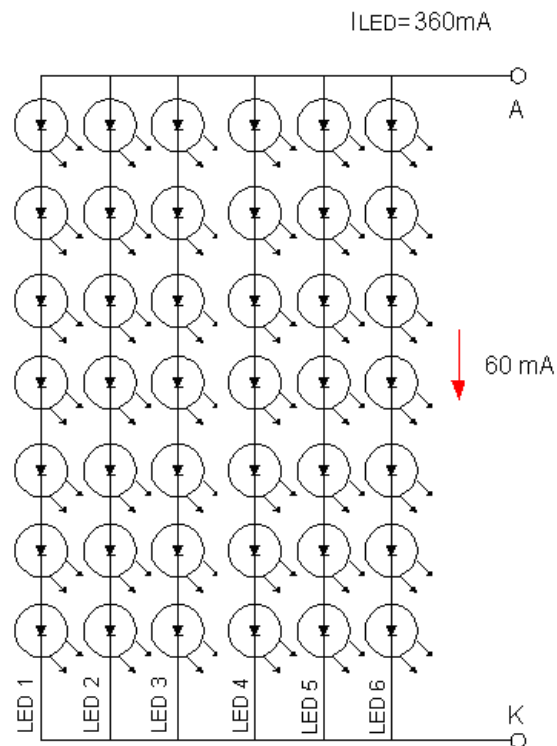


Active Area

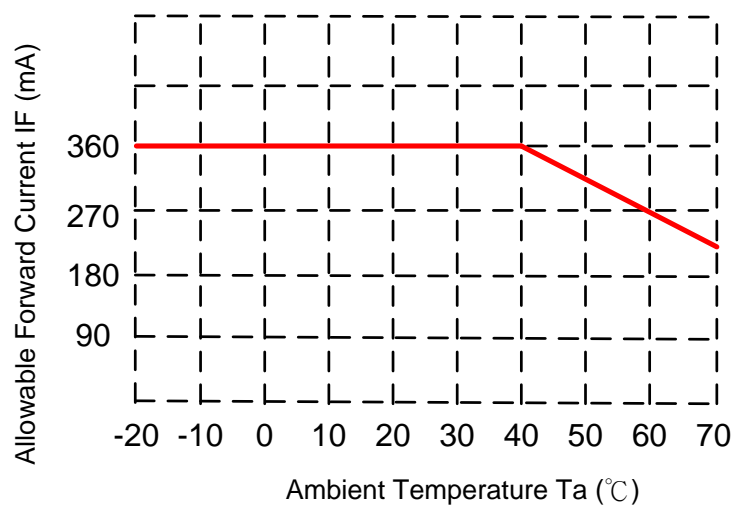
3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

| ITEM | SYMBOL | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT | CONDITION |
|-----------------------|----------|-----|------|-----|------|--------------------------|
| LED Backlight Voltage | V_{BL} | -- | 24.5 | -- | V | For reference |
| LED Backlight Current | I_{BL} | - | 360 | -- | mA | $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| LED Life Time | | -- | 50K | - | KHr | Note* |

Note* : Brightness to be decreased to 50% of the initial value. $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$

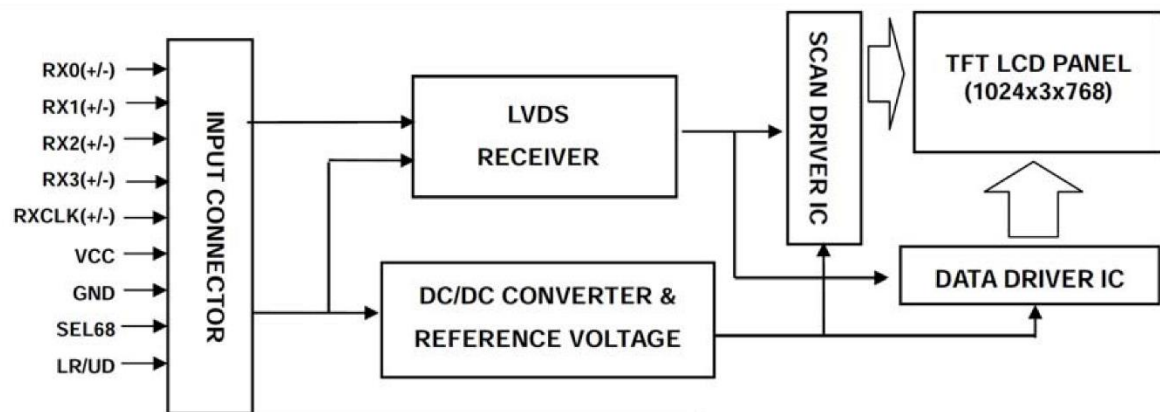


When LCM is operated over 40°C ambient temperature, the I_{LED} should be follow :



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

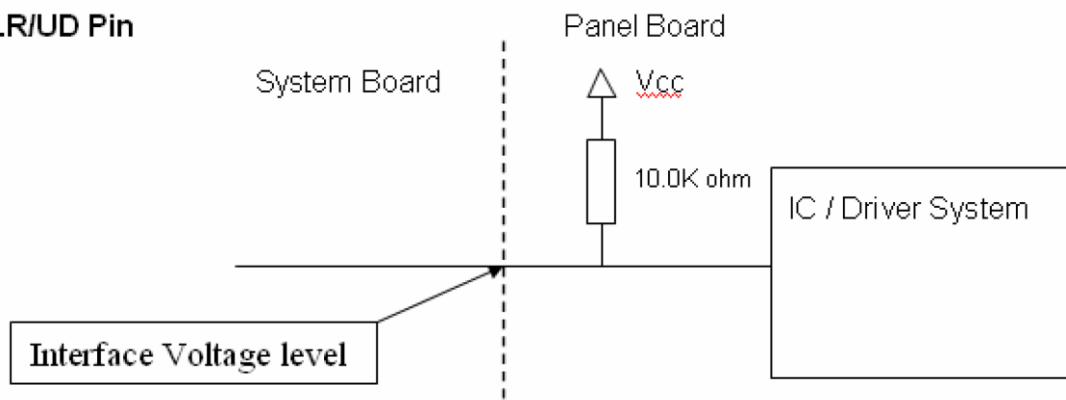
| Pin No. | Symbol | Function | Polarity | Note |
|---------|--------|--|----------|---------|
| 1 | VCC | Power Supply +3.3V(typical) | | |
| 2 | VCC | Power Supply +3.3V(typical) | | |
| 3 | NC | No Connection (Reserve for INX test) | | |
| 4 | LR/UD | Reverse Scan Control, High level or NC = Normal Mode. Level = Horizontal/ Vertical Reverse Scan. | | |
| 5 | RX0- | LVDS Differential Data Input | Negative | |
| 6 | RX0+ | LVDS Differential Data Input | Positive | |
| 7 | GND | GND | | |
| 8 | RX1- | LVDS Differential Data Input | Negative | |
| 9 | RX1+ | LVDS Differential Data Input | Positive | |
| 10 | NC | No Connection (Reserve for INX test) | | |
| 11 | RX2- | LVDS Differential Clock Input | Negative | |
| 12 | RX2+ | LVDS Differential Clock Input | Positive | |
| 13 | GND | GND | | |
| 14 | RXCLK- | LVDS Differential Data Input | Negative | |
| 15 | RXCLK+ | LVDS Differential Data Input | Positive | |
| 16 | GND | GND | | |
| 17 | RX3- | LVDS Differential Data Input | Negative | |
| 18 | RX3+ | LVDS Differential Data Input | Positive | |
| 19 | NC | No Connection (Reserve for INX test) | | |
| 20 | SEL68 | LVDS 6/8 bit select function control, High level: 6bit Input Mode. Low level or NC: 8bit Input Mode. | | Note(3) |

Note (1) Connector Part No.: Cvilux CID520D1HR0-NH or equivalent.

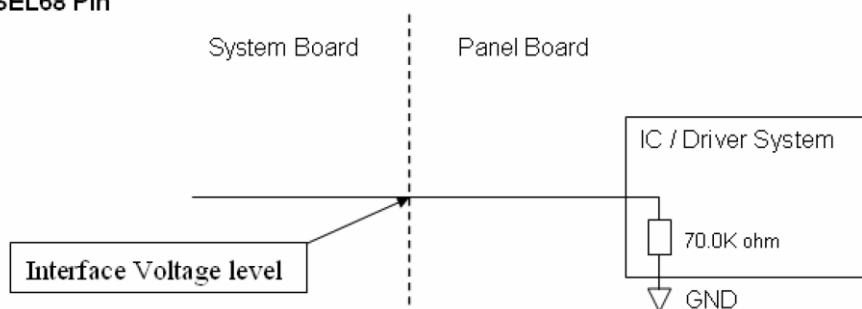
Note (2) User's connector Part No.: Hirose DF14-20S-1.25C or equivalent.

Note (3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V. "NC" stands for "No Connection".

LR/UD Pin



SEL68 Pin



5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

| Color | | Data Signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | Red | | | | | | | | Green | | | | | | | | Blue | | | | | | | |
| | | R7 | R6 | R5 | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G7 | G6 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B7 | B6 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| Basic Colors | Black | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Cyan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Magenta | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Yellow | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | White | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Gray Scale Of Red | Red(0) / Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | Red(252) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red(252) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Red(252) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale Of Green | Green(0)/Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | Green(252) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green(252) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green(252) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gray Scale Of Blue | Blue(0) / Dark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Blue(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | Blue(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | Blue(252) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | Blue(252) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | Blue(252) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

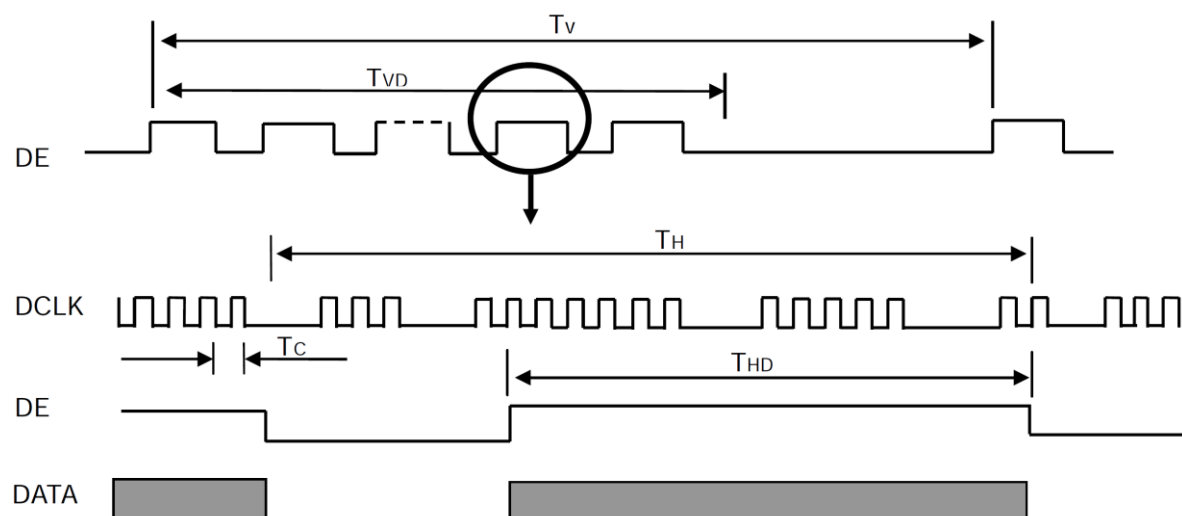
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

| Signal | Item | Symbol | Min | Min | Max | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|------------------|------|-------------------------|
| LVDS Clock | Frequency | F_c | 53.35 | 65 | 80 | MHz | |
| | Period | T_c | 12.5 | 15.38 | 18.75 | Ns | |
| | Input cycle to cycle jitter | T_{rcl} | - | - | 200 | Ns | (a) |
| | Input Clock to data skew | TLVDS | $-.02 \cdot T_c$ | - | $0.02 \cdot T_c$ | Ps | (b) |
| | Spread spectrum modulation range | F_{clkin_mod} | - | - | $1.02 \cdot F_c$ | MHz | (C) |
| | Spread spectrum modulation frequency | F_{SSM} | - | - | 200 | KHz | |
| Vertical Display Term | Frame Rate | F_r | 55 | 60 | 70 | Hz | $T_v = T_{vd} + T_{vb}$ |
| | Total | T_v | 780 | 806 | 840 | Th | - |
| | Active Display | T_{vd} | 768 | 768 | 768 | Th | - |
| | Blank | T_{vb} | $T_v - T_{vd}$ | 38 | $T_v - T_{vd}$ | Th | - |
| Horizontal Display Term | Total | T_h | 1240 | 1344 | 1360 | Tc | $T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$ |
| | Active Display | T_{hd} | 1024 | 1024 | 1024 | Tc | - |
| | Blank | T_{hb} | $T_h - T_{hd}$ | 320 | $T_h - T_{hd}$ | Tc | - |

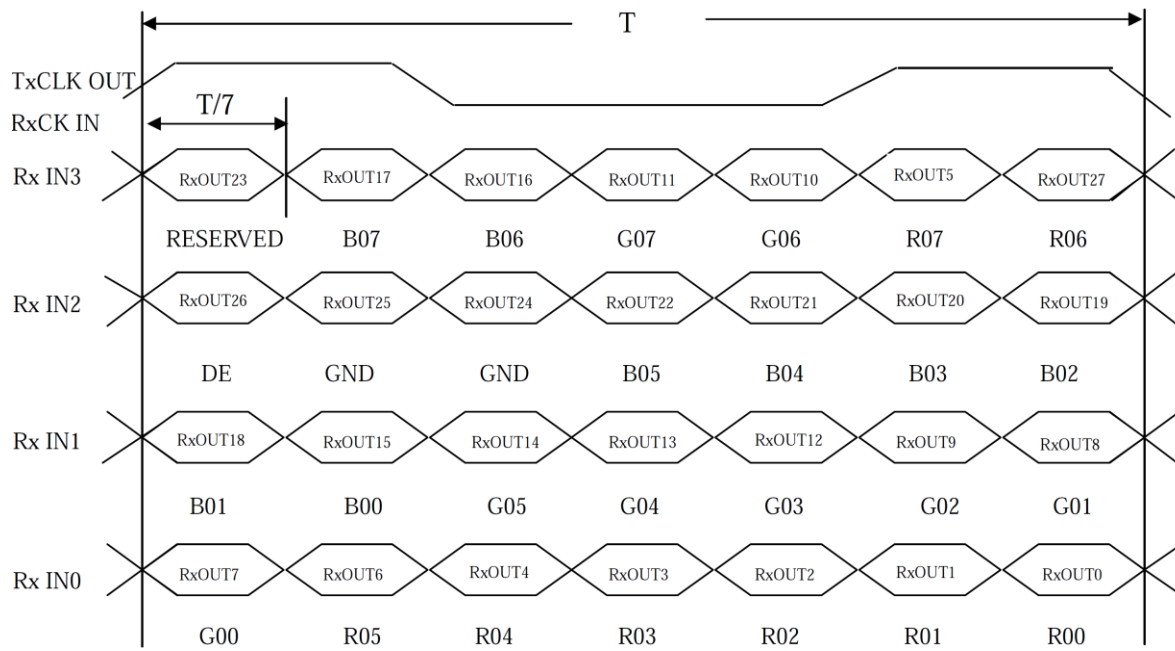
Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

Note (2) The $T_v(T_{vd} + T_{vb})$ must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

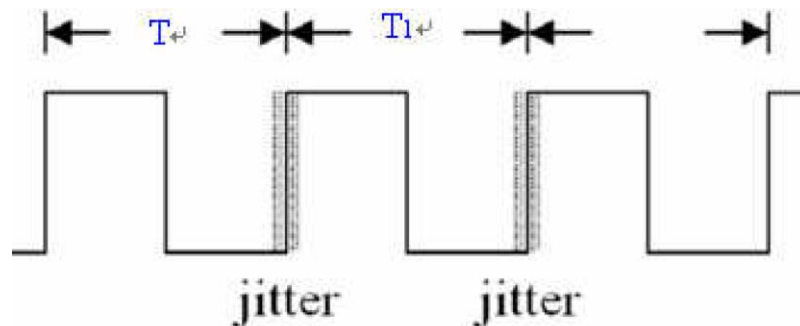
INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



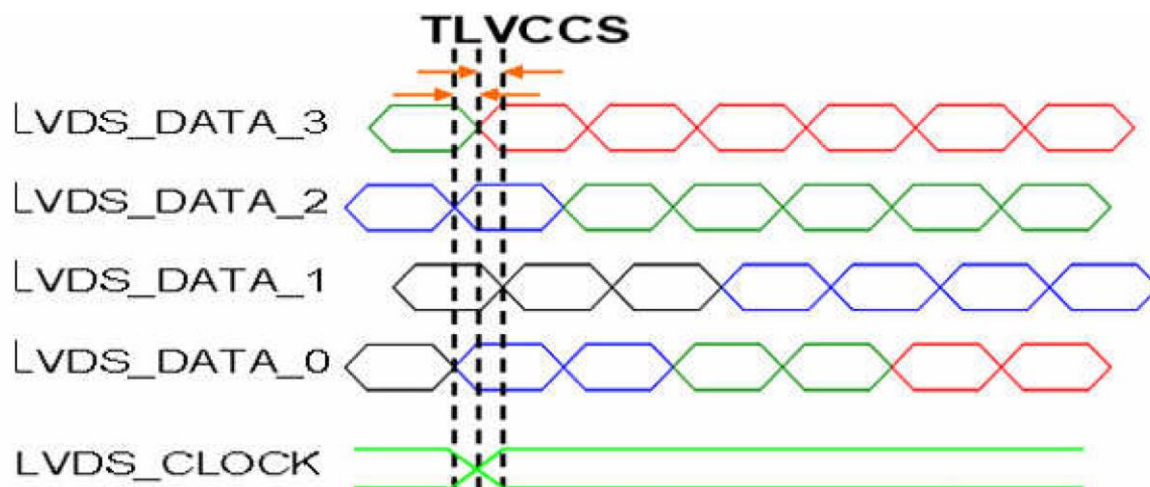
TIMING DIAGRAM of LVDS



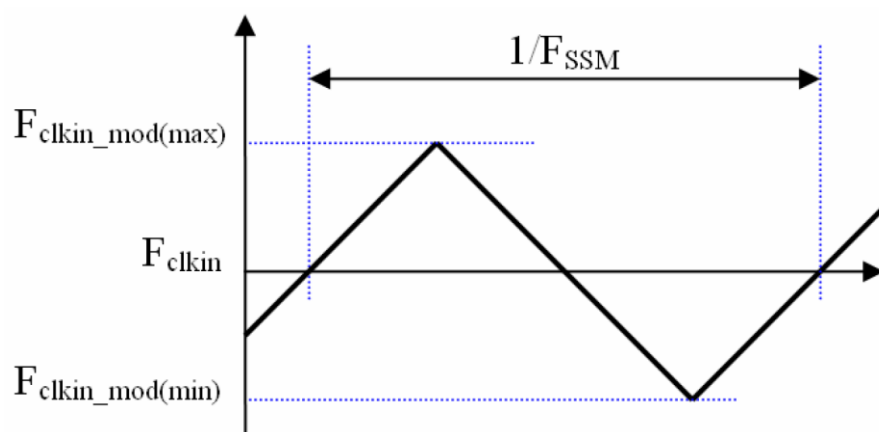
Note (a) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. $Trcl = |T_1 - T|$



Note (b) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.

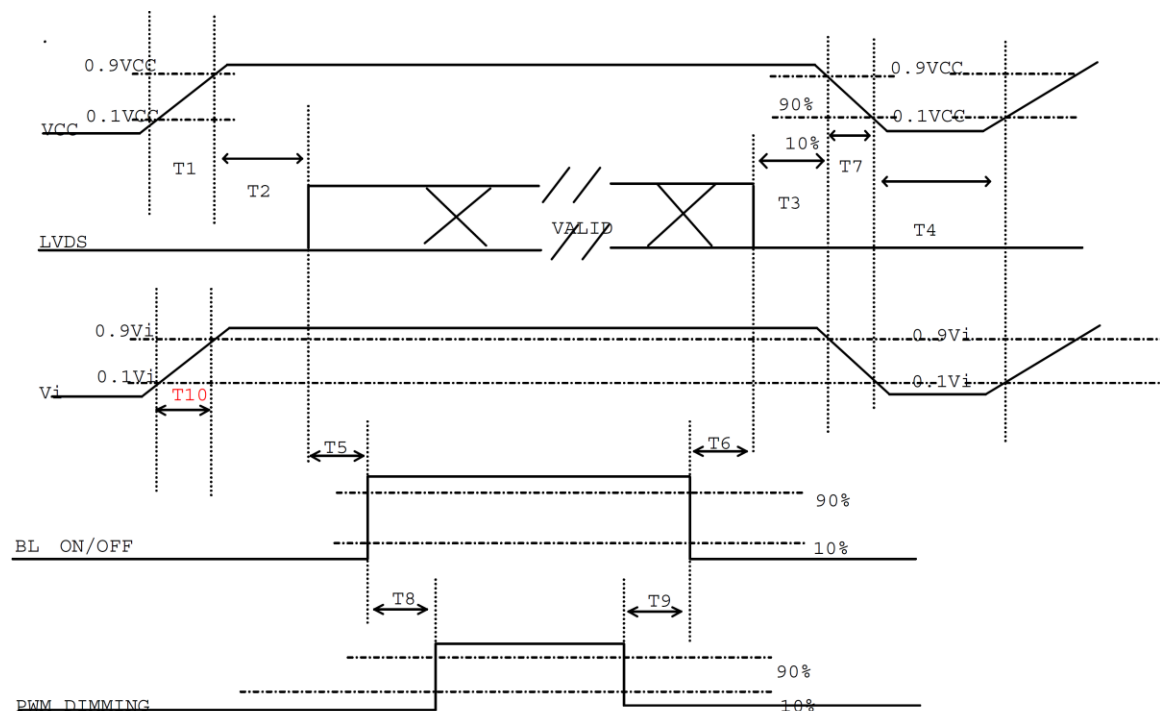


Note (c) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF sequence

Note (1) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

Note (2) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD VCC to 0 V.

Note (3) The Backlight converter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight converter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.

| Parameter | Value | | | Units |
|-----------|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| | Min | Typ | Max | |
| T1 | 0.5 | - | 10 | ms |
| T2 | 0 | - | 50 | ms |
| T3 | 0 | - | 50 | ms |
| T4 | 500 | - | - | ms |
| T5 | 200 | - | - | ms |
| T6 | 200 | - | - | ms |
| T7 | 5 | - | 300 | ms |
| T8 | 10 | - | - | ms |
| T9 | 10 | - | - | ms |
| T10 | 20 | | 50 | ms |

6.3 SCANNING DIRECTION

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



Fig. 1 Normal scan (pin 4, LR/UD = High or NC)

Fig.2 Reverse Scan



Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 4, LR/UD = Low)

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

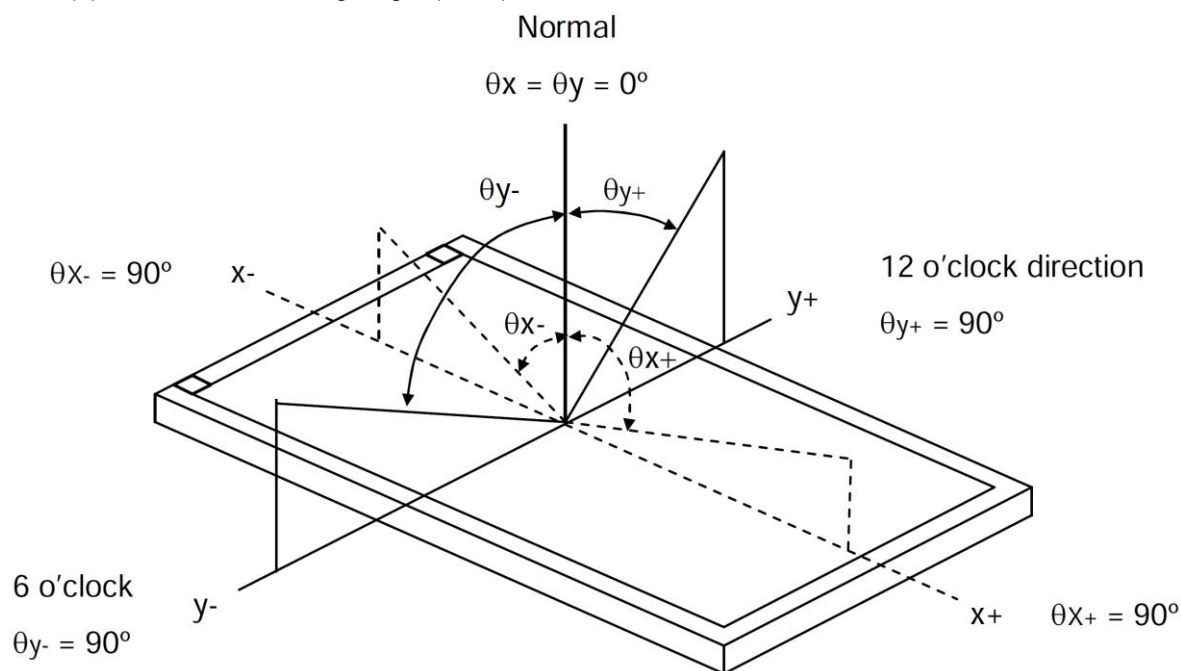
| Item | Value | Unit |
|---|--|------|
| Ambient Temperature (Ta) | 25±2 | °C |
| Ambient Humidity (Ha) | 50±2 | %RH |
| Supply Voltage | According to typical value in "ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS" | |
| Input Signal | | |
| LED Light Bar Input Current Per Input Pin | | |

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2 and all items are measured at the center point of screen except white variation. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

| Item | | Symbol | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Note |
|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|------|------|------|---------|---------|
| Color Chromaticity | Red | R _x | $\theta_x=\theta_y=0^\circ$ BM-7/ CS-1000T | -- | TBD | -- | - | (1),(5) |
| | | R _y | | | TBD | | | |
| | Green | G _x | | | TBD | | | |
| | | G _y | | | TBD | | | |
| | Blue | B _x | | | TBD | | | |
| | | B _y | | | TBD | | | |
| | White | W _x | | | TBD | | | |
| | | W _y | | | TBD | | | |
| | Center Luminance of White | | | | LC | | | |
| Contrast Ratio | | CR | 1300 | 2000 | | - | (2),(5) | |
| Response Time | | TR | $\theta_x=\theta_y=0^\circ$ | - | 16 | 21 | ms | (3) |
| | | TF | | - | 7 | 14 | | |
| White Variation | | δW | $\theta_x=\theta_y=0^\circ$ | - | 1.25 | 1.33 | - | (5),(6) |
| Viewing Angle | Horizontal | θ _{x+} | CR ≥ 10 | 80 | 88 | - | Deg. | (1),(5) |
| | | θ _{x-} | | 80 | 88 | - | | |
| | Vertical | θ _{y+} | | 80 | 88 | - | | |
| | | θ _{y-} | | 80 | 88 | - | | |

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_x, θ_y):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = L_{255} / L_0$$

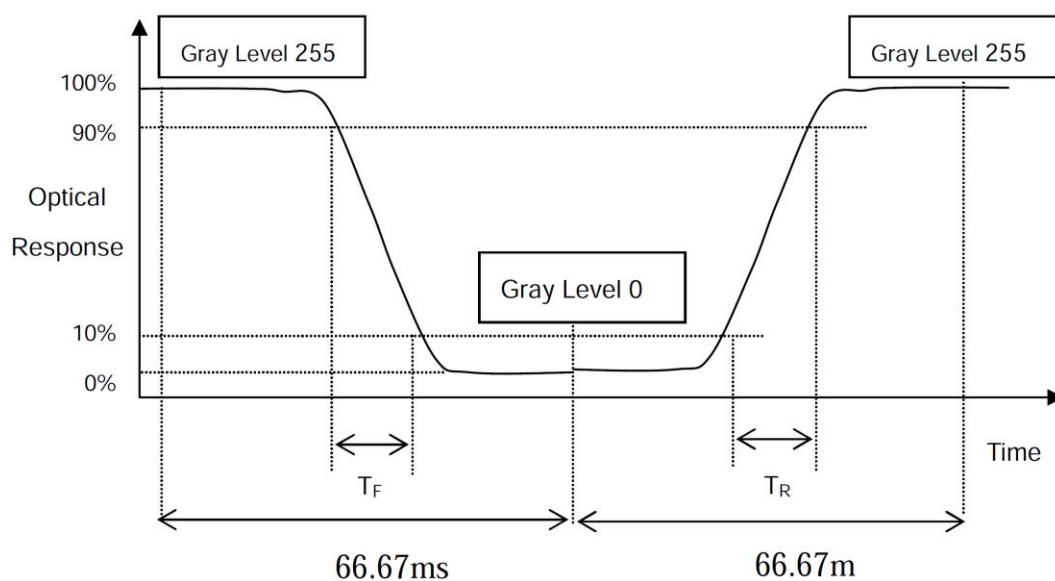
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L0: Luminance of gray level 0

$$CR = CR(5)$$

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_c):

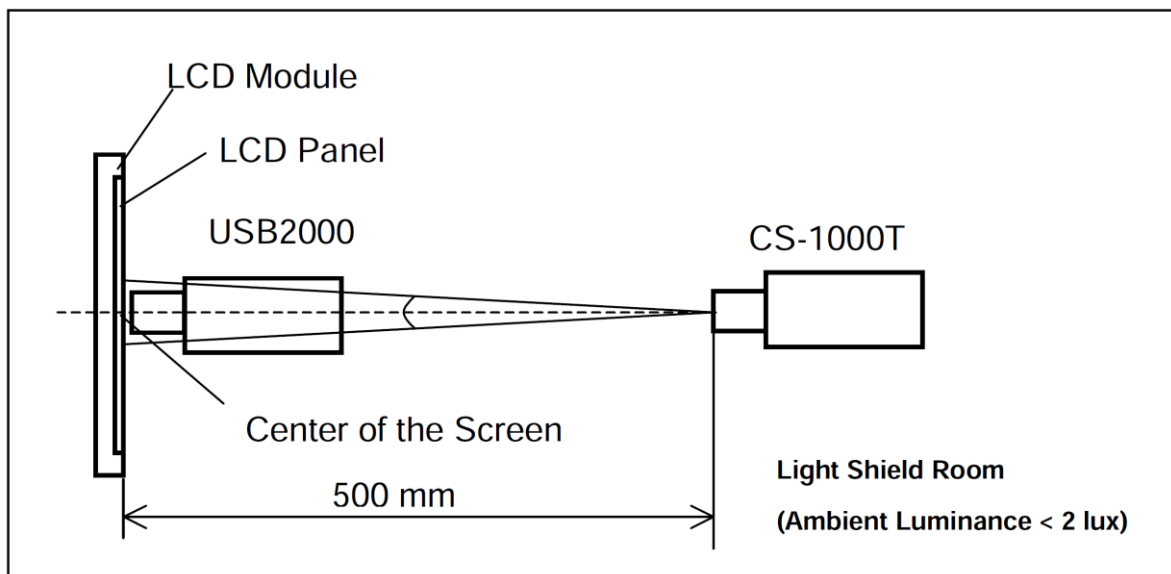
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$L_c = L$ (5)

$L(x)$ is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

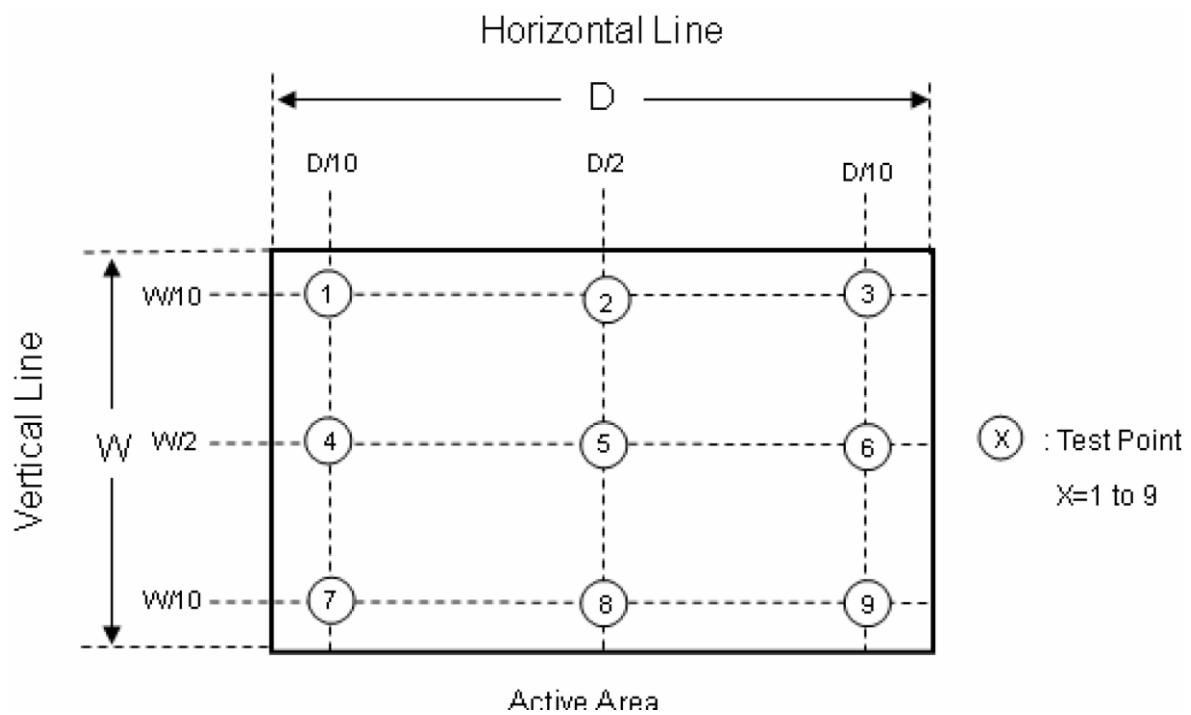
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 (255) at 9 points

$$\delta W = \frac{\text{Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5) , L (6), L (7), L (8), L (9)]}}{\text{Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5) , L (6), L (7), L (8), L (9)]}}$$



8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

| Test Item | Test Condition | Note |
|---|---|-----------------|
| High Temperature Storage Test | 70°C, 240 hours | (1),(2),(3),(4) |
| Low Temperature Storage Test | -30°C, 240 hours | |
| Thermal Shock Storage Test | -30°C, 0.5 hour↔70°C, 0.5 hour; 100cycles, 1 hour/cycle) | |
| High Temperature Operation Test | 70°C, 240 hours | |
| Low Temperature Operation Test | -20°C, 240 hours | |
| High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test | 60°C, RH 90%, 240 hours | (1),(2),(3),(5) |

Note (1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test.

Note (2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 73°C Max.

Note (3) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.

Note (4) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.

Note (5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.

9 USE PRECAUTIONS

9.1 Handling precautions

- 1) The polarizing plate may break easily so be careful when handling it. Do not touch, press or rub it with a hard-material tool like tweezers.
- 2) Do not touch the polarizing plate surface with bare hands so as not to make it dirty. If the surface or other related part of the polarizing plate is dirty, soak a soft cotton cloth or chamois leather in benzine and wipe off with it. Do not use chemical liquids such as acetone, toluene and isopropyl alcohol. Failure to do so may bring chemical reaction phenomena and deteriorations.
- 3) Remove any spit or water immediately. If it is left for hours, the suffered part may deform or decolorize.
- 4) If the LCD element breaks and any LC stuff leaks, do not suck or lick it. Also if LC stuff is stuck on your skin or clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately.

9.2 Installing precautions

- 1) The PCB has many ICs that may be damaged easily by static electricity. To prevent breaking by static electricity from the human body and clothing, earth the human body properly using the high resistance and discharge static electricity during the operation. In this case, however, the resistance value should be approx. 1MΩ and the resistance should be placed near the human body rather than the ground surface. When the indoor space is dry, static electricity may occur easily so be careful. We recommend the indoor space should be kept with humidity of 60% or more. When a soldering iron or other similar tool is used for assembly, be sure to earth it.
- 2) When installing the module and ICs, do not bend or twist them. Failure to do so may crack LC element and cause circuit failure.
- 3) To protect LC element, especially polarizing plate, use a transparent protective plate (e.g., acrylic plate, glass etc) for the product case.
- 4) Do not use an adhesive like a both-side adhesive tape to make LCD surface (polarizing plate) and product case stick together. Failure to do so may cause the polarizing plate to peel off.

9.3 Storage precautions

- 1) Avoid a high temperature and humidity area. Keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C and also the humidity under 60%.
- 2) Choose the dark spaces where the product is not exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
- 3) Store the products as they are put in the boxes provided from us or in the same conditions as we recommend.

9.4 Operating precautions

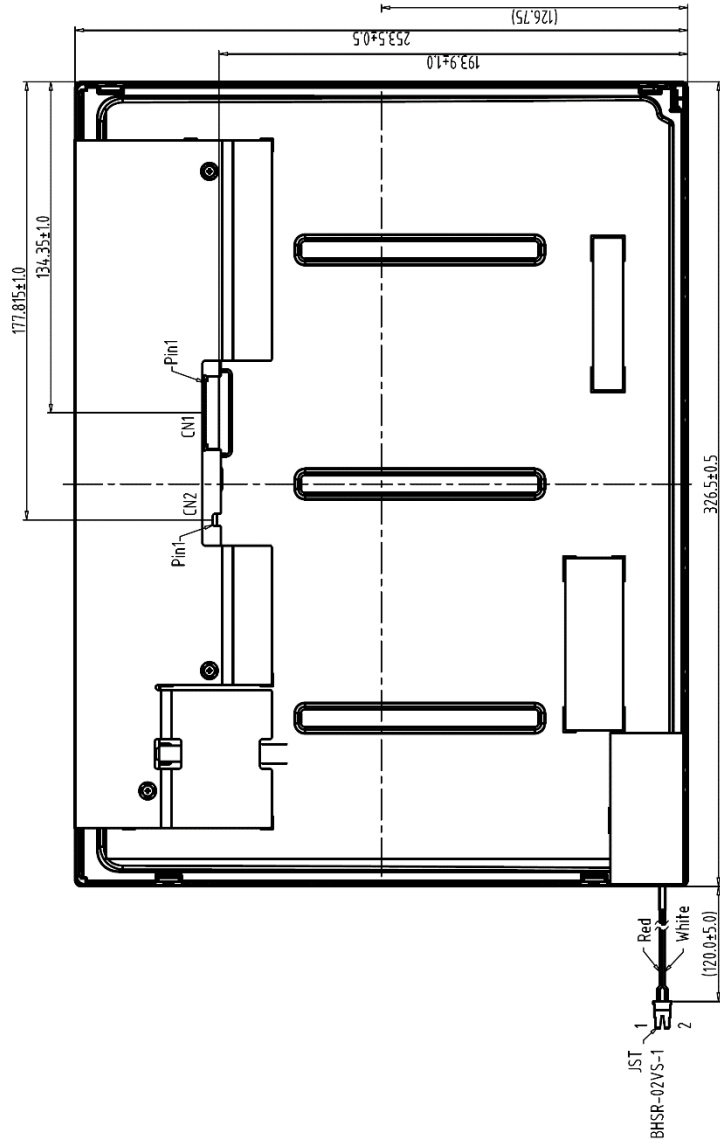
- 1) Do not boost the applied drive voltage abnormally. Failure to do so may break ICs. When applying power voltage, check the electrical features beforehand and be careful. Always turn off the power to the LC module controller before removing or inserting the LC module input connector. If the input connector is removed or inserted while the power is turned on, the LC module internal circuit may break.
- 2) The display response may be late if the operating temperature is under the normal standard, and the display may be out of order if it is above the normal standard. But this is not a failure; this will be restored if it is within the normal standard.
- 3) The LCD contrast varies depending on the visual angle, ambient temperature, power voltage etc. Obtain the optimum contrast by adjusting the LC drive voltage.
- 4) When carrying out the test, do not take the module out of the low-temperature space suddenly. Failure to do so will cause the module condensing, leading to malfunctions.
- 5) Make certain that each signal noise level is within the standard (L level: 0.2V_{dd} or less and H level: 0.8V_{dd} or more) even if the module has functioned properly. If it is beyond the standard, the module may often malfunction. In addition, always connect the module when making noise level measurements.
- 6) The CMOS ICs are incorporated in the module and the pull-up and pull-down function is not adopted for the input so avoid putting the input signal open while the power is ON.

- 7) The characteristic of the semiconductor element changes when it is exposed to light emissions, therefore ICs on the LCD may malfunction if they receive light emissions. To prevent these malfunctions, design and assemble ICs so that they are shielded from light emissions.
- 8) Crosstalk occurs because of characteristics of the LCD. In general, crosstalk occurs when the regularized display is maintained. Also, crosstalk is affected by the LC drive voltage. Design the contents of the display, considering crosstalk.

9.5 Other

- 1) Do not disassemble or take the LC module into pieces. The LC modules once disassembled or taken into pieces are not the guarantee articles.
- 2) Do not keep the LCD at the same display pattern continually. The residual image will happen and it will damage the LCD. Please use screen saver.
- 3) AMIPRE will provide one year warrantee for all products and three months warrantee for all repairing products.

| REV | REVISION RECORD | DATE | NAME |
|-----|--|----------|-------|
| 0 | NEW RELEASE | 09-07-17 | EMILY |
| 1 | TFT-1024768-47-0 Rename to 1024768A-51 | 09-20-17 | EMILY |




CN1

| | |
|----|--------|
| 1 | VCC |
| 2 | VCC |
| 3 | NC |
| 4 | LR/UD |
| 5 | RX0- |
| 6 | RX0+ |
| 7 | GND |
| 8 | RX1- |
| 9 | RX1+ |
| 10 | NC |
| 11 | RX2- |
| 12 | RX2+ |
| 13 | GND |
| 14 | RXCLK- |
| 15 | RXCLK+ |
| 16 | GND |
| 17 | RX3- |
| 18 | RX3+ |
| 19 | NC |
| 20 | SEL68 |

Note:

1. Unless indicated, Tolerance Grade "0.5"
2. UV Glue For OLB Protection.
3. CN1:(CviLux)CID520D1HR0-NH or equivalent.
4. CN2:(CviLux)CI4205M2HRP-NH or equivalent.

Back View

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--|-------------|-----------|-------|
|  晶采光電科技 AMPIRE | | TITLE | | DATE | DRAWN | DATE |
| | | 1024768A-51 | | 09-07-17 | EMILY | |
| | | (15.0") | | DATE | CHK. | |
| | | 1 | | DATE | APPD. | |
| | | DWG. NO. | | 1024768A-51 | PARTS NO. | LCM-1 |
| | | SHEET 1 OF 1 | | | | |