

# SPECIFICATION

☐ Preliminary Specification

☒ Final Specification

**Description**                      **12.1" 1024x768 TFT-LCD Module**  
**Part Number**                    **P1210XGF1MA00**

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## REVISION HISTORY

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## 1. Summary

### 1.1 General Description

This is a 12.1 inch a-Si TFT-LCD module with Normal- Black technology. It is composed of a TFT-LCD panel, a driver circuit, FPC, PCB, Bezel, and a LED backlight unit.

### 1.2 Features

- Ultra-wide viewing angle.
- High luminance.
- Long LED life time.
- Wide temperature range.
- Interface: LVDS 6/8 bits.
- Acquisition product for UL62368-1/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1-03 (File number: E250878).
- Compliant with the European RoHS Directive (2011/65/EU) and Delegated Directive (2015/863/EU, Amending Annex II of 2011/65/EU).

## 2. General Specifications

Feature		Spec	Unit
Display Spec	Size	12.1 inches	
	Resolution	1024x768	
	Pixel Pitch	0.240 (H) x 0.240 (V)	mm
	TFT Active Area	245.76 x 184.32	mm
	Technology Type	a-Si	
	Pixel Configuration	R.G.B Vertical Stripe	
	Display Mode	SFT, Normally Black	
	Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare	
	Viewing Direction	All Direction	
Mechanical Characteristics	LCM (W x H x D)	260.5x203x9.5	mm
	Weight	557	g
Optical Characteristics	Luminance	Typ:1300	cd/m2
	Contrast Ratio	Typ:1000:1	
	NTSC	Typ:72	%
	Viewing Angle	88/88/88/88(SFT)	degree
Electrical Characteristics	Interface	LVDS 6/8 bits	
	Color Depth	16.7 Million color/262 Kilo color	color
	Power Consumption	LCD:800 Backlight:9660	mW

Table 2.1 General TFT Specifications

### 3. Input / Output Terminals

#### 3.1 CN1 Pin assignment (LCD Interface)

Connector Information	
Connector type	FI-SEB20P-HFE(JAE)
Matching connector	FI-S20S, FI-SE20-ME(JAE)

Table 3.1.1 Connector information

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	Vcc	P	3.3V power supply	
2	Vcc	P	3.3V power supply	
3	GND	P	Ground	
4	GND	P	Ground	
5	D0-	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
6	D0+	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
7	GND	P	Ground	
8	D1-	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
9	D1+	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
10	GND	P	Ground	
11	D2-	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
12	D2+	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
13	GND	P	Ground	
14	CLK-	I	Negative LVDS differential clk input	
15	CLK+	I	Positive LVDS differential clk input	
16	GND	P	Ground	
17	D3-	I	Negative LVDS differential data input	
18	D3+	I	Positive LVDS differential data input	
19	MODE	I	6-bit / 8-bit input select for LVDS interface. High or Open: 8bit Low: 6bit.	Defalut H
20	SC	I	Scan direction control (High or Open: Normal Low: Reverse)	Defalut H

Table 3.1.2 Pin Assignment for LCD Interface

Note1:I---Input, O---Output, P--- Power/Ground

Note2: All of the GND Pins should be connected to the system ground.



### 3.2 CN2 Pin assignment (Back Light)

Connector Information	
Connector type	SM10B-SHLS-TF(LF)(SN)(JST)
Matching connector	SHLP-10V-S-B(JST)

Table 3.2.1 Connector information

Pin	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark
1	NC	N	This pin should be open	
2	NC	N	This pin should be open	
3	LEDC1	P	Cathode 1	
4	LEDA1	P	Anode 1	
5	LEDA2	P	Anode 2	
6	LEDC2	P	Cathode 2	
7	LEDC3	P	Cathode 3	
8	LEDA3	P	Anode 3	
9	LEDA4	P	Anode 4	
10	LEDC4	P	Cathode 4	

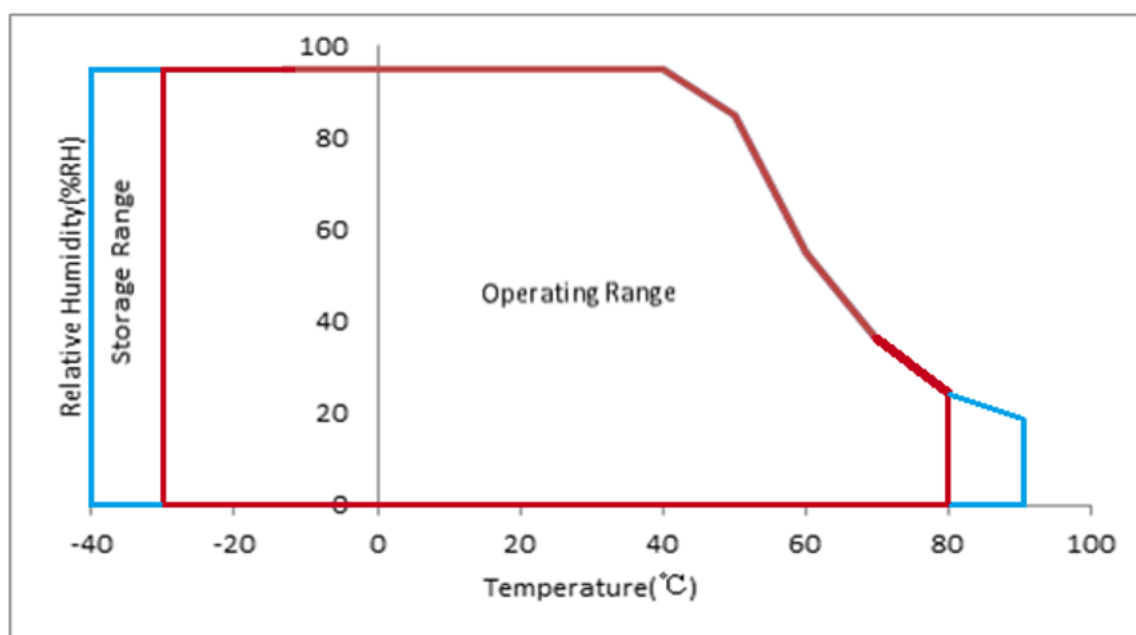
Table 3.2.2 Pin Assignment for Back Light Interface

Note1: P--- Power; NC--- Not connected.

## 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	MIN	MAX	Unit	Remark
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3	5	V	Note1
	VLVDS	-0.3	5	V	Note2
Operating Temperature	Top	-30	80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	90	°C	-
Relative Humidity Note2	RH	--	≤95	%	Ta≤40°C
		--	≤85	%	40°C<Ta≤50°C
		--	≤55	%	50°C<Ta≤60°C
		--	≤36	%	60°C<Ta≤70°C
		--	≤24	%	70°C<Ta≤80°C
Absolute Humidity	AH	--	≤70	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta>80°C

**Table 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**



**Table 4.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings chart**

Note1: Input voltage include MODE,SC,VCC.

Note2: Including Link0+/-, Link1+/-, Link2+/-, Link3+/-,CLKIN+/-.

Note3:Ta means the ambient temperature. It is necessary to limit the relative humidity to the specified temperature range. Condensation on the module is not allowed.

Note4:The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. A module should be used with any of the absolute maximum ratings exceeded, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered, or in an extreme condition, the module may be permanently destroyed



## 5. Electrical Characteristics

### 5.1 DC Characteristics for Panel Driving

VCC=3.3V, GND=0V, Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remark
Power supply Voltage	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Power supply ripple	Vp-p	-	-	200	mV	
Power supply current	IDD	-	240	270	mA	
LCD power consumption	P	-	-	800	mW	
Gate On Voltage	VGH	-	23	-	V	
Gate On Voltage	VGL	-	-7	-	V	
Differential input voltage	Vid	-	-	-	mV	
Power For Analog Circuit	AVDD	-	12.5	-	V	
Logic Input Voltage	Low level	VIL	0	-	0.3VDD	mV
	High level	ViH	0.7VDD	-	VDD	mV
Inrush current	Irush	-	-	1	A	Power on $\geq$ 470us

Table 5.1.1 Operating Voltages

### 5.2 DC Characteristics for Backlight Driving

Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
Forward Current Voltage (per string)	V <sub>F</sub>	18.9	21	22.4	V	
Forward Current(per string)	I <sub>F</sub>	--	115	120	mA	
Backlight Power Consumption	W <sub>BL</sub>	--	9660	--	mW	
LED life time	--	80000	100000	--	Hrs	

Table 5.2.1 LED Backlight Characteristics

Note 1: The figure below shows the connection of backlight LED.

Note 2: Optical performance should be evaluated at Ta=25°C only.

Note 3: If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition, The life time of LED will be reduced.

Note 4: Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% of initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.

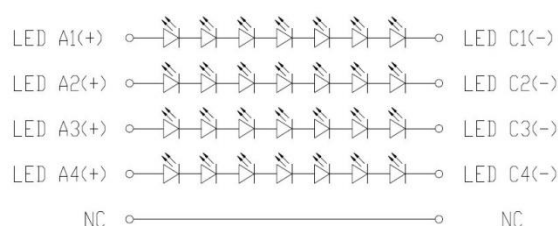
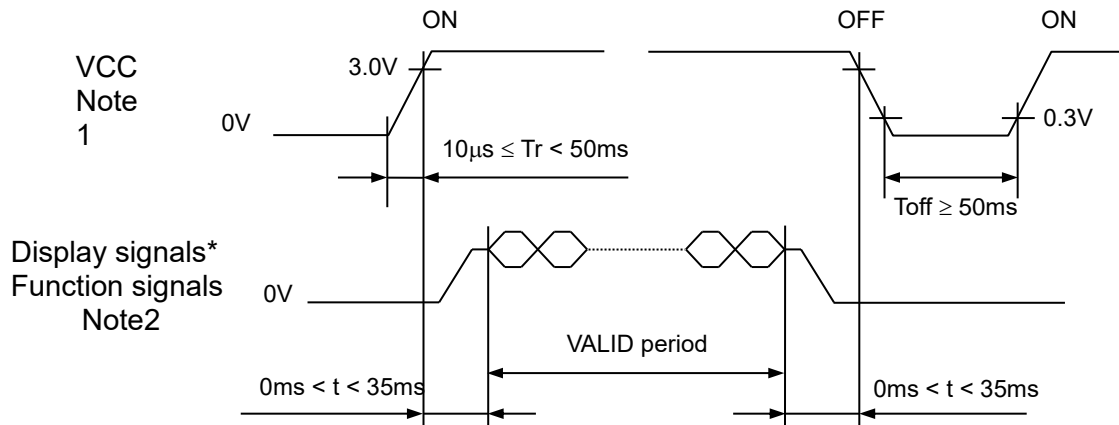


Figure 5.2.1 LED connection of backlight

### 5.3 Recommended Power ON/OFF Sequence



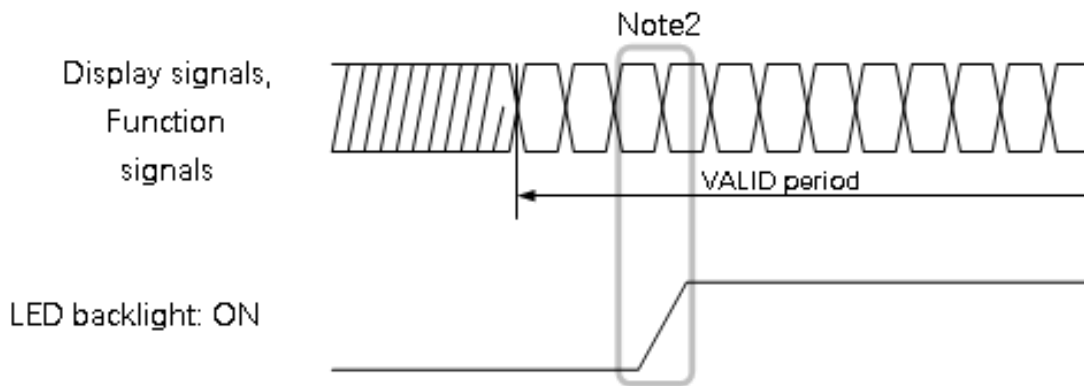
**Figure 5.3.1 Power On/off sequence**

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

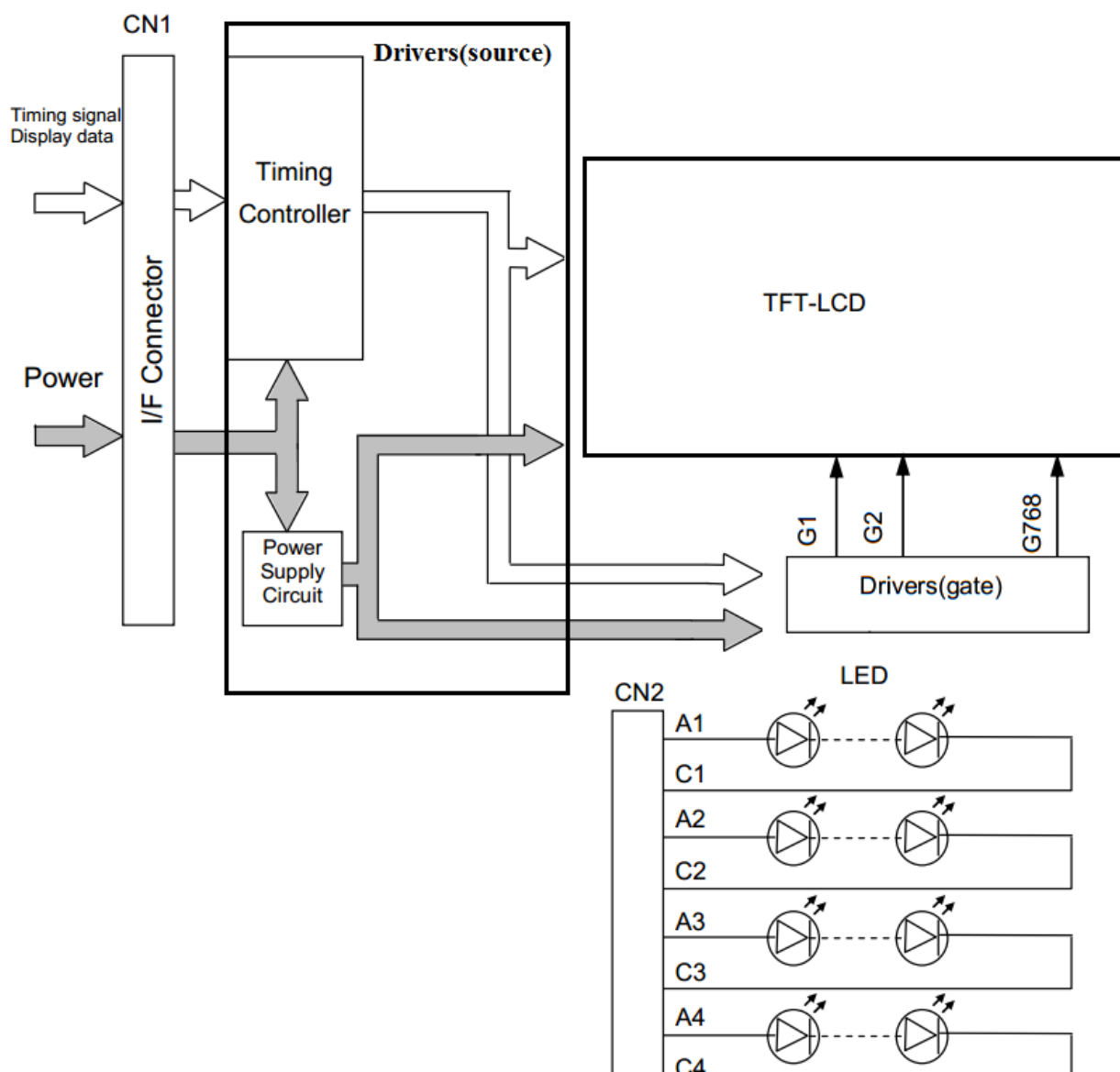
LED driver board



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

## 5.4 LCD Module Block Diagram



**Figure 5.4.1 LCD Module Block Diagram**

Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND-FG	Connected
--------	-----------

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds be connected together in customer equipment.

## 6. Timing Characteristics

### 6.1 LVDS interface AC characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Clock frequency	FLVCLK	25	-	85	MHz	Refer to input timing table for each display resolution.
Clock Period	TLVCLK	11.76	-	40	nsec	
Clock high time	TLVCH	-	$4/(7 \cdot \text{RXFCLK})$	-	ns	
Clock low time	TLVCL	-	$3/(7 \cdot \text{RXFCLK})$	-	ns	
Input data skew margin	TRSKM	-	-	0.25	UI	$V_{CC\_IF}=1.8V$ w/o SSC
Strobe width	TSW	0.5	-	-	UI	
1 data bit time	UI	-	1/7	-	TLVCLK	
Position 1	TPOS1	-0.25	0	0.25	UI	
Position 0	TPOS0	0.75	1	1.25	UI	
Position 6	TPOS6	1.75	2	2.25	UI	
Position 5	TPOS5	2.75	3	3.25	UI	
Position 4	TPOS4	3.75	4	4.25	UI	
Position 3	TPOS3	4.75	5	5.25	UI	
Position 2	TPOS2	5.75	6	6.25	UI	

Table 6.1.1 LVDS interface AC characteristic

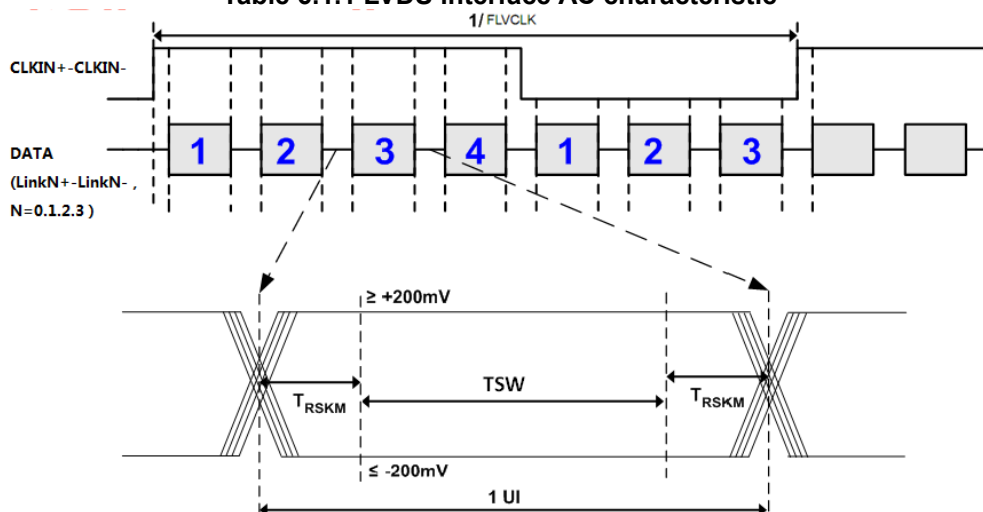


Table 6.1.2 LVDS Data Skew

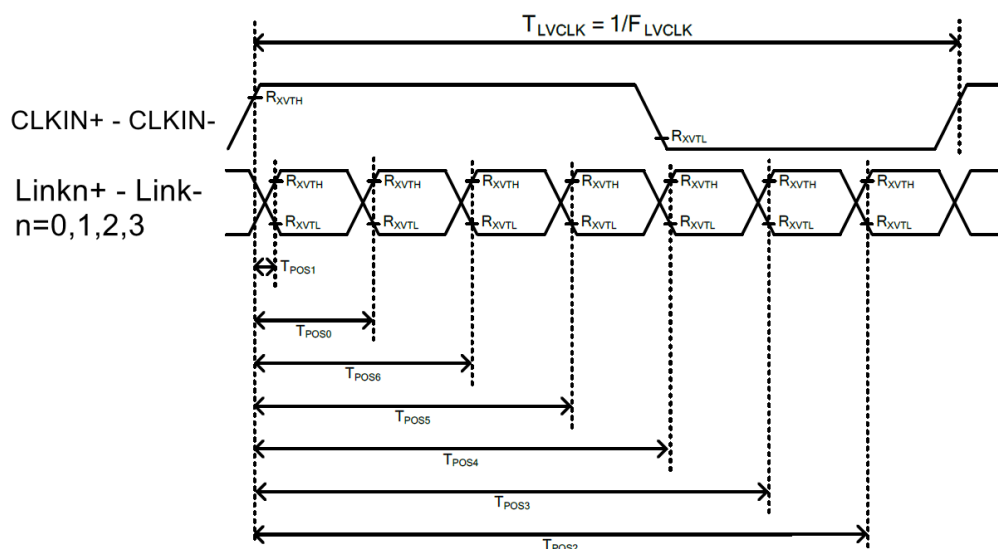


Table 6.1.3 Clock and Data Input Timing Diagram

## 6.2 Data Input Timing Parameter Setting

### DE mode for 1024RGBx768

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
CLK	Frequency	1/tc	50.34	50.66	80	MHz	19.74ns(typ.)
DE	Horizontal	Display area	thd	1024			CLK
		Period time	th	-	21.477	-	μs
	Vertical (One frame)	Display area	tvd	768			H
				-	16.666	-	ms
		Period time	tv	1084	1088	1332	CLK
				774	776	1001	H

Table 6.2.1 Data Input Timing Parameters

## 6.3 LVDS Interface Timing Characteristics

### 6.3.1 LVDS Input Data Format 8-bit LVDS VESA

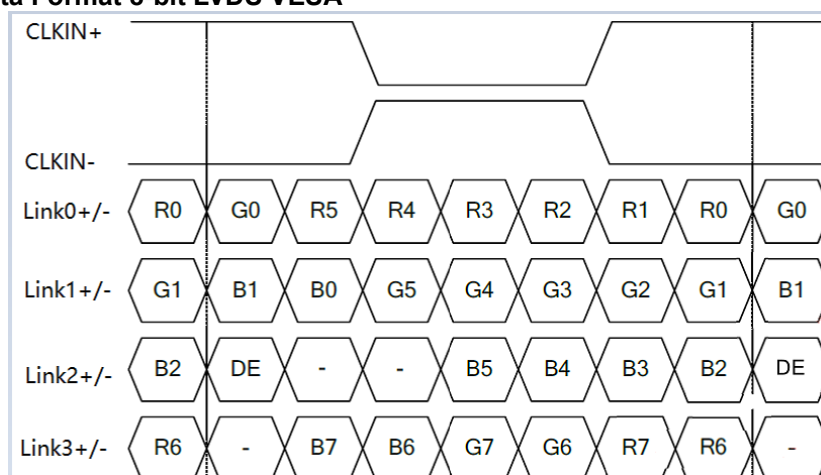


Figure 6.3.1 8-bit LVDS data map

### 6.3.2 LVDS Input Data Format 6-bit LVDS VESA

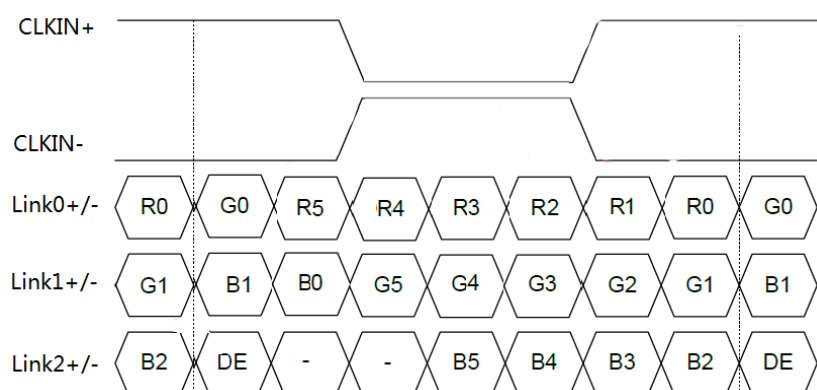
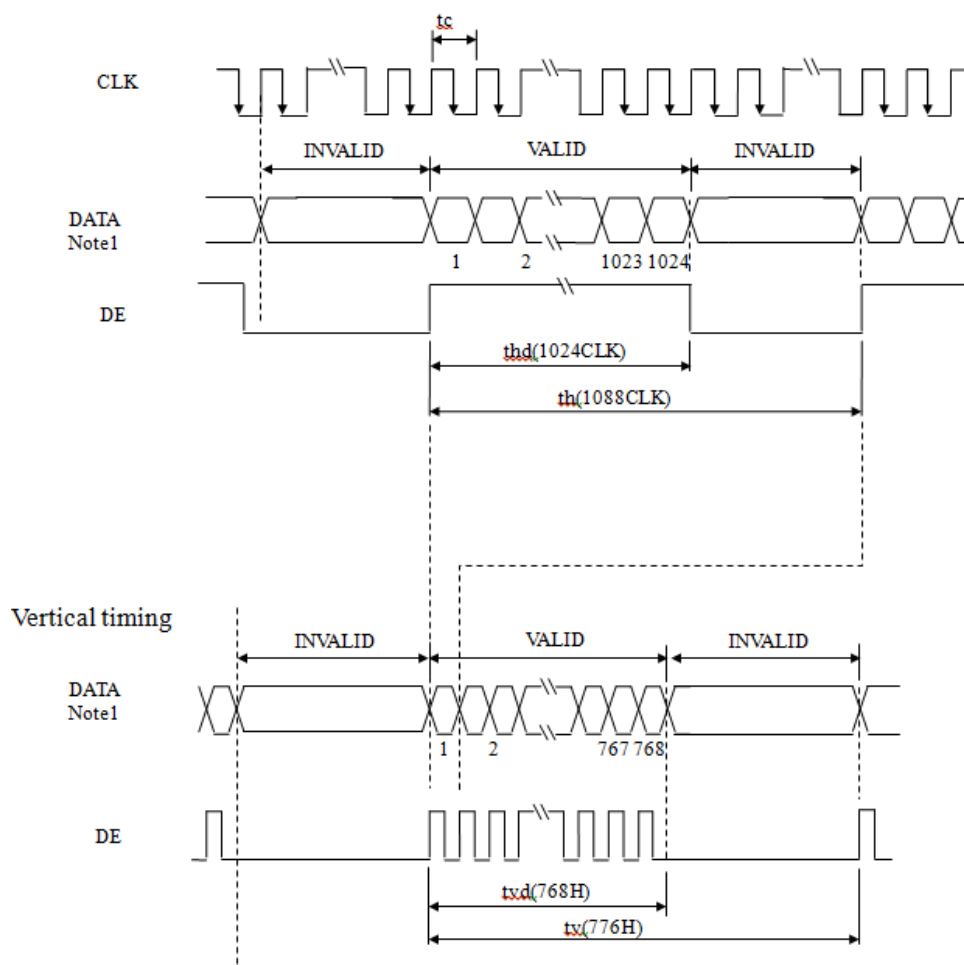


Figure 6.3.2 LVDS data map

## 6.4 LVDS Input Timing Format



**Figure 6.4.1 Recommended input timing of LVDS transmitter**

Note1: DATA = R0-R7, G0-G7, B0-B7

## 7. Optical Characteristics

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
View Angles		θT	CR≥10	80	88	--	Degree	Note2,3
		θB		80	88	--		
		θL		80	88	--		
		θR		80	88	--		
Contrast Ratio		CR	θ=0°	800	1000	--		Note 3
Response Time		T <sub>ON</sub>	25℃	--	25	35	ms	Note 4
		T <sub>OFF</sub>						
Chromaticity	White	x	Backlight is on	0.256	0.306	0.356		Note 1,5
		y		0.284	0.334	0.384		
	Red	x		0.582	0.632	0.682		Note 1,5
		y		0.284	0.334	0.384		
	Green	x		0.248	0.298	0.348		Note 1,5
		y		0.578	0.628	0.678		
	Blue	x		0.104	0.154	0.204		Note 1,5
		y		0.006	0.056	0.106		
Luminance Uniformity		U	-	75	80		%	Note 6
NTSC				65	72	--	%	Note 5
Luminance		L		1000	1300		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note 7

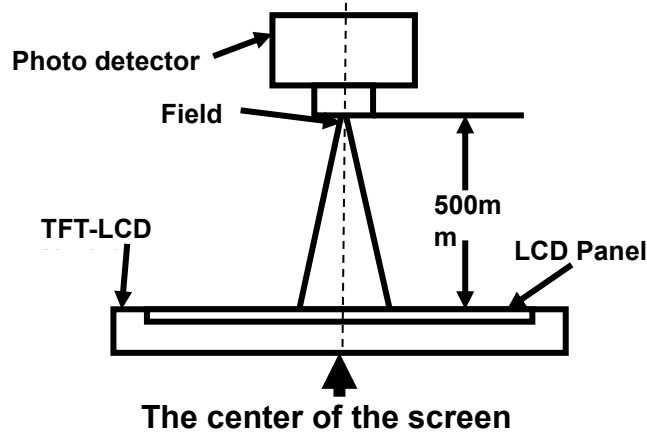
Table 7.1 Optical Parameters

Test Conditions:

1.  $I_F = 115 \text{ mA/LED}$ , and the ambient temperature is 25℃.
2. The test systems refer to Note1 and Note2.

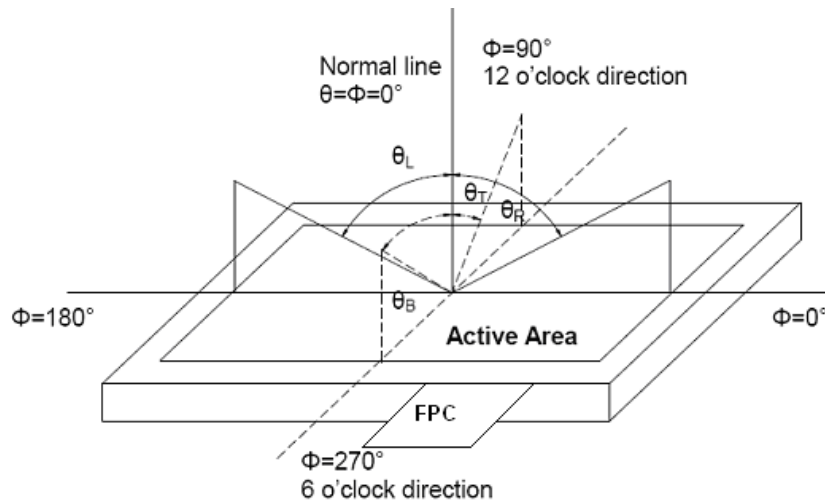
Note1: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 5 Minutes operation, the optical characteristics are measured at the center point of the LCD screen.



**Fig1. Measurement Set Up**

Note2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system. Viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD .



**Fig2. Measurement viewing angle**

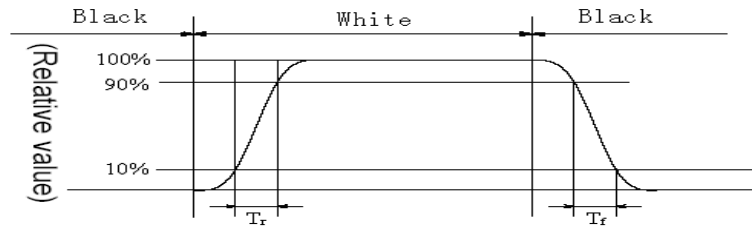
Note3: Definition of contrast ratio

$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "Black" state}}$$

Note4: Definition of Response time

For SFT LCM, the response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time ( $T_r$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%. And fall time ( $T_f$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%.





**Fig4. Response Time Testing(SFT)**

Note5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note6: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

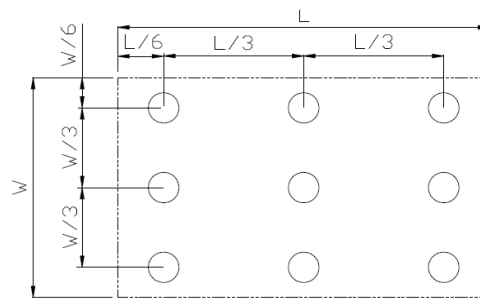
Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer Fig.5). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (U) =  $L_{min} / L_{max}$

$L_{max}$ : The measured Maximum luminance of all measurement position.

$L_{min}$ : The measured Minimum luminance of all measurement position.

L-----Active area length; W----- Active area width



**Fig5. Luminance Uniformity Measurement Locations(9 points)**

Note7: Definition of Luminance:

Measure the luminance of white state at center point.

## 8. Reliability Test

No	Test Item	Condition	Remarks
1	High Temperature Operation	Ta = +80℃, 240 hours	IEC60068-2-2 GB2423.2
2	Low Temperature Operation	Ta = -30℃, 240 hours	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1
3	High Temperature Storage	Ta = +90℃, 240 hours	IEC60068-2-2 GB2423.2
4	Low Temperature Storage	Ta = -40℃, 240 hours	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1
5	Storage at High Temperature and Humidity	Ta = +60℃, 90% RH max, 240 hours	IEC60068-2-78 GB/T2423.3
6	Thermal Shock (non-operation)	-30℃ 30 min~+80℃ 30 min, Change time: 5min, 100 Cycle	Start with cold temperature, End with high temperature, IEC60068-2-14, GB2423.22
7	ESD	C=150pF, R=330Ω, 9 point/panel Air: ±15KV, 5 times; Contact: ±8KV, 5 times (Environment: 15℃~35℃, 30%RH~60%RH, 86Kpa~106Kpa)	IEC61000-4-2 GB/T17626.2
8	Vibration Test (Non Op)	5~100HZ, 19.60m/s <sup>2</sup> 1min/cycle 120 times Per X/Y/Z	IEC60068-2-6 GB/T17626.6
9	Mechanical Shock (Non Op)	539m/s <sup>2</sup> , 11ms 5 times ±X, ±Y, ±Z	IEC60068-2-27 GB/T2423.5

**Table 8.1 RA test condition**

Note1: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.

Note2: Ta is the ambient temperature of sample.

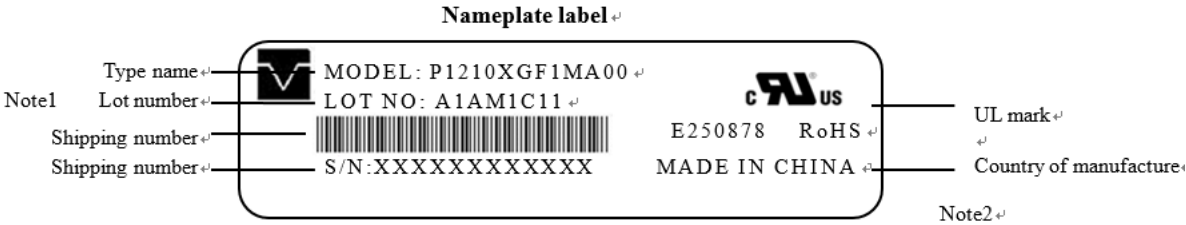
Note3: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.

Note 4: In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problem that may affect the display function. After the reliability test, only guarantee the operation of the product, but don't guarantee all of the cosmetic specification.

### 9. MARKINGS

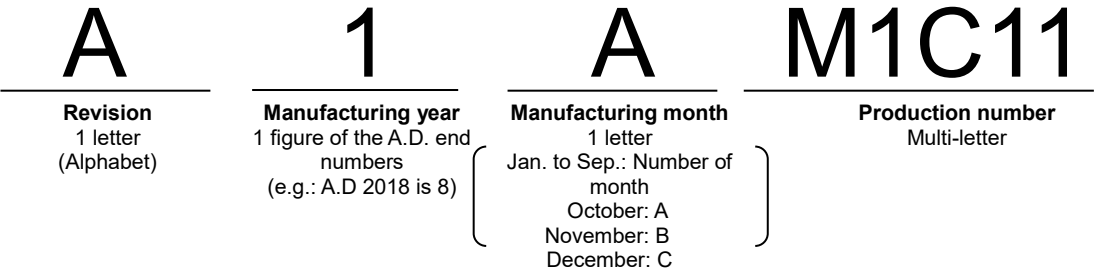
The various markings are attached to this product. See "10. OUTLINE DRAWINGS" for attachment positions.

#### 9.1 NAMEPLATE LABEL



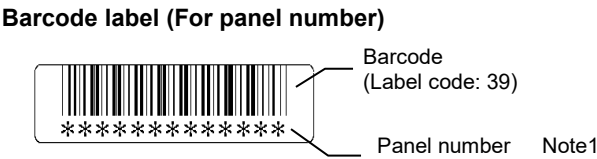
Note1: The meaning of lot number

- Example: A1AM0C11



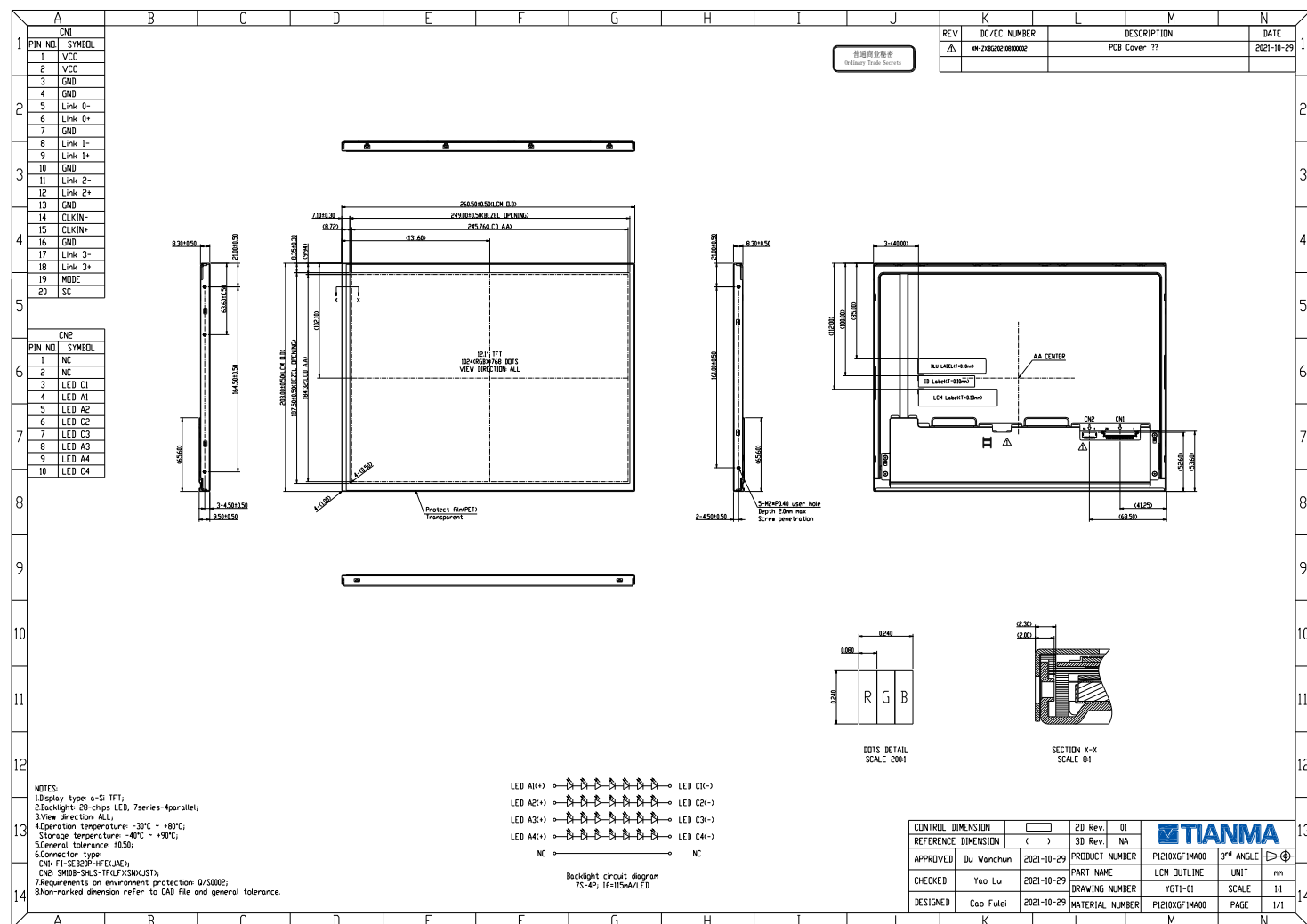
Note2: **Do not attach anything like another label on the nameplate label!** In case of replace the product, Tianma needs the contents of nameplate such as the lot number, inspection date and so on, to identify the warranty period with individual product. If Tianma cannot decipher the contents of nameplate, replace shall be charged.

#### 9.2 BARCODE LABEL



Note1: The same panel number is given to barcode label and nameplate label.

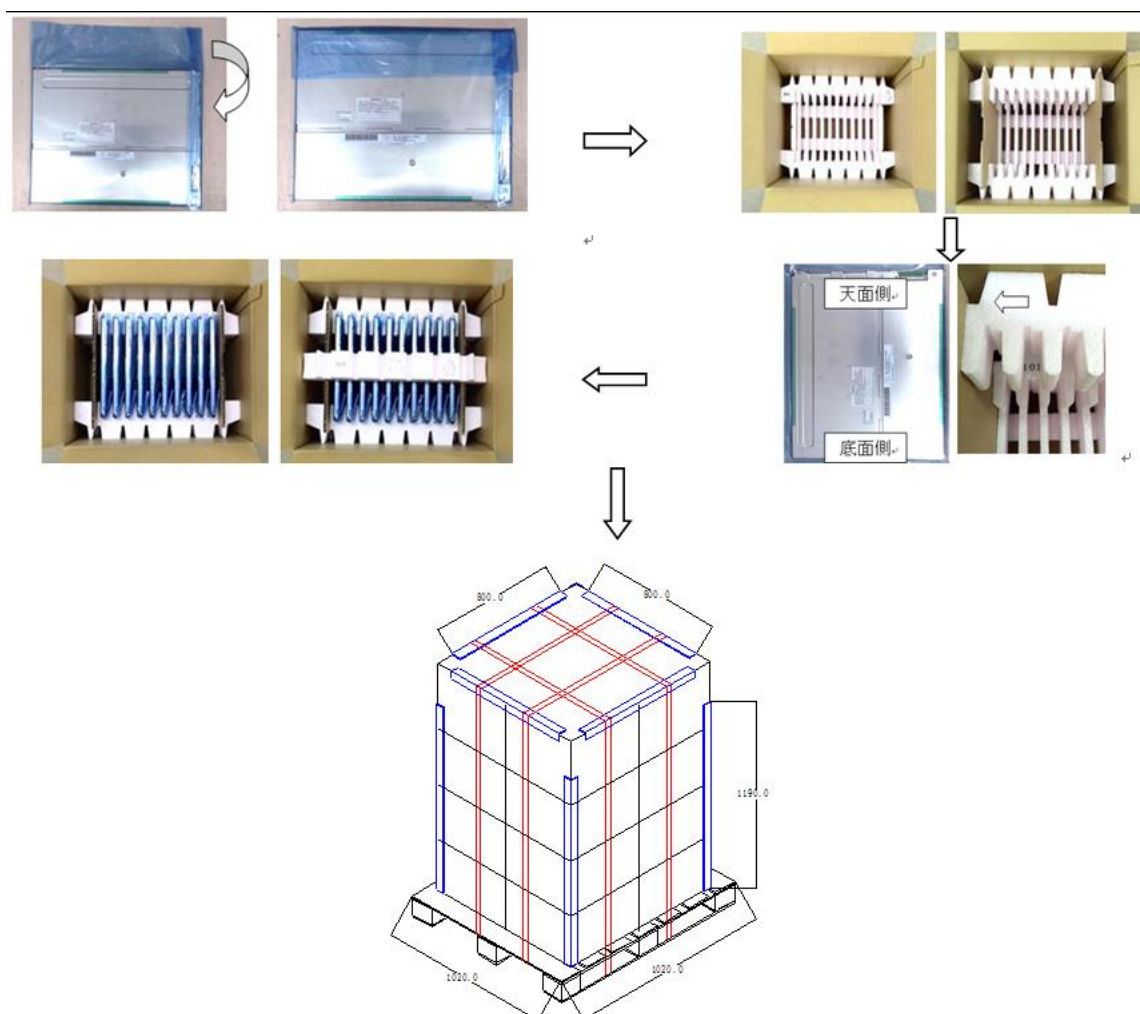
## 10. Mechanical Drawing



### Figure 9.1 Mechanical Drawing

## 11. Packing Instruction

No	Item	Model (Material)	Dimensions(mm)	Weight(Kg)	Quantity	Remark
1	LCM module	P1210XGF1MA00	260.5×203×9.5	0.557	10	
2	Partition board	Corrugated paper	271×215	0.032	2	
3	Anti-static Bag	LD-PE	435x325x0.05	0.015	10	
4	EPP-Bottom	EPP	430×390×140	0.116	1	
5	EPP-Top	EPP	430×90×40	0.017	1	
6	Carton	Corrugated paper	433×395×310	1.068	1	
7	Total weight	6.985 Kg±5 %				



## 12 Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

### 12.1 Handling Precautions

- (1) The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to mechanical shock by dropping it, etc.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal fluid inside it leaks out be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the fluid comes into contact with your skin or clothes promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the bezel since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle the polarizer carefully.
- (5) If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is still not completely clear use a moist cloth with one of the following solvents:
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol
 Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Specifically, do not use the following:
  - Water
  - Ketone
  - Aromatic solvents
- (6) Do not disassemble the LCD Module.
- (7) If powered off, do not apply the input signals.
- (8) To prevent destruction of the module by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
- (9) Be sure to ground your body when handling the LCD Modules.
- (10) Tools used for assembly, must be properly grounded.
- (11) To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly or other work under very low humidity conditions.
- (12) The LCD Module is covered with a film to protect the display surface, remove film slowly under the ionizer.

### 12.2 Storage precautions

- (1) When storing the LCD modules avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- (2) The LCD modules should be stored within the rated storage temperature range. The recommend condition is: Temperature: 0 ~ 35 °C at normal humidity.
- (3) The LCD modules should be stored in a room without acid, alkali or other harmful gas.

### 12.3 Transportation Precautions

The LCD modules should not be dropped or subject to violent mechanical shock during transportation. Also they should avoid excessive pressure, water, high humidity and direct sunlight.

### 12.4 Screen saver Precautions

Not display the fixed pattern for a long time. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen

### 12.5 Safety Precautions

- (1) When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned
- (2) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the LED backlight cable.
- (3) LED driver should be designed to limit or stop its function when over current is detected on the LED.