

SPECIFICATION

OF

LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY MODULE



CUSTOMER : URT-STD

Model No. : UMOH-9587MD-T

Model version : 0

Document Revision : 0

CUSTOMER APPROVED SIGNATURE			

This specification need to be signed by purchaser or customer as a specification of products production and delivery from URT. Without signature of this specification , any purchase order for this model no. will be treated and considered that this specification is automatically acknowledged and accepted by purchaser or customer.

 **U.R.T.**  **UNITED RADIANT TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION**

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1. BASIC SPECIFICATION

1.1 Mechanical specifications

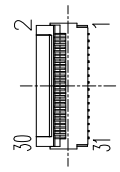
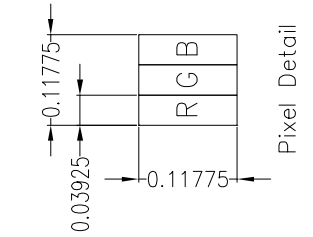
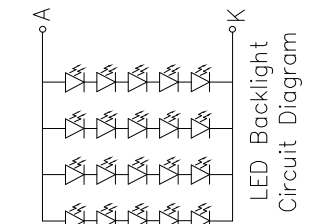
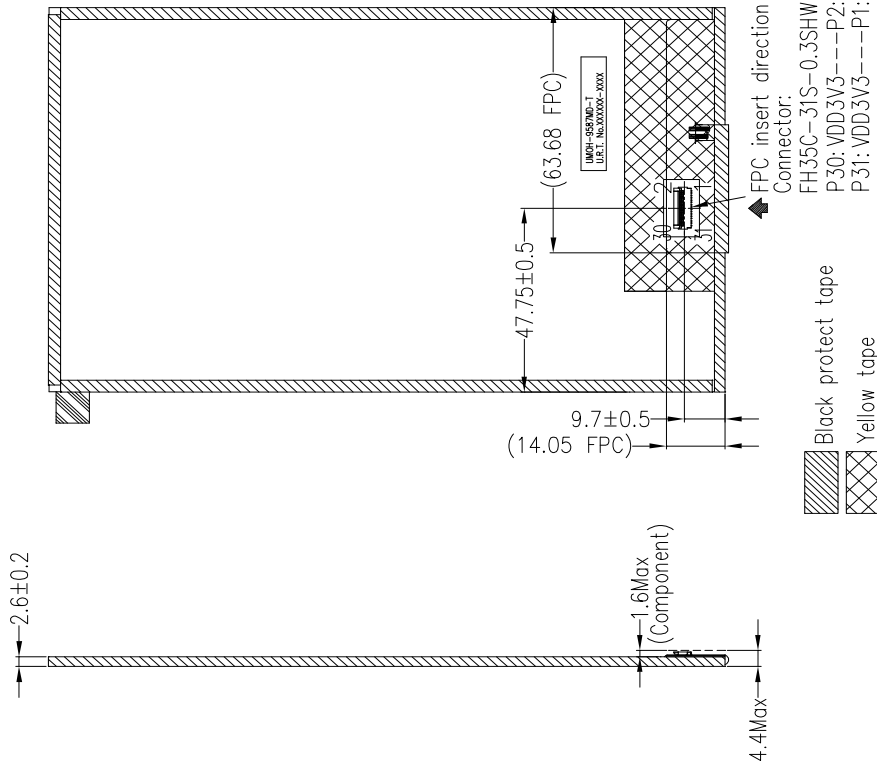
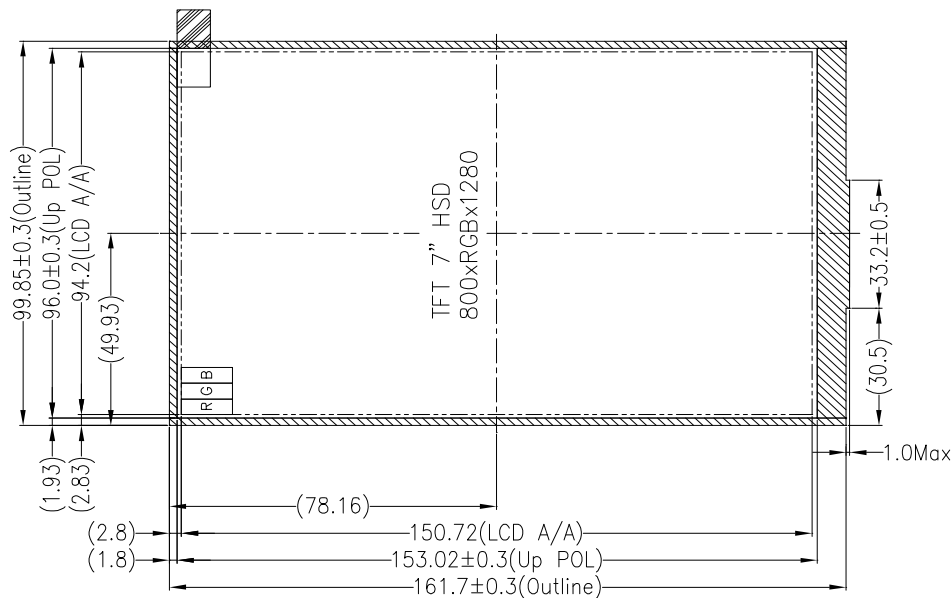
Items	Nominal Dimension	Unit
Active screen size	7.0" diagonal	-
Dot Matrix	800 x R.G.B. x 1280	Pixel
Module Size (W x V x T)	99.85 x 161.7 x 2.6	mm.
Active Area (W x V)	94.2 x 150.72	mm.
Dot Pitch (W x V)	0.11775 x 0.11775	mm.
Color depth	16.7M	color
Interface	MIPI interface	-
LCM Driver IC	ILI9881	-
Driving IC Package	COG	-
Module Weight	84±10%	g

1.2 Display specification

Display	Descriptions	Note
LCD Type	IPS	-
LCD Mode	Normally Black	-
Polarizer Mode	Transmission	-
Polarizer Surface	Anti-Glare	-
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-
Backlight Type	LED	-
Viewing Direction	Full	-

1.3 Outline dimension

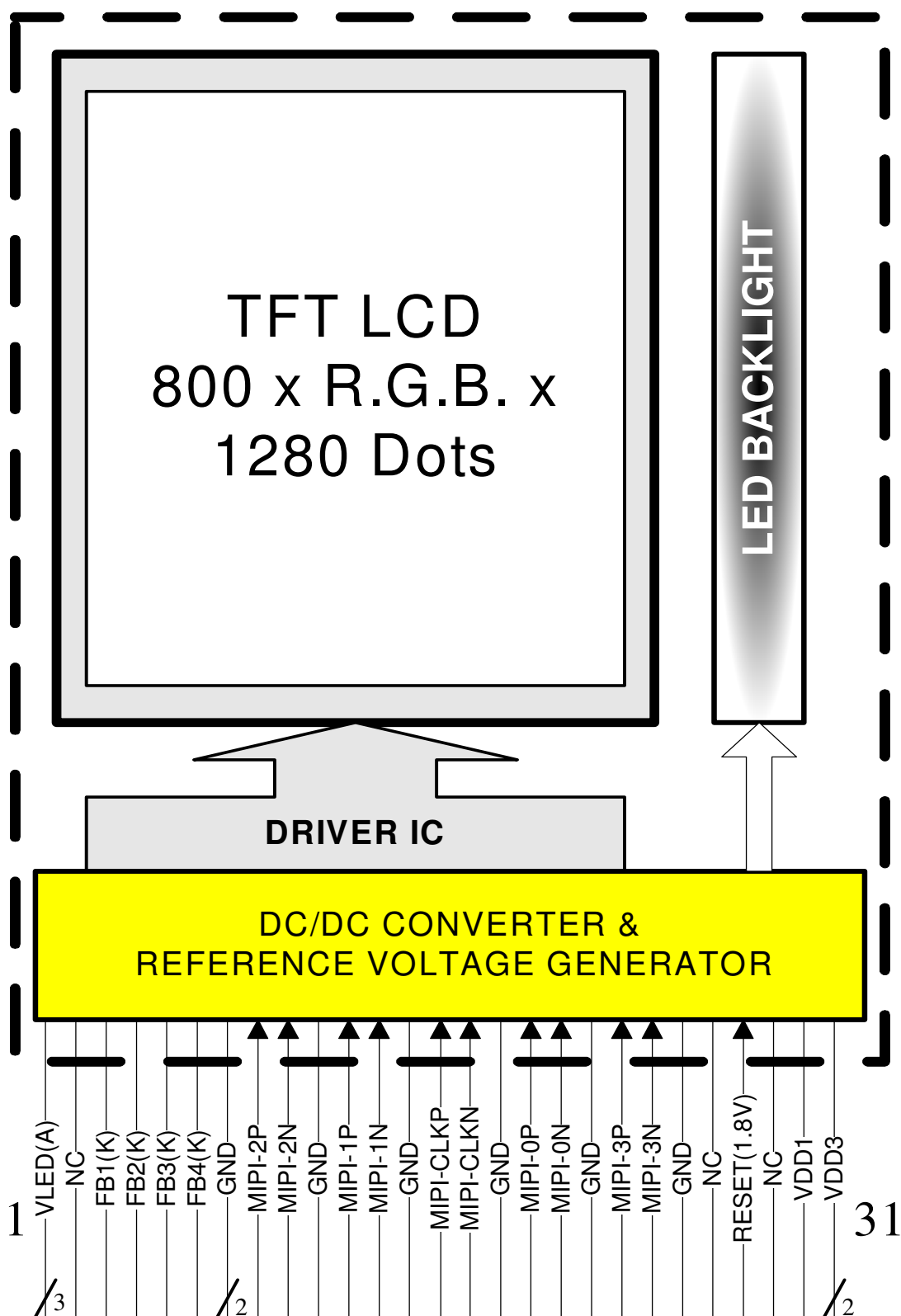
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Pin No.	Signal
1	VLED(A)
2	VLED(A)
3	VLED(A)
4	NC
5	FB1(K)
6	FB2(K)
7	FB3(K)
8	FB4(K)
9	GND
10	GND
11	MPI-2P
12	MPI-2N
13	GND
14	MPI-1P
15	MPI-1N
16	GND
17	MPI-CLKP
18	MPI-CLKN
19	GND
20	MPI-OP
21	MPI-ON
22	GND
23	MPI-3P
24	MPI-3N
25	GND
26	NC
27	RESET
28	NC
29	VDD1V8
30	VDD3V3
31	VDD3V3

- NOTE:
- 1.LCD: 7.0" TFT, Transmissive Type, Normally Black, Anti-Glare
 - 2.Top: -20~+70°C, Tst: -30~+80°C
 - 3.TFT Viewing Direction: Full Viewing
 - 4.Backlight LED Color: White 5x4=20 pcs, Constant Current If=80mA, Vf=15.0V(typ)
 - 5.Tolerance for not assigned: ±0.3 mm
 - 6.This product conform with the standard of ROHS

1.4 Block diagram:



1.5 Interface pin Connection:

Pin No.	Pin Symbol	I/O	Description
1~3	VLED(A)	P	Power for LED backlight (Anode)
4	NC	-	No connection
5	FB1(K)	P	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)
6	FB2(K)	P	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)
7	FB3(K)	P	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)
8	FB4(K)	P	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)
9~10	GND	P	Ground
11	MIPI-2P	I	MIPI data positive signal
12	MIPI-2N	I	MIPI data negative signal
13	GND	P	Ground
14	MIPI-1P	I	MIPI data positive signal
15	MIPI-1N	I	MIPI data negative signal
16	GND	P	Ground
17	MIPI-CLKP	I	MIPI CLK positive signal
18	MIPI-CLKN	I	MIPI CLK negative signal
19	GND	P	Ground
20	MIPI-0P	I	MIPI data positive signal
21	MIPI-0N	I	MIPI data negative signal
22	GND	P	Ground
23	MIPI-3P	I	MIPI data positive signal
24	MIPI-3N	I	MIPI data negative signal
25	GND	P	Ground
26	NC	-	No connection
27	RESET(1.8V)	I	Chip reset pin
28	NC	-	No connection
29	VDD1	P	A power supply for the logic power and I/O circuit. VDD1=1.65 to 3.6V.
30~31	VDD3	P	A power supply for the analog power. VDD3=3.0V to 3.6V.

2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Items	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD1	1.65	3.6	V
	VDD3	-0.3	6.0	
Input Voltage	VIH	0.7*VDD1	VDD1	V
	VIL	0	0.3*VDD1	
Operate temperature range	T _{OP}	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{ST}	-30	80	°C

2.2 DC Characteristics

Typical Operation Conditions

(Note 1)

T_a= 25°C

Items	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD1	1.65	1.8	3.6	V
	VDD3	3.0	3.3	3.6	V

Current Consumption

(Note 1)

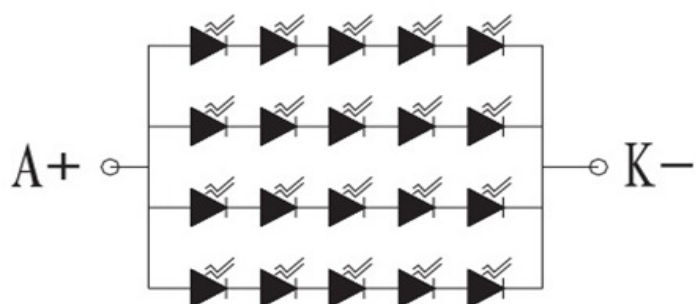
T_a= 25°C

Items	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Current for Driver	IVDD1	-	25	-	mA
	IVDD3	-	45	-	mA

2.3 Back-light only Specification:

PARAMETER	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Note
LED Light Bar Power Supply Voltage	VL	-	16.5	-	V	Total LED
LED Light Bar Power Supply Current	IL	-	80	-	mA	IF=80mA
Reverse current	IR	-	-	50	uA	VR=5V,1LED
Peak forward current	IFP		100		mA	Total LED
Power Consumption	PL	-	1.32		W	1LED

※1. Internal Circuit Diagram

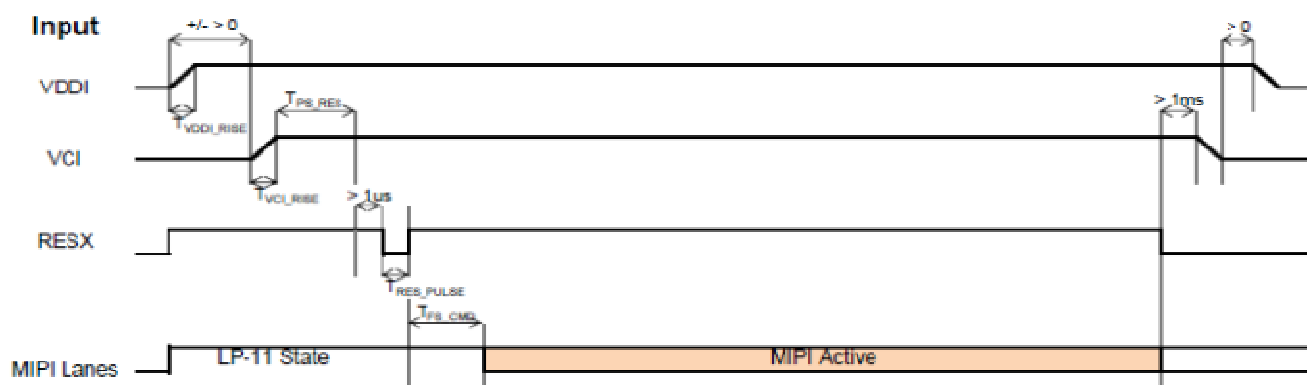


CURRENT IF=80mA

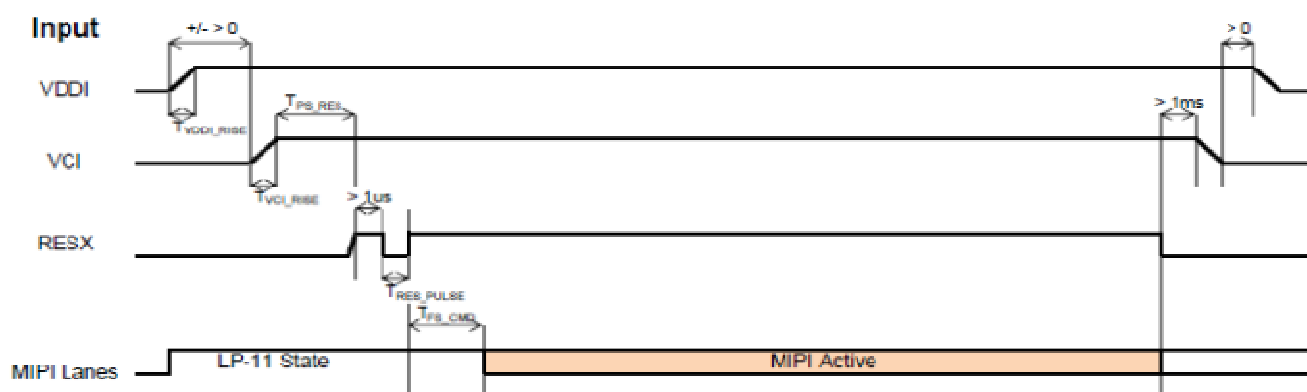
5*4=20LED

2.4 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

Case A:



Case B:



Symbol	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
T_{VDDI_RISE}	VDDI Rise time	10	-	-	us
T_{VCI_RISE}	Case A: VCI Rise time	130	-	-	us
	Case B: VCI Rise time	40			
T_{PS_RES}	VDDI/VCI on to Reset high	5	-	-	ms
T_{RES_PULSE}	Reset low pulse time	10	-	-	us
T_{FS_CMD}	Reset to first command	10	-	-	ms

2.5 INITIAL CODE

FFH 98H	20H 05H	50H 10H
81H	21H 02H	51H 32H
03H	22H 00H	52H 54H
	23H 00H	53H 76H
01H 00H	24H 00H	54H 98H
02H 00H	25H 00H	55H BAH
03H 72H	26H 00H	56H 10H
04H 00H	27H 00H	57H 32H
05H 00H	28H 33H	58H 54H
06H 09H	29H 22H	59H 76H
07H 00H	2AH 00H	5AH 98H
08H 00H	2BH 00H	5BH BAH
09H 00H	2CH 00H	5CH DCH
0AH 00H	2DH 00H	5DH FEH
0BH 00H	2EH 00H	5EH 00H
0CH 00H	2FH 00H	5FH 01H
0DH 00H	30H 00H	60H 00H
0EH 00H	31H 00H	61H 15H
0FH 00H	32H 00H	62H 14H
10H 00H	33H 00H	63H 0EH
11H 00H	34H 04H	64H 0FH
12H 00H	35H 00H	65H 0CH
13H 00H	36H 00H	66H 0DH
14H 00H	37H 00H	67H 06H
15H 00H	38H 3CH	68H 02H
16H 00H	39H 00H	69H 02H
17H 00H	3AH 00H	6AH 02H
18H 00H	3BH 00H	6BH 02H
19H 00H	3CH 00H	6CH 02H
1AH 00H	3DH 00H	6DH 02H
1BH 00H	3EH 00H	6EH 07H
1CH 00H	3FH 00H	6FH 02H
1DH 00H	40H 00H	70H 02H
1EH 40H	41H 00H	71H 02H
1FH 80H	42H 00H	72H 02H
	43H 00H	73H 02H
	44H 00H	74H 02H
		75H 01H

76H	00H	35H	1FH	B2H	5BH
77H	14H	33H	14H	B3H	23H
78H	15H	7AH	0FH	C0H	00H
79H	0EH	38H	01H	C1H	11H
7AH	0FH	39H	00H	C2H	1EH
7BH	0CH			C3H	0FH
7CH	0DH	FFH	98H	C4H	12H
7DH	06H		81H	C5H	26H
7EH	02H		01H	C6H	1CH
7FH	02H			C7H	1EH
80H	02H	22H	0AH	C8H	87H
81H	02H	31H	00H	C9H	19H
82H	02H	53H	45H	CAH	26H
83H	02H	55H	4EH	CBH	7FH
84H	07H	50H	C7H	CCH	20H
85H	02H	51H	C2H	CDH	22H
86H	02H	60H	25H	CEH	58H
87H	02H	63H	00H	CFH	2AH
88H	02H			D0H	2EH
89H	02H	A0H	00H	D1H	50H
8AH	02H	A1H	16H	D2H	5DH
		A2H	26H	D3H	23H
		A3H	16H		
FFH	98H	A4H	19H	FFH	98H
	81H	A5H	2BH		81H
	04H	A6H	1EH		00H
		A7H	20H		
6EH	2AH	A8H	93H		11H
6FH	35H	A9H	20H		DELYA(120ms)
3AH	24H	AAH	2CH		29H
8DH	14H	ABH	87H		
87H	BAH	ACH	1FH		
26H	76H	ADH	1FH		
B2H	D1H	AEH	53H		
B5H	27H	AFH	27H		
31H	75H	B0H	2AH		
30H	03H	B1H	52H		
3BH	98H				

2.6 DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power & Operation Voltage							
Analog operating voltage	VCI	-	2.5	2.8	6.6	V	
Analog operating voltage	VCIREF		2.5	2.8	6.6	V	
Digital operating voltage	VDDI	-	1.65	2.8	3.6	V	
Digital operating voltage	VCC1		1.65	2.8	6.6	V	
Digital operating voltage	VCC2		1.65	2.8	6.6	V	
DSI operating voltage	VDDAM	-	1.65	1.8	3.6	V	
OTP Supply voltage	MTP_PWR	-	8.4	8.5	8.6	V	
Analog operating voltage	VSP	-	4.5		6.6	V	
Analog operating voltage	VSN	-	-6.6		-4.5	V	
Logic High level input voltage	VIH	-	0.7*VDDI		VDDI	V	Note1
Logic Low level input voltage	VIL	-	-0.3		0.3*VDDI	V	Note1
Logic High level output voltage TE , LEDPWM	VOH	IOH = -1.0mA	0.8*VDDI		VDDI	V	Note1
Logic Low level output voltage TE , LEDPWM	VOL	IOL = +1.0mA	0		0.2*VDDI	V	Note1
Gate Driver High Voltage	VGH	-	8.0	-	18	V	
Gate Driver Low Voltage	VGL	-	-18.0	-	-7.0	V	
Driver Supply Voltage	-	[VGH-VGL]	15	-	32	V	
VCOM Operation							
DC VCOM Amplitude Voltage	VCOM	-	-4.0	-	0	V	Note3

Notes:

1. Ta = -30 to 70 °C (to 85 °C no damage) , VCI = 2.5V to 6.6V, VDDI = 1.65V to 3.6V
2. Supply digital VDDI voltage equal or less than analog VCI voltage.
3. Source channel loading = 9KΩ,70pF/channel

2.7 AC characteristics

DSI Timing Characteristics High Speed Mode

(VSS=VSSI=DVSS=0V, VDDI=1.65V to 3.6V, VDD=2.5V to 3.6V, Ta = -30 to 70 °C)

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Description
DSI-CLK+/-	2xUI _{INST}	Double UI instantaneous	4	-	8	ns	4 Lane (Note 2)
			3	-	8	ns	3 Lane (Note 2)
			2.352	-	8	ns	2 Lane (Note 3)
DSI-CLK+/-	UI _{INSTA} UI _{INSTB}	UI instantaneous halves (UI = UI _{INSTA} = UI _{INSTB})	2	-	4	ns	4 Lane (Note 2)
			1.5	-	4	ns	3 Lane (Note 2)
			1.176	-	4	ns	2 Lane (Note 3)
DSI-Dn+/-	t _{DS}	Data to clock setup time	0.15xUI	-	-	ps	
DSI-Dn+/-	t _{DH}	Data to clock hold time	0.15xUI	-	-	ps	
DSI-CLK+/-	t _{DRTCLK}	Differential rise time for clock	150	-	0.3xUI	ps	
DSI-Dn+/-	t _{DRTDATA}	Differential rise time for data	150	-	0.3xUI	ps	
DSI-CLK+/-	t _{DFTCLK}	Differential fall time for clock	150	-	0.3xUI	ps	
DSI-Dn+/-	t _{DFTDATA}	Differential fall time for data	150	-	0.3xUI	ps	

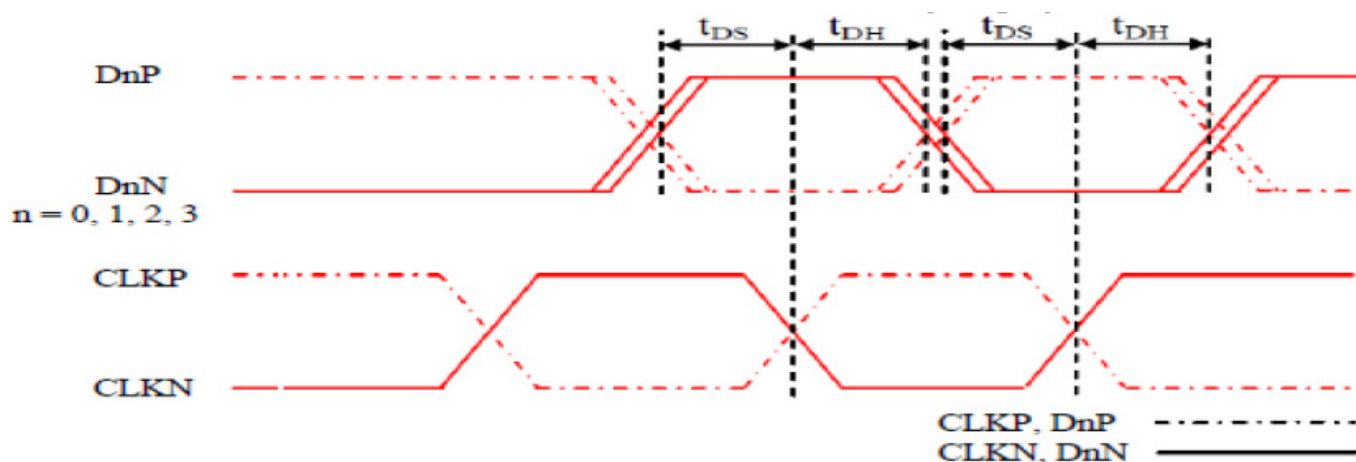


Figure 106: DSI Data to Clock Channel Timings

Table 40: DSI Data to Clock Channel Timings

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max
DnP/N , n=0 and 1	t _{DS}	Data to Clock Setup time	0.15xUI	-
	t _{DH}	Clock to Data Hold Time	0.15xUI	-

DSI clock channel timing

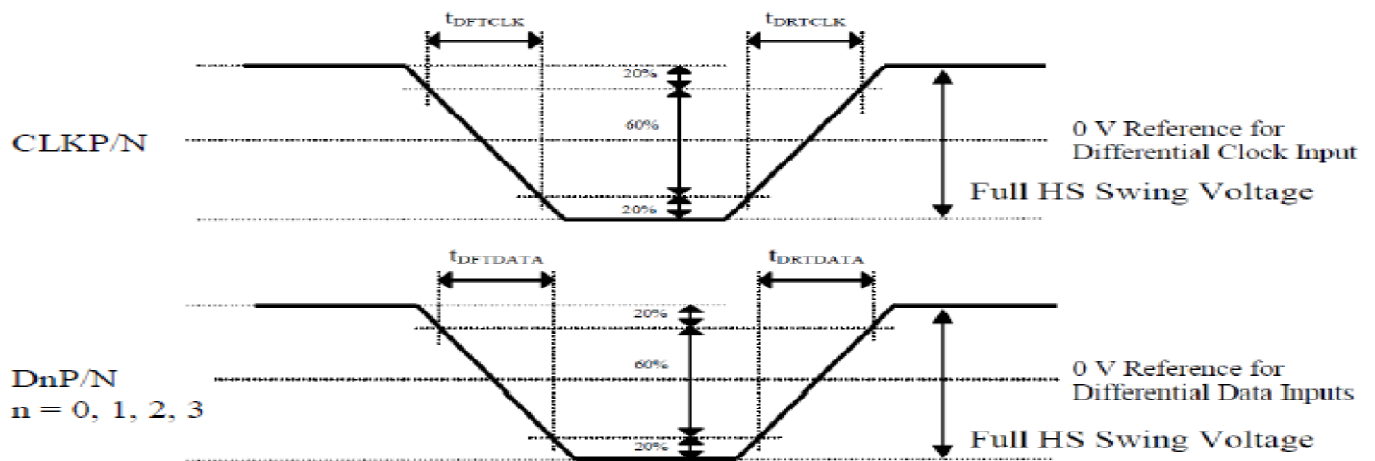


Figure 107: Rising and Falling Timings on Clock and Data Channels

Table 41: Rise and Fall Timings on Clock and Data Channels

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Specification		
			Min	Typ	Max
Differential Rise Time for Clock	t_{DRTCLK}	CLKP/N	150 ps	-	0.3UI (Note)
Differential Rise Time for Data	$t_{DRTDATA}$	DnP/N $n=0$ and 1	150 ps	-	0.3UI (Note)
Differential Fall Time for Clock	t_{DFTCLK}	CLKP/N	150 ps	-	0.3UI (Note)
Differential Fall Time for Data	$t_{DFTDATA}$	DnP/N $n=0$ and 1	150 ps	-	0.3UI (Note)

Note: The display module has to meet timing requirements, which are defined for the transmitter (MCU) on MIPI D-Phy standard.

Rising and fall time on clock and data channel

2.8 Timings for DSI Video mode

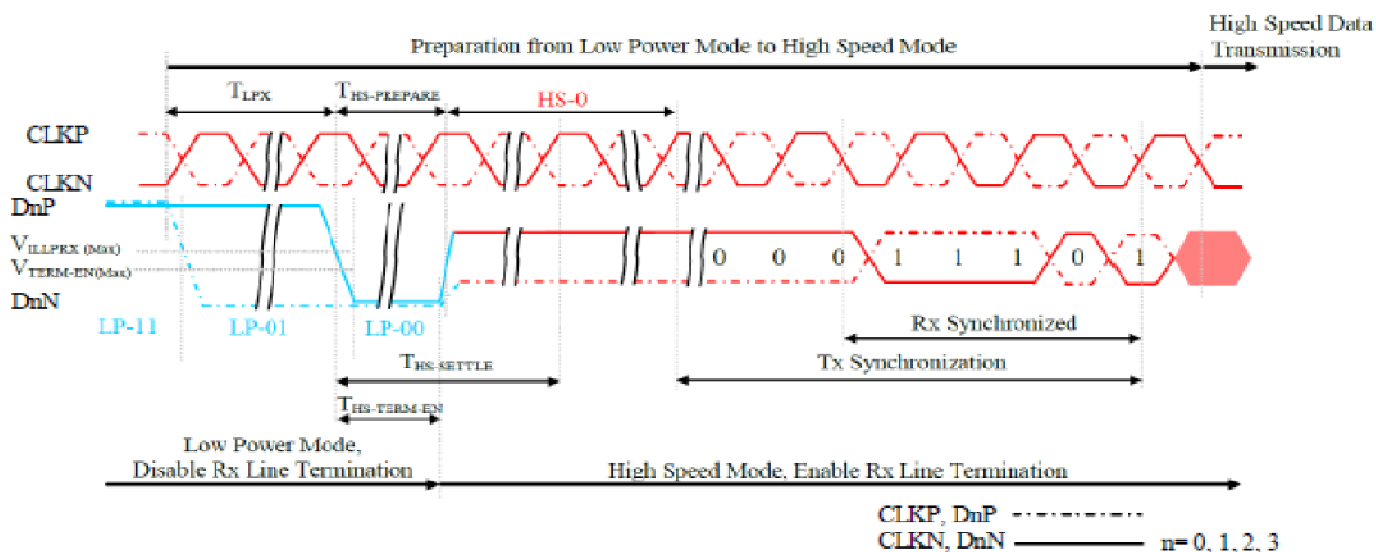


Figure 110: Data Lanes - Low Power Mode to High Speed Mode Timings

Table 44: Data Lanes - Low Power Mode to High Speed Mode Timings

Signal	Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
DnP/N, n = 0 and 1	T_{LPX}	Length of any Low Power State Period	50	-	ns
DnP/N, n = 0 and 1	$T_{HS-PREPARE}$	Time to drive LP-00 to prepare for HS Transmission	$40+4xUI$	$85+6xUI$	ns
DnP/N, n = 0 and 1	$T_{HS-TERM-EN}$	Time to enable Data Lane Receiver line termination measured from when Dn crosses V_{ILMAX}	-	$35+4xUI$	ns

Clock lanes-High Speed Mode to/from Low Power Mode Timing

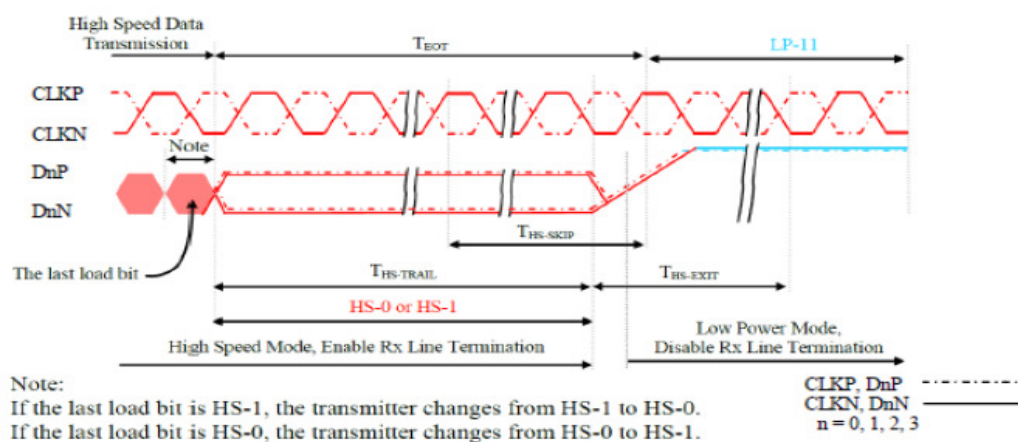
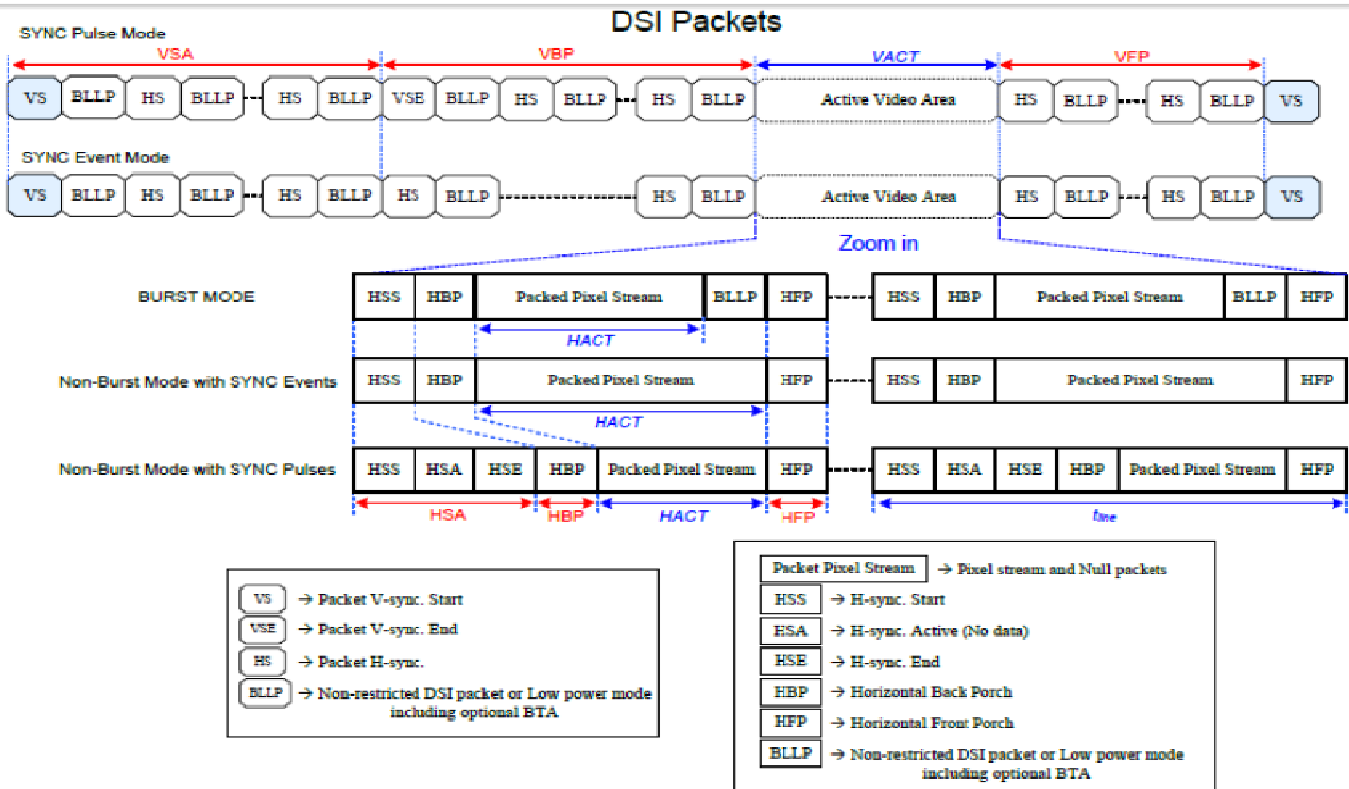


Figure 111: Data Lanes - High Speed Mode to Low Power Mode Timings

Table 45: Data Lanes - High Speed Mode to Low Power Mode Timings

Signal	Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
DnP/N, n = 0 and 1	$T_{HS-SKIP}$	Time-Out at Display Module (ILI9881C-04) to ignore transition period of EoT	40	$55+4xUI$	ns
DnP/N, n = 0 and 1	$T_{HS-EXIT}$	Time to driver LP-11 after HS burst	100	-	ns

2.9 Parallel RGB input timing table



1 UI=1/Bit rate

$HSA(\text{pixel}) = (tHSA \times \text{lane number}) / (UI \times \text{pixel format})$

$HBP(\text{pixel}) = (tHBP \times \text{lane number}) / (UI \times \text{pixel format})$

$HFP(\text{pixel}) = (tHFP \times \text{lane number}) / (UI \times \text{pixel format})$

$$\text{Frame Rate} = \frac{BR_{\text{bps}} \times \text{Lane}_{\text{num}}}{(VACT + VSA + VBP + VFP) \times (HACT + HSA + HBP + HFP) \times \text{Pixel Format}}$$

Example : $BR_{\text{bps}} = 457\text{Mbps/lane}$, $1UI = 2.1883\text{ns}$, $\text{Frame rate} = 60\text{Hz}$, $VACT = 1280$, $VSA = 2$, $VBP = 30$, $VFP = 20$, $HACT = 720$, $HSA = 33$, $HBP = 100$, $HFP = 100$, $\text{Lane}_{\text{num}} = 4(\text{lane})$, $\text{Pixel Format} = 24(\text{bit})$.

Note:

1. Lanenum: Data lane of MIPI-DSI.
2. Pixel Format: Please reference to "4.1DSI System Interface".
3. The formula exists slightly error because of the host-transmission way.
4. The best frame rate setting : 2 data lanes : 50~60 Hz / 3 data lanes : 50~70 Hz / 4 data lanes : 50~70 Hz.
5. Please reference to "Table 39: Limited Clock Channel Speed".
6. The minimum values of this table mean the limitation of IC without considering the panel GIP. The actual values of VSA, VBP and VFP will be changed by different panel GIP setting.

3. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 Characteristics

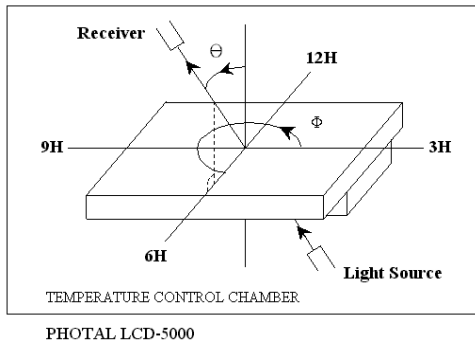
Electrical and Optical Characteristics

No.	Item			symbol / temp.		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
1	Response Time			Tr+Tf	$\theta=\Phi=0^{\circ}$	-	30	35	ms	2
2	Viewing Angle	Hor.	$Cr\geq 10$	θ_{2+}	$\Phi=0^{\circ}$	-	85	-	degree	3
		θ_{2-}		$\Phi=180^{\circ}$	-	85	-			
		θ_{1+}		$\Phi=270^{\circ}$	-	85	-			
		θ_{1-}		$\Phi=90^{\circ}$	-	85	-			
3	Contrast Ratio			Cr	25℃	-	700	-	-	4
4	Red x-code			Rx	25℃	0.577	0.627	0.677	-	5
	Red y-code			Ry		0.295	0.345	0.395		
	Green x-code			Gx		0.303	0.353	0.403		
	Green y-code			Gy		0.553	0.603	0.653		
	Blue x-code			Bx		0.093	0.143	0.193		
	Blue y-code			By		0.033	0.083	0.133		
	White x-code			Wx		0.240	0.290	0.340		
	White y-code			Wy		0.274	0.324	0.374		
	Brightness			Y		420	500	-	cd/m ²	
5	Brightness Uniformity				25℃	70	80	-	%	6

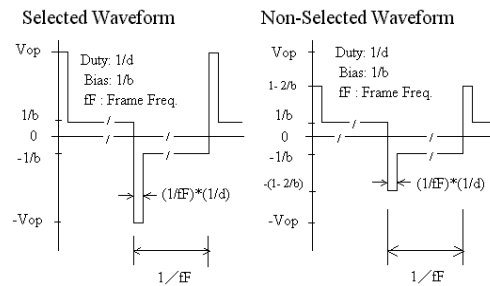
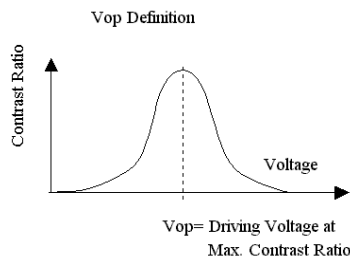
3.2 Definition of optical characteristics

Measurement condition :

Transmissive and Transflective type

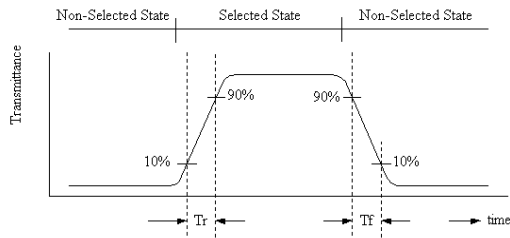


[Note 1] Definition of LCD Driving Vop and Waveform :

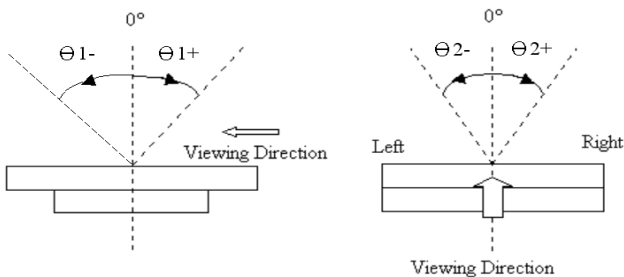


[Note 2] Definition of Response Time

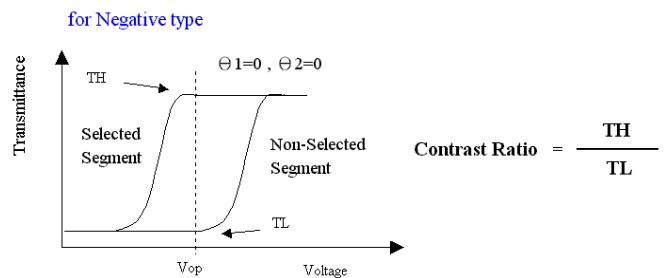
for Negative type :



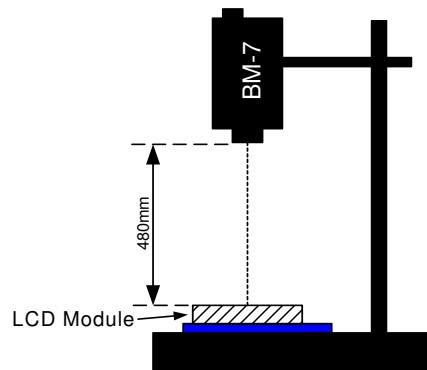
[Note 3] Definition of Viewing Angle :



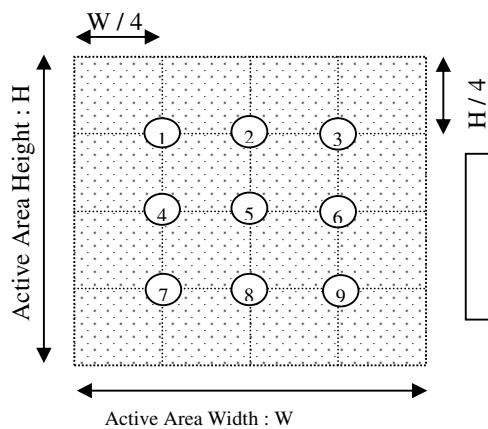
[Note 4] Definition of Contrast Ratio :



[Note 5] Definition of measurement of Color Chromaticity and Brightness

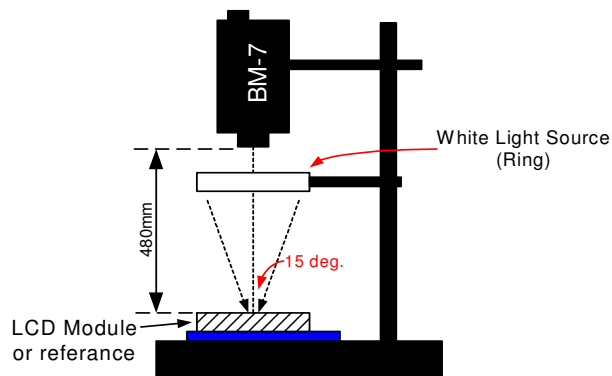


[Note 6] Definition of Brightness Uniformity

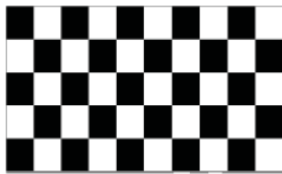



$$\text{Brightness Uniformity} = \frac{\text{Minimum Brightness of Point 1~9}}{\text{Maximum Brightness of Point 1~9}}$$

[Note 7] Definition of Measurement of Reflectance



4. RELIABILITY :

Item No	Items	Condition	Remark	
1	High temperature operating	70 °C , 96 hours	1	
2	Low temperature operating	-20 °C , 96 hours	1	
3	High temperature storage	80 °C , 96 hours	1	
4	Low temperature storage	-30 °C , 96 hours	1	
5	High temperature & humidity storage	60°C, 90%RH, 96hours	2	
6	Thermal Shock storage	-30°C, 30min.<=> 80°C, 30min. 10 Cycles	1	
7	Vibration test	10 => 55 =>10 => 55 => 10 Hz , within 1 minute Amplitude : 1.5mm. 15 minutes for each Direction (X,Y,Z)		
8	ESD test	150pF , 330Ω Contact:±4KV,Air:±8KV	1	Class C
		200pF, 0Ω, ±200V contact test	2	
9	Image Sticking Test	25 ± 2°C Operation with test pattern sustained for 1hrs, then change to 50% gray pattern immediately.after5mins,themura must be disappeared completely. <div><div></div><div></div></div> <div>(a) Test Pattern (chess board Pattern) (b) Gray Pattern</div>		

Note 1 : The product move into the room temperature for at least 2 hours with no condensation.

Note 2 : The product move into the room temperature for at least 24 hours with no condensation.

Note 3 : Please change the display picture (autorun) during operating mode. Avoid displaying static images to avoid image sticking , and the image sticking is accelerated by temperature.

* One single product test for only one item.

* Judgment after test : keep in room temperature for more than 2 hours.

- Current consumption < 2 times of initial value

- Function : work normally

5. PRODUCT HANDLING AND APPLICATION

☐ PRECAUTION FOR HANDLING LCM

- The LCD module contains a C-MOS LSI. People who operate the LCM should wear ESD protection equipment to prevent ESD hurt on products.
- Do not input any signal before power is turned on.
- Do not take LCM from its packaging bag until it is assembled.
- Peel off the LCM protective film slowly since static electricity may be generated.
- Pay attention to the humidity of the work shop, 50~60%RH is satisfactory.
- Use a non-leak iron for soldering LCM.
- Do not touch the display surface or connection terminals area with bare hands. Smudges on the display surface reduce the insulation between terminals.
- Cautions for soldering to LCM:
Condition for soldering I/O terminals:
Temperature at iron tip : $350^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$.
Soldering time : 3~4sec./ terminals.
Type of solder : Eutectic solder(rosin flux filled).

☐ PRECAUTION IN USE OF LCD

- Do not contact or scratch the front surface and the contact pads of a LCD panel with hard materials such as metal or glass or with one's nail.
- To clean the surface , wipe it gently with soft cloth dampened by alcohol.
- Do not attempt to wipe off the contact pads.
- Keep LCD panels away from direct sunlight , also avoid them in high-temperature & high humidity environment for a long period.
- Do not drive LCD panels by DC voltage.
- Do not expose LCD panels to organic solvent.
- Liquid in LCD is hazardous substance. In case a contact with liquid crystal material is occurred, be sure to immediately wash such material away by soap and water.
- The polarizer is easily damaged and should be handle with special care. Don't press or rub it with hard objects.

☐ PRECAUTION FOR STORING AND USE OF LCM

- To avoid degradation of the device , do not store the module under the conditions of direct sunlight , high temperature or high humidity . Keep the module in bags designed to prevent static electricity charging under low temperature / normal humidity conditions(avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperature below 0°C)
- Never use the LCD , LCM under 45 Hz , the liquid crystal will decomposition and cause permently damage on display !!

☐ USING ON MEDICAL CARE , SAFETY OR HAZARDOUS APPLICATION OR SYSTEM

- For the application in medical care, safety and hazardous products or systems, an authorization from URT is required. URT will not responsible for any damage or loss which caused by the products without any authorization given by URT.
- This product is not allowed to be designed and used for military application and/or purpose.
- The delivery of this product to the countries and/or regions where the embargoes are imposed by U.N. is prohibited.
- The application and delivery of this product must comply with Strategic High-Tech Commodities (SHTC) export control and the sales to the embargoed and/or sanctioned countries or regions are strictly prohibited.

6. DATE CODE OF PRODUCTS

- Date code will be shown on each product :

- **YY MM DD - XXXX**

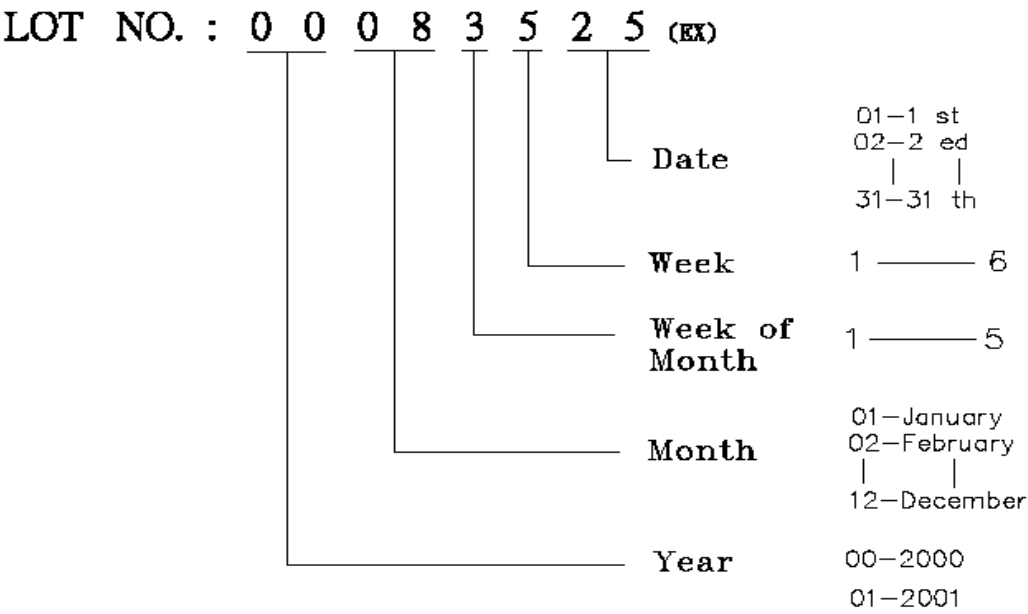
Year Month Day - Production lots

- Example: 121108 - 0003 ==> Year 2012, November,8th , Batch no.0003

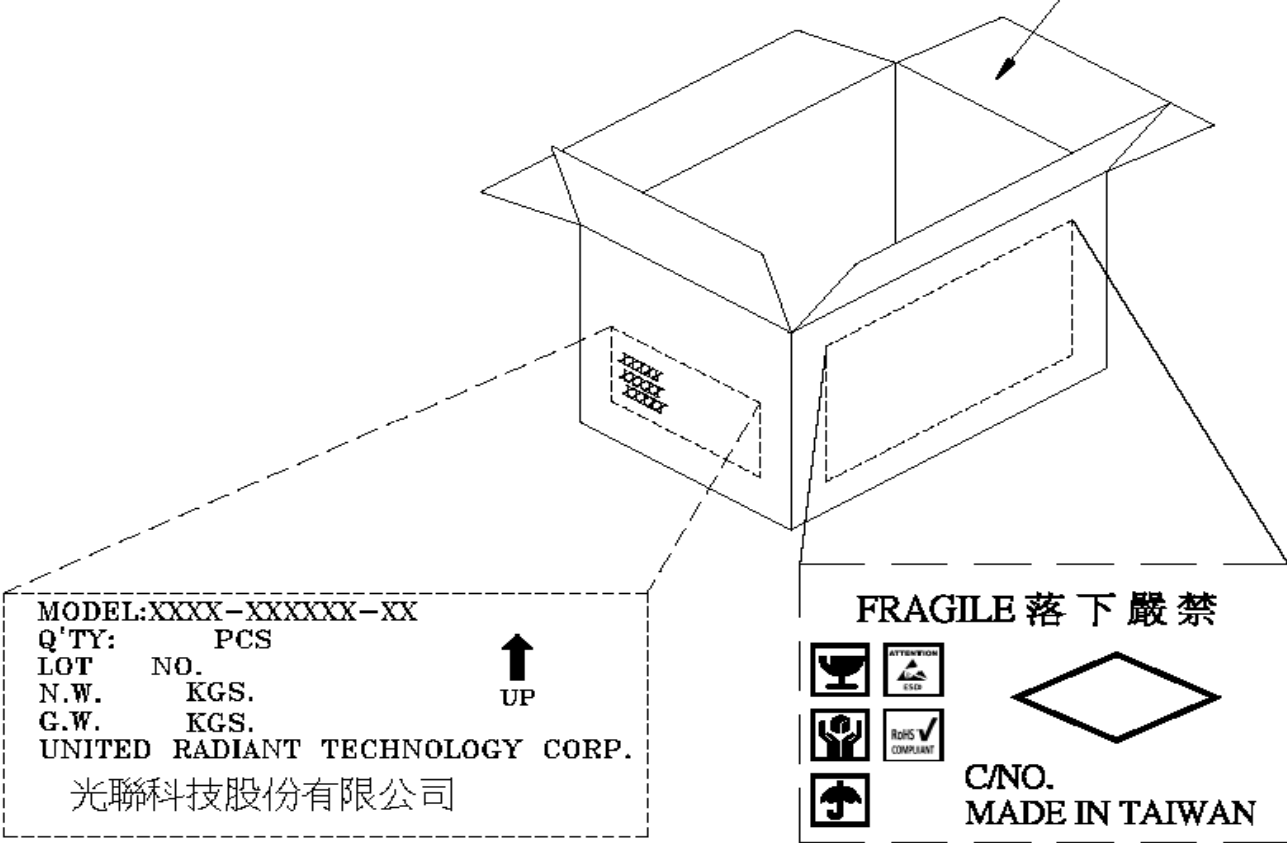
Note : The lot no. attached on the packing box will be used for tracking once the part is too small to print the date code.

7. LOT NO.

Instruction of lot number:



Carton Box



8. INSPECTION STANDARD

8.1 QUALITY :

THE QUALITY OF GOODS SUPPLIED TO PURCHASER SHALL COME UP TO THE FOLLOWING STANDARD.

8.1.1 THE METHOD OF PRESERVING GOODS

AFTER DELIVERY OF GOODS FROM U.R.T. TO PURCHASER. PURCHASER SHALL CONTROL THE LCM AT $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$,AND IT MIGHT BE DESIRABLE TO KEEP AT THE NORMAL ROOM TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY UNTIL INCOMING INSPECTION OR THROWING INTO PROCESS LINE.

8.1.2 INCOMING INSPECTION

(A) THE METHOD OF INSPECTION

IF PURCHASER MAKE AN INCOMING INSPECTION , A SAMPLING PLAN SHALL BE APPLIED ON THE CONDITION THAT QUALITY OF ONE DELIVERY SHALL BE REGARDED AS ONE LOT.

(B) THE STANDARD OF QUALITY

ISO-2859-1 (SAME AS MIL-STD-105E) , LEVEL II SINGLE PLAN.

CLASS	AQL(%)
MAJOR	0.65 %
MINOR	1.5 %

EVERY ITEM SHALL BE INSPECTED ACCORDING TO THE CLASS.

(C) MEASURE

IF AS THE RESULT OF ABOVE RECEIVING INSPECTION , A LOT OUT IS DISCOVERED.

PURCHASER SHALL BE INFORM SELLER OF IT WITHIN SEVEN DAYS. BUT FIRST SHIPMENT WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS.

8.1.3 WARRANTY POLICY

U.R.T. WILL PROVIDE ONE-YEAR WARRANTY FOR THE PRODUCTS ONLY IF UNDER SPECIFICATION OPERATING CONDITIONS. U.R.T. WILL REPLACE NEW PRODUCTS FOR THESE DEFECT PRODUCTS WHICH UNDER WARRANTY PERIOD AND BELONG TO THE RESPONSIBILITY OF U.R.T.

8.2 INSPECTION CONDITION IS AS FOLLOWS :

- (1) Viewing distance is approximately 35~40 cm
- (2) Viewing angle is normal to the LCD panel as Fig-1(30°)
- (3) Ambient temperature is approximately $25\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- (4) Ambient humidity is $60\pm 5\%\text{RH}$
- (5) Ambient illuminance is from 300~500 Lux
- (6) Input signal timing should be typical value
- (7) Mura & Light leakage inspection an ND-Filter 5%

8.3 Special condtion :

- (1) Viewing distance is close for inspection of adjacent dots and distance between defect dots.
- (2) Viewing condition of “ Shot block non-uniformity from oblique angle”is as Fig-2.
- (3) Exceptional case : Veiw angle $\pm 40^{\circ}$ while inspected image-sticking

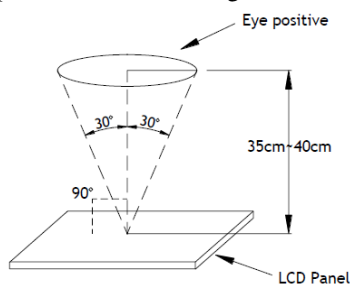


Fig-1

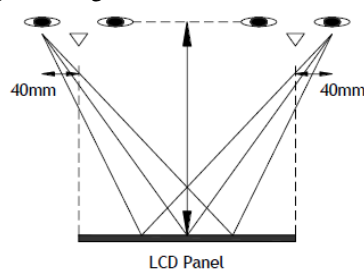



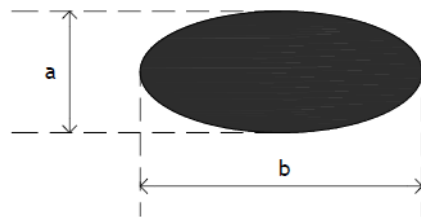
Fig-2

8.4 STANDARD OF VISUAL INSPECTION

Defecttype			Limit		Note	
	Scratch		$W \leq 0.05\text{mm}$	Ignore	Note1	
			$0.05\text{mm} \leq w \leq 0.1\text{mm}$ $L \leq 10\text{mm}$	$N \leq 3$		
			$10\text{mm} < l, 0.1\text{mm} < w$	$N=0$		
	Internal	Spot	$\Phi < 0.2\text{mm}$	Ignore	Note1	
			$0.2\text{mm} \leq \varphi \leq 0.4\text{mm}$	$N \leq 3$		
			$0.4 \leq \varphi$	$N=0$		
		Fiber	$0.1\text{mm} \leq W \leq 0.2\text{mm}$ $l \leq 2.5\text{mm}$	$N \leq 4$	Note1	
			$0.2\text{mm} < w, 2.5\text{mm} < l$	$N=0$		
		Polarizer bubble	$\varphi < 0.3\text{mm}$	Ignore	Note1	
			$0.25\text{mm} \leq \varphi \leq 0.5\text{mm}$	$N \leq 2$		
			$0.5\text{mm} < \varphi$	$N=0$		
		Dent	$\varphi < 0.25\text{mm}$	Ignore	Note1	
			$0.25\text{mm} \leq \varphi \leq 0.5\text{mm}$	$N \leq 4$		
			$0.5\text{mm} < \varphi$	$N=0$		
Electrical Defect	Bright dot		C area	O area	Total	Note2
			$N \leq 0$	$N \leq 2$	$N \leq 2$	
	Dark dot		$N \leq 2$	$N \leq 4$	$N \leq 4$	Note3
	Total dot		$N \leq 2$	$N \leq 4$	$N \leq 4$	
	2 Adjacent Bright Sub Pixel Defect		$N \leq 0$	$N \leq 0$	$N \leq 0$	Note4
	2 Adjacent Dark Sub Pixel Defect		$N \leq 1$	$N \leq 1$	$N \leq 1$	
	Three or more adjacent dot		Not allowed			
	Line defect		Not allowed			-
	Low brightness dot		$D > 2\text{mm}$	ND5%		
			$D \leq 2\text{mm}$	$N < 5$	ND5%	
				$N \geq 5$	NG	
						

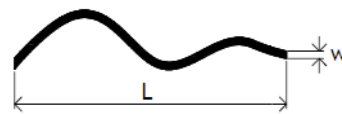
- (1) one pixel consists of 3 sub-pixels, including r, g, and b dot. (sub-pixel = dot)
 (2) panel is acceptable if distance between 2 dot defects are greater or equal to 5mm.

Note1 : W : Width[mm], L : Length[mm], N : Number, ϕ : Average Diameter



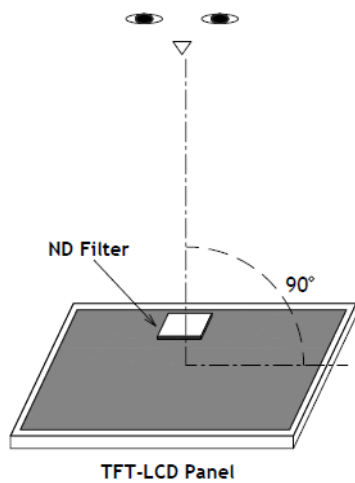
$$\phi = (a+b)/2$$

- 1.(White ,Black) Spot
- 2.Polarizer Bubble

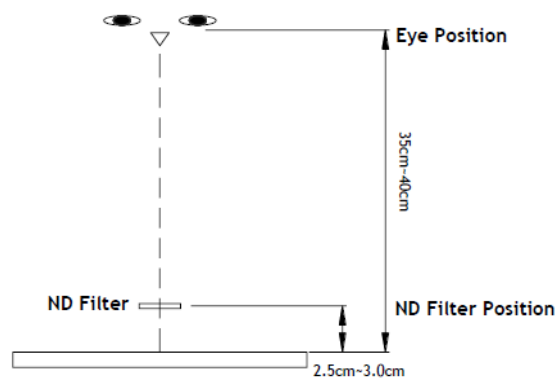


Scratch & Fiber

Note2 : Bright dot is defined as the defective area of the dot is larger than 50% of one sub-Pixel area.

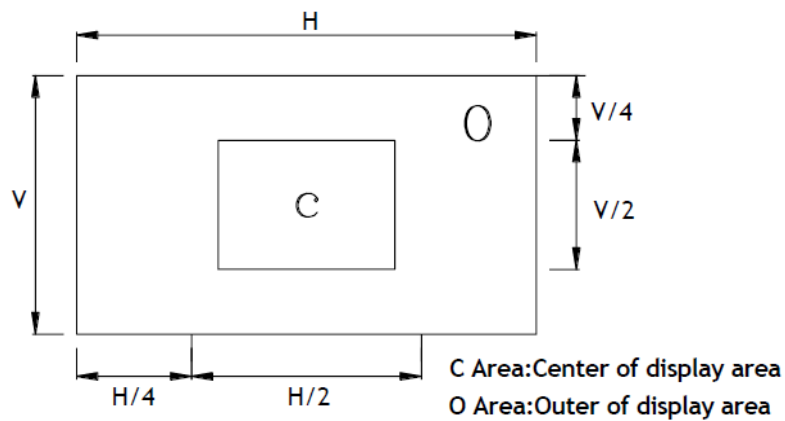


TFT-LCD Panel

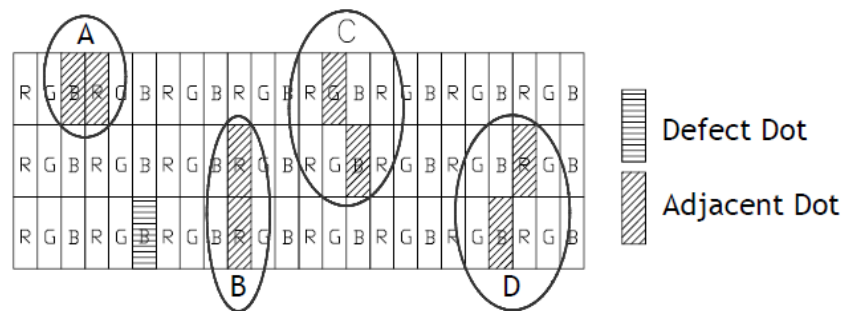


TFT-LCD Panel

Note3 :



Note4 : Judge defect dot and adjacent dot as following. Allow below (as A, B, C and D status) adjacent defect dots, including bright and dart adjacent dot. And they will be counted 2defect dots in total quantity.



Note5 : Other condition

(1) The defects that are not defined above and considered to be problem shall be reviewed and discussed by both parties.

(2) Defects on the Black Matrix, out of Display area, are not considered as a defect or counted.